SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 11 March 2022

Version 12

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name Product code Other means of identification Product type : PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3142

- : 00154029
- : Not available.
 - : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason	
Not applicable.		

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	: PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Effects on or via lactation SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ACULTED (ACUTE) - Onterpret
	Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1

English (US)	Colombia

Section 2. Hazar	ds identification
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Target organs	 Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS). Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea.
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 47.2% Descentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhole time.
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 50.8%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 40.6%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	 Fammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of causing fertility or the unborn child. May cause harm to breast-fed children. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement	S
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact during pregnancy or while nursing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. **result in classification**

Date of issue

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	20 - <30	64742-95-6
xylene	12.5 - <15	1330-20-7
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	12.5 - <15	95-63-6
titanium dioxide	7 - <10	13463-67-7
ethylbenzene	3 - <5	100-41-4
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	3 - <5	85535-85-9
mesitylene	2 - <3	108-67-8
propylbenzene	2 - <3	103-65-1
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	1 - <2	526-73-8
cumene	0.2 - <0.5	98-82-8
toluene	0.1 - <0.2	108-88-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary firs	aid measures
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate med	cal attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.

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	Product nam	e PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3142				
Ī	Sectio	n 4. First aid measures				

Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effects	5	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion		Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is
For emergency responders	 inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	1	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,
-		drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused
		environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material.
		May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact during pregnancy or while nursing. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage, 1 Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store including any in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated incompatibilities area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
kylene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
titanium dioxide		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ethylbenzene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
mesitylene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures	atmosphere or biological monitor of the ventilation or other control protective equipment. Reference	ts with exposure limits, personal, workplace ing may be required to determine the effectiveness measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory should be made to appropriate monitoring I guidance documents for methods for the tances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineering contaminants below any recomm	n. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ontrols to keep worker exposure to airborne ended or statutory limits. The engineering controls dust concentrations below any lower explosive ation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or wor they comply with the requirement cases, fume scrubbers, filters or	The process equipment should be checked to ensure as of environmental protection legislation. In some engineering modifications to the process educe emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measu		
Hygiene measures	before eating, smoking and using Appropriate techniques should be	thoroughly after handling chemical products, the lavatory and at the end of the working period. used to remove potentially contaminated clothing pre reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and vorkstation location.
Eye protection <u>Skin protection</u>	: Chemical splash goggles.	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Yellow.
Odor	: Aromatic.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 37°C (98.6°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.04
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.

English (US)

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Section 9. Phys	ical and ch	emical proper	rties		
Decomposition temperat	ure : Not availa	ble.			
Viscosity	: Kinematic	(40°C (104°F)): >21 mi	m²/s (>21 cSt)		
Section 10. Stat	oility and re	eactivity			
Reactivity	: No specifi	c test data related to rea	activity available for this	product or its in	gredients.
Chemical stability	: The produ	ict is stable.			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under nor	mal conditions of stora	ge and use, hazardous re	eactions will not	occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exp products.	osed to high temperatu	res may produce hazard	lous decomposi	tion
Incompatible materials		y from the following ma agents, strong alkalis, st	terials to prevent strong trong acids.	exothermic read	ctions:
Hazardous decompositio	n : Depending	g on conditions, decom	position products may in	clude the follow	ing materia

carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

products

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
light aromatic			0. 0	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
y	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>48.17 g/m ³	1 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
mesitylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
propylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	6040 mg/kg	-
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	11.4 g/kg	-
cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

English (US) Co

Colombia

Section 11. Toxicological information

Irritation/Corrosion

Irritation/Corrosion							
Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moo	lerate irrita	ant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There a	re no data	availa	ble on the mix	xture itself.		
Eyes	: There a	re no data	availa	ble on the mix	xture itself.		
Respiratory	: There a	re no data	availa	ble on the mix	xture itself.		
<u>Sensitization</u>							
Not available.							
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There a	re no data	availa	ble on the mix	xture itself.		
Respiratory	: There a	re no data	availa	ble on the mix	xture itself.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>							
Not available.							
Conclusion/Summary	: There a	re no data	availa	ble on the mix	xture itself.		
Carcinogenicity							
Not available.							
Conclusion/Summers	. There e	ra na data	ovoila	ble on the mix	uturo itaalf		
Conclusion/Summary Classification	. There a	re no uala	avalla		kiure iisen.		
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP				
xylene	-	3	-				
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-				
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-				
cumene	-	2B	Rea	sonably antici	ipated to be a	human carcinog	jen.
toluene	-	3	-				
Carcinogen Classification							
IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be		inogen: Rea	asonably	anticipated to l	be a human car	cinogen	
OSHA: +	a numan care	inogen, ree	Joonabij			chiogen	
Not listed/not regul	ated: -						
Reproductive toxicity							
Not available.							
Conclusion/Summary	: There a	re no data	availa	ble on the mix	xture itself.		
Teratogenicity							
Not available.							

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Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
mesitylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
propylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	• •	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
cumene	Category 2	-	-
toluene	Category 2	-	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene propylbenzene cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	Not available.	
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Ma cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.	ay
Skin contact	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the s	kin.
Ingestion	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Section 11. Toxicological information

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Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3142	10467.7	3687.4	N/A	22.9	2.5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
mesitylene	5000	N/A	N/A	24	N/A
propylbenzene	6040	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	11400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
cumene	1400	12300	N/A	39	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Daphnia Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours 48 hours -

Persistence/degradability

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Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	adily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
xylene ethylbenzene toluene	- - -		- - -		Readily Readily Readily	/

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	4.7 to 8.3	-	high
mesitylene	3.42	186.21	low
propylbenzene	3.69	-	low
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	3.66	194.98	low
cumene	3.55	35.48	low
toluene	2.73	8.32	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: No
coefficient (Koc)	

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III		III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene)	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and		
environmental regulations		
specific for the product		

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of previous issue	: 10/8/2021
Version	: 12
	EHS

English (US)

Code	00154029		Date of issue	11 March 2022	Version	12
Product nam	e	PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3142				

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous
	Goods by Inland Waterway
	ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
	Dangerous Goods by Road
	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods
	by Rail
	UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014
	ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.