# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue 3/2/2022 (month/day/year)

Version 3

# Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name : SIGMARINE 49 RAL 1004

Product code : 00419649

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

**Use of the substance/** 

mixture

: Coating.

**Uses advised against**: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

C. Supplier's or Importer's

information

**Email Address** 

: PPG SSC (680-090)

19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu,

Ulsan, Korea

Tel: +82-52-210-8222 Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM

**Emergency telephone** 

number:

: +82-52-210-8222

# Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

**RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1** 

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol









Signal word : Danger

Korea (GHS) Page: 1/15

**Product name SIGMARINE 49 RAL 1004** 

### Section 2. Hazards identification

#### **Hazard statements**

: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H350 - May cause cancer.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

#### **Prevention**

: P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P284 - Wear respiratory protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.

P242 - Use non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P260 - Do not breathe vapor.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

#### Response

: P391 - Collect spillage.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

#### **Storage**

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

#### **Disposal**

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

not result in classification

**C.** Other hazards which do : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Korea (GHS) Page: 2/15

**Product name SIGMARINE 49 RAL 1004** 

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

**CAS** number : Not applicable.

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy phthalic anhydride nonane iron hydroxide oxide yellow titanium dioxide 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	NAPHTHA(PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED HEAVY PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE NONANE IRON HYDROXIDE OXIDE TITANIUM DIOXIDE 1,2,4-TRIMETHYL BENZENE	CAS: 64742-82-1  CAS: 85-44-9  CAS: 111-84-2  CAS: 51274-00-1  CAS: 13463-67-7  CAS: 95-63-6	40 - <50 5 - <10 1 - <5 1 - <5 1 - <5
2-butanone oxime 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) cumene ethylbenzene	METHYL ETHYL KETOXIME ZIRCONIUM 2-ETHYLHEXANOATE COBALT OCTOATE CUMENE ETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 96-29-7 CAS: 22464-99-9 CAS: 136-52-7 CAS: 98-82-8 CAS: 100-41-4	0.1 - <1 0.1 - <1 0.1 - <1 0.1 - <1 0.1 - <1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

A. Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
B. Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
C. Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

is trained personnel.

D. Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

E. Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

> : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

**Protection of first-aiders** 

Korea (GHS) Page: 3/15 Date of issue 3/2/2022 (month/day/year) Version 3

**Product name SIGMARINE 49 RAL 1004** 

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### A. Extinguishing media

Product code 00419649

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

C. Special equipment for fire-fighting

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Fire-fighting procedures :

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**B. Environmental** precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for

> Korea (GHS) Page: 4/15

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

# A. Precautions for safe handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.

- B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
phthalic anhydride	Ministry of Employment and Labor
•	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
nonane	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
ron hydroxide oxide yellow	Ministry of Employment and Labor
,	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Fe) 8 hours. Form:
	Fume
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Fe) 8 hours.
itanium dioxide	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).

Korea (GHS) Page: 5/15

Date of issue 3/2/2022 (month/day/year)

Product code 00419649

**Product name SIGMARINE 49 RAL 1004** 

Version 3

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt

cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)

cumene

ethylbenzene

TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: total dust with less than 1% of free SiO2

Ministry of Employment and Labor

(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).

STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours. Ministry of Employment and Labor

(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). TWA: 0.02 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). Absorbed

through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).

STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

#### Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

# controls

B. Appropriate engineering: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Environmental** exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### C. Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

: Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an airfed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

### **Eye protection Hand protection**

: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

> Korea (GHS) Page: 6/15

**Product name SIGMARINE 49 RAL 1004** 

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Gloves : butyl rubber

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist

being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static

discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

A. Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Yellow.

B. Odor : Aromatic. [Strong]

C. Odor threshold : Not available.
D. pH : Not applicable.
E. Melting/freezing point : Not available.

F. Boiling point/boiling

**Hygiene measures** 

range

: >37.78°C (>100°F)

G. Flash point : Closed cup: 36°C (96.8°F)

H. Evaporation rate : Not available.I. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

J. Lower and upper explosive (flammable)

limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Naphtha (petroleum),

hydrodesulfurized heavy)

K. Vapor pressure : Vapor Pressure at 20°C Vapor

	vapoi	vapor Pressure at 20 C		vapor pressure at 50 C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	3.7503075	0.5				

L. Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Solubility in water : Not available.

M. Vapor density : Not available.

N. Relative density : 0.94

O. Partition coefficient: n-

temperature

: Not applicable.

octanol/water

P. Auto-ignition : Ingredient name °C °F

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
(2-methoxy-4-nitrophenyl)azo]-N- (2-methoxyphenyl)-3-oxobutyramide	180	356	VDI 2263

Korea (GHS) Page: 7/15

**Product name SIGMARINE 49 RAL 1004** 

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Q. Decomposition temperature

: Not available.

R. Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

S. Molecular weight : Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

A. Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Todottotto

B. Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

**C.** Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

D. Hazardous : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following

decomposition products materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

A. Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause

drowsiness or dizziness. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing

difficulties if inhaled.

**Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur

Korea (GHS) Page: 8/15

**Product name SIGMARINE 49 RAL 1004** 

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

### **B.** Health hazards

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
heavy				
phthalic anhydride	LD50 Oral	Rat	1530 mg/kg	-
nonane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3200 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16790 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
iron hydroxide oxide yellow	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5.05 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	_
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	_
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	3129 mg/kg	-
cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
_	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity** 

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Korea (GHS) Page: 9/15

**Product name SIGMARINE 49 RAL 1004** 

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy phthalic anhydride	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
nonane	Category 3	_	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-butanone oxime	Category 1	-	upper respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
2-butanone oxime	Category 2	-	blood system

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Potential chronic health effects

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity**: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Additional information**

Korea (GHS) Page: 10/15

Product code 00419649	Date of issue 3/2/2022 (month/day/year)	Version 3
-----------------------	---	-----------

**Product name SIGMARINE 49 RAL 1004** 

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Chemical name	Identifiers	GHS Classification
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	CAS: 64742-82-1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
heavy		
phthalic anhydride	CAS: 85-44-9	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
nonane	CAS: 111-84-2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
iron hydroxide oxide yellow	CAS: 51274-00-1	Not classified.
titanium dioxide	CAS: 13463-67-7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	CAS: 95-63-6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) -
		Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
2-butanone oxime	CAS: 96-29-7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	CAS: 22464-99-9	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	CAS: 136-52-7	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

Korea (GHS) Page: 11/15

Product code 00419649 Date of issue 3/2/2022 (month/day/year) Version Product name SIGMARINE 49 RAL 1004		
Section 11. Toxic	ological information	า
cumene ethylbenzene	CAS: 98-82-8 CAS: 100-41-4	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### A. **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
iron hydroxide oxide yellow titanium dioxide 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100000 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish	96 hours 48 hours 96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours

### B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	adily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
<b>e</b> thylbenzene	-		-		Readily	

#### C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
<mark>p</mark> hthalic anhydride	1.6	-	low
nonane	5.65	-	high
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	low
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	low
cumene	3.55	35.48	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low

#### D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

**E.** Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Korea (GHS) Page: 12/15

Date of issue 3/2/2022 (month/day/year) Version 3

**Product name SIGMARINE 49 RAL 1004** 

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### A. Disposal methods

Product code 00419649

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

#### **B.** Disposal precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	UN	IMDG	IATA
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
D. Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
E. Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy, nonane)	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN : None identified.

**IMDG**: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

# F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

Korea (GHS) Page: 13/15

**Product name SIGMARINE 49 RAL 1004** 

# **Section 15. Regulatory information**

#### A. Regulation according to ISHA

**ISHA** article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)

: None of the components are listed.

**ISHA** article 118 (Harmful substances : None of the components are listed.

requiring permission)

**Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous** 

: It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19.

to Youth

#### **Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors**

The following components have an OEL:

phthalic anhydride

nonane

iron hydroxide oxide yellow

titanium dioxide

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt

cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)

cumene ethylbenzene

ISHA Enforcement Regs : The following components are listed: cobalt and its inorganic compounds

**Annex 19 (Exposure** standards established for harmful factors)

**ISHA Enforcement Regs** 

**Annex 21 (Harmful** factors subject to Work : The following components are listed: phthalic anhydride, iron oxide, titanium dioxide

**Environment Measurement)** 

**Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check**up)

ISHA Enforcement Regs : The following components are listed: Phthalic anhydride, Iron oxide (dust, fume)

**Standard of Industrial** Safety and Health **Annex 12 (Hazardous** substances subject to control)

: The following components are listed: phthalic anhydride, iron and its compounds, titanium dioxide

#### B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

**CCA Article 11 (TRI)** : The following components are listed: Cobalt and its compounds, Ethylbenzene

Article 18 Prohibited (K-**Reach Article 27)** 

: None of the components are listed.

**Article 19 Subject to** authorization (K-Reach : None of the components are listed.

Article 25)

Page: 14/15 Korea (GHS)

**Product name SIGMARINE 49 RAL 1004** 

### Section 15. Regulatory information

**Reach Article 27)** 

Article 20 Restricted (K- : None of the components are listed.

**Article 20 Toxic** 

Chemicals (K-Reach

: Not applicable

Article 20)

: All components are listed or exempted. **Korea inventory CCA Article 39** : None of the components are listed.

(Accident Precaution

C. Dangerous Materials

Chemicals)

: Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid

Safety Management Act

Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid

Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III

Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited

D. Wastes regulation : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

E. Regulation according to other foreign laws

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product

(including its ingredients).

### **Section 16. Other information**

A. References : Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act

Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information

Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.

B. Date of issue/Date of

revision

3/2/2022

C. Version : 3 : EHS **Prepared by** 

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or quarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

Korea (GHS) Page: 15/15