# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

SIGMAGLIDE 890 BASE



Date of issue 3 March 2022

Version 14

## 1. Product and company identification

Product name	: SIGMAGLIDE 890 BASE
Product code	: 00253089
Product type	: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd. 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Tel : +81 78 574 2777 Fax : +81 78 576 0035	
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777	

## 2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 3 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 3</li> </ul>
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory system)</li> <li>Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (nervous system, respiratory system)</li> <li>Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>

**CAS** number

14464-46-1

Version 14

### 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

ards which d result in classification

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture

: Mixture

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number CSCL number	: Not applicable. : Not available.	
Ingredient name		%
✔ rystalline silica Xylene Diiron trioxide ethyl benzene	1 3 2 0	0 - <12.5 3 - <5 2 - <3 0.5 - <1

7= J			
Xylene	3 - <5	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
Diiron trioxide	2 - <3	1309-37-1	1-357; 5-5188
ethyl benzene	0.5 - <1	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine	0.5 - <1	911674-82-3	Not available.
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	0.2 - <0.5	556-67-2	7-475

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## 4. First aid measures

Description of necessa	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

**CSCL** 

1-548

## 4. First aid measures

Potential acute health effe		
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with s Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.	kin.
Ingestion	May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.	
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>IS</u>	
Eye contact	No specific data.	
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	large
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable train is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appro- mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the p providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated of thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	opriate erson

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.

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## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and

oniai opii	explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and	
Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non- sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty

#### 7. Handling and storage

containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
✔rystalline silica	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020).
Xylene	OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Respirable dust <b>ISHL (Japan, 6/2020).</b> TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020).
	OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours. OEL-M: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Diiron trioxide	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). OEL-M: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust (Class 2 Dust) OEL-M: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust (Class 2 Dust)
ethyl benzene	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). OEL-M: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours. ISHL (Japan, 6/2020). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
procedures atmosphere of of the ventilat	t contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness tion or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory uipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring

	standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use

# Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection mea	<u>sures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	: Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® Not recommended: nitrile rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Brownish-red.
Odor	: Aromatic.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 56°C (132.8°F)
Relative density	: 1.14
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 430°C (806°F)
Viscosity	:60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

## **11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>X</b> ylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Diiron trioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
ethyl benzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Reaction products of	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.08 mg/l	4 hours
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic				
acid and octadecanoic acid				
and				
1,3-phenylenedimethanamine				
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	36 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>4800 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

## **11. Toxicological information**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
₩ylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory system
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Diiron trioxide	Category 1	-	respiratory system
ethyl benzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Crystalline silica Xylene	Category 1 Category 1	-	respiratory system nervous system, respiratory system
Diiron trioxide ethyl benzene	Category 1 Category 2	-	respiratory system hearing organs

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Calegory I

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effec	<u>ts</u>	
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	1	May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.
<u>Symptoms related to the ph</u> Eye contact Inhalation	:	ical, chemical and toxicological characteristics No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths
		skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

## 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMAGLIDE 890 BASE	N/A	9091.2	N/A	98.7	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
Diiron trioxide	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethyl benzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	N/A	N/A	N/A	36	N/A

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F). Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

## **12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

#### 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
iron trioxide ethyl benzene	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours 48 hours -
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose Dose		Inoculum
ethyl benzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability	
<mark>X</mark> ylene ethyl benzene	-		-		Readily Readily	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Yene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
ethyl benzene	3.6	79.43	low
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	6.488	-	high

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects

#### : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. з. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III		
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

UN : This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
 IMDG : This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
 IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

## **15. Regulatory information**

#### Fire Service Law

Category		Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

#### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
₩ylene	≤10	Class 1	80

#### <u>ISHL</u>

Ordinance on the prevention of the hazard due to specified chemical substances

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances requiring labelling

## 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
✔rystalline silica	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	165-2
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Iron oxide; Diiron(III) trioxide	≤10	Listed	192
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70

#### **Chemicals requiring notification**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<mark>Ø</mark> rystalline silica	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	165-2
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Iron oxide; Diiron(III) trioxide	≤10	Listed	192
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70

#### **Carcinogen**

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	-

#### <u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid Occupational Safety and Health Law	:	Not listed
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	:	Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	:	Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	:	Not listed
Dangerous Substances	:	Inflammable
Lead regulation	:	Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	:	Not applicable.

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances None of the components are listed.

**Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)** 

## 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
▼ylene 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8,10,10,12,12-Dodecamethyl- 1,3,5,7,9,11-hexaoxa- 2,4,6,8,10,12-hexasilacyclododecane;	3.6287 0.68591	Priority assessment Monitoring	125 41
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane Ethylbenzene 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-Octamethyl- 1,3,5,7,2,4,6,8-tetraoxatetrasilocane;	0.6435 0.2484	Priority assessment Monitoring	50 40
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane Toluene Benzene	0.01716 0.0006435	Priority assessment Priority assessment	46 45

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

#### **Explosives Control Law**

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

#### Maritime Safety Law

#### Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

#### **Container class**

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen	: Group 1
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed
Japan inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.
Road law	: Not available.

## 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
Prepared by	: EHS
Version	: 14
Date of previous issue	: 3/29/2021
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3 March 2022
<u>History</u>	

Japan

# 16. Other information

## MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.