SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 3/1/2022 (month/day/year)

Version 9.01

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Α.	Product name	÷	SIGMARINE 48 CNC-7012
	Product code	1	00298672

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Product use	:	Professional applications, Used by spraying.
	Use of the substance/ mixture	÷	Coating.
	Uses advised against	:	Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
C.	Supplier's or Importer's information Email Address	:	PPG SSC (680-090) 19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu, Ulsan, Korea Tel: +82-52-210-8222 Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM
	Emergency telephone number:	:	+82-52-210-8222

Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
	SPEČIFÍC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H350 - May cause cancer. H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS)) H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

	Precautionary statements	5	
	Prevention	:	 202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. P242 - Use non-sparking tools. P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	Response	:	P391 - Collect spillage. P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
	Storage	:	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
	Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
C.	Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	NAPHTHA(PETROLEUM),	CAS: 64742-82-1	30 -
heavy	HYDRODESULFURIZED HEAVY		<40
titanium dioxide	TITANIUM DIOXIDE	CAS: 13463-67-7	20 -
			<30
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	ZIRCONIUM 2-ETHYLHEXANOATE	CAS: 22464-99-9	1 - <5
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 100-41-4	0.1 - <1
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	KEROSINE (PETROLEUM),	CAS: 64742-81-0	0.1 - <1
	HYDRODESULFURIZED		
2-butanone oxime	METHYL ETHYL KETOXIME	CAS: 96-29-7	0.1 - <1
2-ethylhexanoic acid, cobalt salt	COBALT OCTOATE	CAS: 13586-82-8	0.1 - <1
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	2-ETHYL-HEXANOIC ACID;CALCIUM	CAS: 136-51-6	0.1 - <1
	SALT		
propylidynetrimethanol	TRIMETHYLOLPROPANE	CAS: 77-99-6	0.1 - <1
2-ethylhexanoic acid	2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID	CAS: 149-57-5	0.1 - <1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
В.	Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
C.	Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
D.	Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Ε.	Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
	Specific treatments	1	No specific treatment.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

	•		-
Α.	Extinguishing media		
	Suitable extinguishing media	1	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
В.	Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
	Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
C.	Special equipment for fire-fighting	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	Fire-fighting procedures	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

		and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth
Large spill	:	contractor. Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal
C. Methods and materials for	СС	ontainment and cleaning up
B. Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Section 7. Handling and storage

A. Precautions for safe : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure handling obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To

contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.

Section 7. Handling and storage

B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
 Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Manium dioxide	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: total dus
	with less than 1% of free SiO2
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
-	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon
	vapor) 8 hours.
2-ethylhexanoic acid, cobalt salt	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-ethylhexanoic acid	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction and vapor

			of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
В.	Appropriate engineering	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust

controls
 ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
 Environmental exposure controls
 Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process

equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

C.	Personal protective equip	me	nt
	Respiratory protection		Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
	Eye protection	4	Safety glasses with side shields.
	Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Gloves	:	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Recommended: nitrile rubber
	Body protection Hygiene measures		Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products,
	nygiene measures		Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Α.	Appearance		
	Physical state	:	Liquid.
	Color	:	White.
В.	Odor	:	Aromatic.
C .	Odor threshold	:	Not available.
D.	рН	:	Not applicable.
Е.	Melting/freezing point	1	Not available.
F.	Boiling point/boiling range	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)
G.	Flash point	1	Closed cup: 43°C (109.4°F)
H.	Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Ι.	Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
J.	Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy)

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

K. Vapor pressure	:		Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Va	Vapor pressure at 50°C	
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	3.7503075	0.5				
Solubility	:	Insoluble in the follow	ving mate	rials: co	ld water.			
Solubility in water	:	Not available.						
A. Vapor density	:	Not available.						
N. Relative density	:	1.17	.17					
D. Partition coefficient: n octanol/water	- :	Not applicable.	Not applicable.					
P. Auto-ignition	:	Ingredient name		°C	°F		Method	
temperature		Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy		280 to	470 536 to	o 878		
Q. Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.						
R. Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104	4°F)): >21	mm²/s	(>21 cSt)			
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.						
6. Molecular weight	:	Not applicable.						

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

		-	-
Α.	Chemical stability	1	The product is stable.
	Possibility of hazardous reactions	1	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
В.	Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
C.	Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
D.	Hazardous decomposition products	;	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

A. Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effect	<u>xts</u>
Inhalation :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Ingestion :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Skin contact :	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Eye contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>toms</u>

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Eye contact	: No specific data.

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.26 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitization	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized 2-butanone oxime	Category 3 Category 3 Category 1 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects upper respiratory tract Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 1		central nervous system (CNS)
2-butanone oxime	Category 2		blood system

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Potential chronic health effects

General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Additional information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Chemical name	Identifiers	GHS Classification
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	CAS: 64742-82-1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
,		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
		(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
titanium dioxide	CAS: 13463-67-7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	CAS: 22464-99-9	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
ethylbenzene	CAS: 100-41-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
,		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	CAS: 64742-81-0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
2-butanone oxime	CAS: 96-29-7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) - Category 1
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
		(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
2-ethylhexanoic acid, cobalt salt	CAS: 13586-82-8	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	CAS: 136-51-6	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
propylidynetrimethanol	CAS: 77-99-6	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
2-ethylhexanoic acid	CAS: 149-57-5	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4

Section 12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
2-ethylhexanoic acid,	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zirconium salt			
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
e thylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	adily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily	

C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	low
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	-	low
2-ethylhexanoic acid	2.7	-	low

D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (K_{oc})

E. <u>Other adverse effects</u> : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Α.	Disposal methods	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
в.	Disposal precautions	:	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
D. Packing group	III	III	=
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
E. Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy)	Not applicable.

Additional information

ΙΑΤΑ

UN	: None identified.		
IMDG	: The marine poll		

- : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.
- : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Α.	Regulation according to ISHA					
	ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)	: None of the components are listed.				
	ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission)	: None of the components are listed.				
	Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth	: It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of				

Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

The following components have an OEL:

19.

Section 15. Regulatory information

	ection 15. Regula	AU		
	tranium dioxide 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirco ethylbenzene Kerosine (petroleum), hyd 2-ethylhexanoic acid, coba 2-ethylhexanoic acid	Iroc	lesulfurized	
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)	:	The following components are listed: cobalt and its inorganic compounds	
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)	:	The following components are listed: titanium dioxide, zirconium and its compounds	
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check- up)	:	The following components are listed: Zirconium and its compounds	
	Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)	:	The following components are listed: titanium dioxide, zirconium and its compounds	
В.	3. <u>Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act</u>			
	CCA Article 11 (TRI)	:	The following components are listed: Ethylbenzene, Cobalt and its compounds	
	Article 18 Prohibited (K- Reach Article 27)	:	None of the components are listed.	
	Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25)	-	None of the components are listed.	
	Article 20 Restricted (K- Reach Article 27)	1	None of the components are listed.	
	Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20)	:	Not applicable	
	Korea inventory	1	All components are listed or exempted.	
	CCA Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)	:	None of the components are listed.	
C.	Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act	:	Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited	
D.	Wastes regulation	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Ε.	Regulation according to other foreign laws			

E. <u>Regulation according to other foreign laws</u>

Date of issue 3/1/2022 (month/day/year)

Product name SIGMARINE 48 CNC-7012

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

Α.	References	:	Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act NIER Notice Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.
В.	Date of issue/Date of revision	:	3/1/2022
С.	Version	:	9.01
	Prepared by	:	EHS
р	Other		

D. Other

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.