# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Date of issue : 2 March 2022 Version : 4.01



## Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 40048-TBASZ/15.8L
Product name	: SIGMARINE 48 CLEAR TINT BASE
Product type	: Liquid.
Recommended use and res	<u>strictions</u>
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier's details	: PPG INDUSTRIES NEW ZEALAND LTD 5 MONAHAN ROAD, MT WELLINGTON, AUCKLAND www.ppgnz.co.nz Telephone Numbers:
	09 573 1620, 0800 659378 021 940 920 (24 Hours)
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: New Zealand 0800 000 096 (24 hours) / Australia 1800 883 254 (24 hours) For international shipping emergencies: 1-412-391-1618
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: ehsnz@ppg.com

## Section 2. Hazards identification

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour.
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	1	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Notice 2017 and has been classified according to the Hazardous Substances (Classifications) Notice 2017.

This material is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture CAS number/other identifiers	1	Mixture
Product code	:	40048-TBASZ/15.8L
Hazardous ingredients		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodes	sul	furized heavy

CAS number
64742-82-1 22464-99-9
1330-20-7
136-52-7 96-29-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment or have an OEL and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

<b>Description of necessary</b>	<u>y first aid measures</u>	
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding th eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.	е
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breat irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxyger trained personnel.</li> </ul>	
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.	and
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or lak Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>	bel.
Most important sympton	ns/effects, acute and delayed	
Potential acute health e	effects	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
	New Zealand Pa	ge: 2/12

#### Section 4. First aid measures Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Ingestion : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Over-exposure signs/symptoms Eyes : No specific data. Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations Skin : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary **Specific treatments** : Not available. : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large Notes to physician guantities have been ingested or inhaled. **Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Not suitable	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

Special precautions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and material for co	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in handling which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconiu xylene cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	ım salt	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 15 minutes. WES-TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 8 hours. NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures	atmosphere or biologic of the ventilation or oth protective equipment. standards. Reference	ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace al monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness er control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring to national guidance documents for methods for the lous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other eng contaminants below an also need to keep gas,	ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust neering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne y recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive roof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilat they comply with the re cases, fume scrubbers	ion or work process equipment should be checked to ensure quirements of environmental protection legislation. In some filters or engineering modifications to the process ssary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measur	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and us Appropriate techniques Contaminated work clo	and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before ing the lavatory and at the end of the working period. should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. thing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety e workstation location.
Respiratory protection	hazards of the product workers are exposed to appropriate, certified re	ist be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use spirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed th an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is
		New Zealand Page: 5/12

New Zealand Page: 5/12

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Eye protection	: Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

: Liquid.
: Clear.
: Characteristic.
: Not available.
: Not applicable.
: Not available.
: >37.78°C (>100°F)
: Closed cup: 38.5°C (101.3°F)
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: 0.94
: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
: Not applicable.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials strong acids strong alkalis

New Zealand Page: 6/12

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following	
products	materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides	
Hazardous polymerisation	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.	

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely ro	outes of exposure
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> </ul>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the	ne physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	LD50 Oral	Rat	3129 mg/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Irritation/Corrosion

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritar	nt Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data a	available on the r	nixture itself.		
Eyes	: There are no data a	available on the r	nixture itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data a	available on the r	nixture itself.		
<u>Sensitisation</u>					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data a	available on the r	nixture itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data a	available on the r	nixture itself.		
Potential chronic health ef	fects				
General	: May cause damage or repeated contact dermatitis. Once se subsequently expos	can defat the sk ensitized, a seve	in and lead to i e allergic react	rritation, cracking	g and/or
Skin contact	: Once sensitized, a to very low levels.	severe allergic re	action may occ	cur when subseq	uently exposed
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causi exposure.	ng cancer. Risk	of cancer depe	ends on duration	and level of
Mutagenicity	: No known significar	nt effects or critic	al hazards.		
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of dama	ging the unborn	child.		
Developmental effects	: No known significar	nt effects or critic	al hazards.		
Fertility effects	: May damage fertility	y.			
Chronic toxicity					
Not available.					
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data a	available on the r	nixture itself.		
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data a	available on the r	nixture itself.		
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data a	available on the r	nixture itself		
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data a	available on the r	nixture itself		
Specific target organ toxic					
	<u></u>		i		
Name		Categor	/ Rout	e of Ta	rget organs

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2 Category 2	-	-

### Aspiration hazard

Name

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy

New Zealand Page: 8/12

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	46124.3 mg/kg
Dermal	76051.55 mg/kg

#### Other information

**Ecotoxicity** 

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

### Section 12. Ecological information

: This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12		low
2-butanone oxime	0.63		low

Mobility in soil

coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) Other adverse effects

Soil/water partition : Not available.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned
------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

New Zealand Page: 9/12

Product code 40048-TBASZ/15.8L

#### Product name SIGMARINE 48 CLEAR TINT BASE

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

#### Not suitable:

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### 14. Transport information

	NZ	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	
	RANNARE E			
Packing group	III	III	III	
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	
Marine pollutant substances	(Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy)	(Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy)	Not applicable.	

#### Additional information

NZ Hazchem code	<ul> <li>The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.</li> <li>•3Y</li> </ul>			
IMDG IATA	<ul> <li>The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</li> <li>The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.</li> </ul>			
Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are				

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

_				
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	:	All components are listed or exempted.		
HSNO Approval Number	:	HSR002669 Flammable, Toxic [6.7]		
Emergency Management Regulations	:	Level 1: Labelling required when 1L is present in a workplace.		
		Level 2: MSDS required when any amount is present in a workplace. At least 2 x 4.5 kg powder fire extinguishers required when 500L is present in a workplace.		
		Level 3: Emergency Response Plans and Secondary Containment required when 1000L is stored.		
		Flammable Signage required when 1000L is present in a workplace.		
Classes 1 to 5 Control Regulations	:	Hazardous Atmosphere Zones required for quantities greater than: 100L (closed), 25L (decanting), 5L (open occasionally), 1L (open continuously). Hazardous Substances Location Certificate required for quantities greater than: 1500L (containers up to 5L), 500L (containers >5L), 250L (open containers).		
Approved Handler	:	Not applicable.		
International regulations				
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals				
Not listed.				
Montreal Protocol				
Not listed.				
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants				
Not listed.				
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)				
Not listed.				
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.				

## Section 16. Other information

Date of issue	: 2 March 2022			
igsim Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.				
Key to abbreviations	: STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit TWA = Time-Weighted Average WES = Work Exposure Standard			
References	: Not available.			
Organisation that prepared the SDS	: EHS			
<u>Disclaimer</u>				

Product code 40048-TBASZ/15.8L

### Product name SIGMARINE 48 CLEAR TINT BASE

### Section 16. Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.