# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue/Date of revision 1 March 2022 Version 9

# Section 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product code	:	00322205
Product name	1	SIGMADUR ONE YELLOW 3138
Other means of identification	:	Not available.
Product type	÷	Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Product use	<ul> <li>Coating.</li> <li>Professional applications, Used by spraying.</li> </ul>		
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.		
Supplier's details	: PPG Coatings (Thailand) Co., Ltd. 15 Rama 9 Road, Kwaeng Huamark, Khet Bangkapi, Bangkok 10240 Thailand T: 662-319-4190 #224 F: 662-319-4189		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC 001-800-13-203-9987 (CCN 17704)		

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: 🕅 AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the
	aquatic environment: 48.9%

### **GHS label elements**

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	▶ Panger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Mammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>May cause cancer.</li> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))</li> <li>Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	Detain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep awa from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use no sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allow out of the workplace.
Response	F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: G medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If e irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers		
CAS number	:	Not applicable.

Thailand Page: 2/14

Version 9

Product name SIGMADUR ONE YELLOW 3138

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	20- <25	64742-48-9
barium sulfate	10- <20	7727-43-7
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5- <10	64742-88-7
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	1- <3	14807-96-6
2-ethylhexanoic acid	1- <3	149-57-5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	1- <3	64742-94-5
1-methoxy-2-propanol	1- <3	107-98-2
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	0.3 - <1	22464-99-9
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	0.1- <0.3	136-51-6
2-butanone oxime	0.1- <0.3	96-29-7
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	0.1- <0.3	136-52-7
nonane	0.1- <0.3	111-84-2

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

# Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect	<u>S</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing	

# Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation
	redness
	dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
ndication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
·	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for cor	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for

# Section 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in handling which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Product code 00322205 Product name SIGMADUR ONE YELLOW 3138

# Section 7. Handling and storage

	Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
parium sulfate	Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	dust
	TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust
Column transition (noticilation) modium aligh	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	ACGIH TLV (United States).
Tala not containing achastiform fibros	TWA: 400 ppm Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017).
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	TWA: 0.1 fibres/1 cc 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable dust
	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	dust
2-ethylhexanoic acid	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
, ,	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction and vapor
1-methoxy-2-propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
	STEL: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 184 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 8 hours.
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). Skin
	sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
nonane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

				TWA: 1050 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures	:	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.		
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.		
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection measure	S			
Hygiene measures	:	eating, smoking and using the lavatory Appropriate techniques should be use Contaminated work clothing should no	ry a ed ot . I	to remove potentially contaminated clothing. be allowed out of the workplace. Wash Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
Eye protection	:	Chemical splash goggles.		
Skin protection				
Hand protection	:	be worn at all times when handling che this is necessary. Considering the par check during use that the gloves are s should be noted that the time to break	ner ara sti kth ure	rs. In the case of mixtures, consisting of
Gloves		butyl rubber		
Body protection	:	being performed and the risks involve	ed he or	
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any addition selected based on the task being perfe approved by a specialist before handli	for	med and the risks involved and should be

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the<br/>hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If<br/>workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use<br/>appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed<br/>respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is<br/>necessary.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

l invite
Liquid.
Yellow.
Aromatic.
Not available.
insoluble in water.
May start to solidify at the following temperature: -49°C (-56.2°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph Weighted average: -61.88°C (-79.4°F)
>37.78°C (>100°F)
Closed cup: 41°C (105.8°F)
Ø.814 (1-methoxy-2-propanol) compared with butyl acetate
liquid
Greatest known range: Lower: 1.48% Upper: 13.74% (1-methoxy-2-propanol)
Ħ́ighest known value: 1.1 kPa (8.5 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (1-methoxy-2-propanol). Weighted average: 0.27 kPa (2.03 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Highest known value: 5 (Air = 1) (2-ethylhexanoic acid). Weighted average: 4.09 (Air = 1)
: 1.1
Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Not applicable.
: ✔owest known value: >220°C (>428°F) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.).
Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
: Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Product code 00322205

Product name SIGMADUR ONE YELLOW 3138

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3000 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.26 g/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
2	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3129 mg/kg	-
nonane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3200 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16790 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours

### Information on toxicological effects

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitization	
Conclusion/Summary	

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Teratogenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-butanone oxime	Category 1	-	upper respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
nonane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	•••	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
2-butanone oxime	Category 2	-	blood system

### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
nonane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Information on the likely Not available routes of exposure

ery	 Not available

### Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. : May cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic Skin contact skin reaction.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

# Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Short term exposure Potential immediate : Not available. effects : Not available. Long term exposure : Not available. Potential immediate : Not available. effects : Not available. Potential delayed effects : Not available. effects : Not available. Potential delayed effects : Not available. effects : Not available. Potential delayed effects : Not available. Potential delayed effects : Not available. Potential delayed effects : Not available. Potential chronic health effects : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged

General	or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: $M$ ay cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	61379.31 mg/kg 7497.28 mg/kg

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Fish	48 hours 96 hours
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-ethylhexanoic acid	2.7	-	low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	2.8 to 6.5	-	high
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	low
nonane	5.65	-	high

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available.

Other adverse effects

coefficient (Koc)

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.<br/>Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply<br/>with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation<br/>and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-<br/>recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be<br/>disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of<br/>all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or<br/>landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and<br/>its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when

Thailand Page: 12/14

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III		III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

### **Additional information**

- UN : None identified.
- IMDG : None identified.
- ΙΑΤΑ : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

### **Harmful Chemicals List** Safety, health and environmental regulations

- : Listed
- specific for the product
- : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

### International regulations

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Version 9

Product name SIGMADUR ONE YELLOW 3138

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

# Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1 March 2022
Date of previous issue	: 4/22/2021
Version	: 9
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail</li> <li>UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.