SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 5 March 2022 Version 8.03

Section 1. Identification		
Product code	: 00336273	
Product name	: AMERCOAT 3279 ALUMINUM	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Supplier's details	: PPG Industries (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., No. 1 Tuas Basin Close, Singapore 638803. Tel +65 68653737	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC +(65)-31581349 (CCN 17704)	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms	: : : : : : : : : : : : : :
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))
Precautionary statements	

CAS number 8052-41-3 64742-89-8 1330-20-7 96-29-7

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	btain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective cl nd eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, ope ames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electric entilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to pre atic discharges. Do not breathe vapour. Do not eat, drink or smoke when is product.	en cal, event
Response	exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Ring autiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present asy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or tention.	t and
Storage	tore in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.	
Disposal	ispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national international regulations.	onal
Other hazards which do not	rolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number EC number	: Not applicable. : Mixture.	
Ingredient name		%
Stoddard solvent		25 - <50 3 - <5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.		3 - <5
xylene		1 - <3 0.1 - <0.3
2-butanone oxime		0.1 - <0.3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measuresEye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the
eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is
irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by
trained personnel.Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and
water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.
Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/e	effects, acute and delayed	
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>otoms</u>	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

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Section 5. Firefighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
	emergeney contact mormation and occurrent for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
	Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Stoddard solvent	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (long term): 525 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
xylene	PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours. Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 150 ppm 15 minutes.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

					PEL (long term): 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.	
	Recommended monitoring procedures	:		na Isu bul da	by be required to determine the effectiveness ires and/or the necessity to use respiratory d be made to appropriate monitoring nce documents for methods for the	
	opropriate engineering ontrols	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.			
	nvironmental exposure ontrols	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
<u>In</u>	dividual protection measure	<u>)</u>				
ŀ	lygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.			
E	ye/face protection	:	Chemical splash goggles.			
5	Skin protection					
	Hand protection	:	be worn at all times when handling ch this is necessary. Considering the pa check during use that the gloves are s should be noted that the time to break	nei ara sti kth ire	ers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of	
	Gloves	:	For prolonged or repeated handling, u	JS	e the following type of gloves:	
			Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PV/ May be used: nitrile rubber	Ά)	, Viton®	
	Body protection	:	being performed and the risks involve	ed he or		
	Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any addition	na foi	l skin protection measures should be med and the risks involved and should be	

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Silver-white.
Odour	: Characteristic.
рН	insoluble in water.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 36.67°C (98°F)
Evaporation rate	: 0.68 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: liquid
Vapour pressure	: 0.3 kPa (2 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapour density	: Highest known value: 4.5 to 5 (Air = 1) (Stoddard solvent). Weighted average: 4.71 (Air = 1)
Relative density	: 1.12
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Lowest known value: 230 to 240°C (446 to 464°F) (Stoddard solvent).
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>20 mg/l	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit Bat	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	LD50 Oral Rat LC50 Inhalation Vapour Rat LD50 Dermal Rat LD50 Oral Rat LD50 Dermal Rabbit LD50 Oral Rat LD50 Oral Rat LD50 Dermal Rabbit	LD50 OralRat>5 g/kgLC50 Inhalation VapourRat>20 mg/lLD50 DermalRat>2000 mg/kgLD50 OralRat>5000 mg/kgLD50 DermalRabbit1.7 g/kgLD50 OralRat4.3 g/kgLD50 DermalRabbit1100 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary					

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Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitisation	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. xylene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
2-butanone oxime	Category 1 Category 3	-	upper respiratory tract Narcotic effects

Section 11. Toxicological information

S	pecific	target	organ	toxicity	(repeated	l exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Stoddard solvent	Category 1		central nervous system (CNS)
2-butanone oxime	Category 2		blood system

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness No specific data.
minalation	· No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Potential chronic health effects				

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Section 11. Toxicological information

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 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	41172.51 mg/kg
Dermal	11176.41 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	362.22 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	49.39 mg/l

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/ aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Stoddard solvent	3.16 to 7.06	-	high
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Iow
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	Iow

Mobility in soil

Soil/water	partition
coefficient	(Koc)

: Not available.

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Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
IATA	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5 March 2022
Date of previous issue	: 3/1/2022
Version	: 8.03
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.