# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**HI-TEMP 1027HD CURE** 



Page: 1/15

Japan

# Date of issue 28 January 2022

Version 7

# 1. Product and company identification

Product name	: HI-TEMP 1027HD CURE
Product code	: 00436788
Product type	: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd. 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Tel : +81 78 574 2777 Fax : +81 78 576 0035	
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777	

# 2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 1
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory system, systemic toxicity) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central</li> </ul>

# FIGULE HAME HI-TEMP 1027HD CORE

# 2. Hazards identification

		nervous system (CNS), haematopoietic system, hearing organs, nervous system, respiratory system)
		Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number CSCL number Not applicable.Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
barium diboron tetraoxide	15 - <20	13701-59-2	1-40; 9-2405
dimethyl carbonate	12.5 - <15	616-38-6	2-2853
zinc phosphate	10 - <12.5	7779-90-0	1-1181; 1-526
Xylene	7 - <10	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom	7 - <10	64742-94-5	Not available.
Zinc oxide	5 - <7	1314-13-2	1-561
ethyl benzene	1 - <2	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
1-Butanol	1 - <2	71-36-3	2-3049
Naphthalene	0.5 - <1	91-20-3	4-311
Stoddard solvent	0.2 - <0.5	8052-41-3	Not available.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	<0.1	14808-60-7	1-548
crystalline silica (quartz)	<0.1	14808-60-7	1-548

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

4. First aid measures

# Description of necessary first aid measures Eye contact : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# 6. Accidental release measures

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
·	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
	<ul> <li>adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.</li> <li>If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".</li> <li>Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.</li> </ul>

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and<br/>explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.<br/>Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an<br/>appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal<br/>contractor.

# 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and<br/>explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into<br/>sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an<br/>effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-<br/>combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth<br/>and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13).<br/>Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent<br/>material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for<br/>emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
₩ylene	ISHL (Japan, 6/2020). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health
	<b>(Japan, 5/2020).</b> OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours. OEL-M: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Zinc oxide	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). OEL-M: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust (Class 2 Dust) OEL-M: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust (Class 2 Dust)
ethyl benzene	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). OEL-M: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	Japan Page: 5/15

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	ISHL (Japan, 6/2020).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
1-Butanol	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2020). Absorbed through skin.
	OEL-C: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	OEL-C: 50 ppm
	ISHL (Japan, 6/2020).
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Naphthalene	ISHL (Japan, 6/2020).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2020).
	OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Respirable dust
crystalline silica (quartz)	Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 5/2020).
	OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Respirable dust

**Recommended monitoring** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace procedures atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **Appropriate engineering** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants controls below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure controls they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection m	easures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	May be used: nitrile rubber Recommended: Chloroprene, butyl rubber, neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA),

Viton®

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

: Liquid.
: Colorless.
: Characteristic.
: >37.78°C (>100°F)
: Closed cup: 17.22°C (63°F)
: 1.65
: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
: Not Applicable

# 10. Stability and reactivity

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Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

# 11. Toxicological information

# Information on toxicological effects

# Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
arium diboron tetraoxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>3540 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.85 g/kg	-
dimethyl carbonate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	140000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	12.9 g/kg	-
zinc phosphate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
heavy arom			_	
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
ethyl benzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
1-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
Naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-
Stoddard solvent	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
₩ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

# **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

## **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

# **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

# **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

# 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory system
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Zinc oxide	Category 1	-	respiratory system, systemic toxicity
ethyl benzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1-Butanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Naphthalene	Category 1	-	blood, eyes, respiratory tract
Stoddard solvent	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

# Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
zinc phosphate	Category 1	-	haematopoietic system
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory system
ethyl benzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
1-Butanol	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), hearing organs
Naphthalene	Category 1	-	blood, eyes, respiratory system
Stoddard solvent	Category 2	-	liver, testes
crystalline silica (quartz)	Category 1	-	immune system, kidneys, respiratory system

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
ethyl benzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effect	S	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Ingestion

: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

# Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Short term exposure **Potential immediate** : Not available. effects **Potential delayed effects** : Not available. Long term exposure **Potential immediate** : Not available. effects **Potential delayed effects** : Not available. Potential chronic health effects General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of 2 exposure. **Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : May damage fertility or the unborn child. **Reproductive toxicity**

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
		<u> </u>		Japan	Page: 10/15

Product code 00436788     Date of issue 28 January 2022     Version 7       Product name HI-TEMP 1027HD CURE					ersion 7		
11. Toxicological information							
HI-TEMP 1027HD CURE	10134.8	5048.5	N/A	87.6	6.1		
barium diboron tetraoxide	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	1.5		
dimethyl carbonate	12900	2500	N/A	140	N/A		
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A		
Zinc oxide	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A		
ethyl benzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A		
1-Butanol	N/A	3400	N/A	24	N/A		
Naphthalene	490	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F). Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

# 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dimethyl carbonate	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc phosphate	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Fish	30 days
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
Zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
ethyl benzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
1-Butanol	Acute LC50 1376 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethyl benzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
Kylene ethyl benzene	-		-		Readily Readily	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
dímethyl carbonate	0.354	-	low
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	2.8 to 6.5	-	high
heavy arom			-
ethyl benzene	3.6	79.43	low
1-Butanol	1	-	low
Naphthalene	3.4	85.11	low
Stoddard solvent	3.16 to 7.06	-	high

# 12. Ecological information

Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. ŝ, Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	I	II	Π
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(trizinc bis(orthophosphate), Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic)	Not applicable.

### Additional information

IMDG

ΙΑΤΑ

UN : None identified.

- : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of  $\leq 5$  L or  $\leq 5$  kg.
- : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

# 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

# **15. Regulatory information**

# Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class I petroleums	II	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	200 L

#### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Boron compounds Xylene	≥10 - ≤20 ≤10		405 80
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Class 1	53

### **ISHL**

### Ordinance on the prevention of the hazard due to specified chemical substances

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Ethyl benzene		Group-2 Substances under Supervision	3-3
Naphthalene		Group-2 Substances under Supervision	-

### Substances requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Barium and its water soluble compounds	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	449
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Zinc oxide	≤10	Listed	188
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Butanol	≤10	Listed	477
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2

### **Chemicals requiring notification**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Barium and its water soluble compounds	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	449
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Zinc oxide	≤10	Listed	188
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Butanol	≤10	Listed	477
Naphthalene	≤10	Listed	408
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2

Carcinogen

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	-

Japan Page: 13/15

# 15. Regulatory information

## <u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid	: Not listed
Occupational Safety and Health Law	: Inflammable
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Class 2

# **Poisonous and Deleterious Substances**

None of the components are listed.

## **Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<b>X</b> ylene	7.5912	Priority assessment	125
Ethylbenzene	1.8135	Priority assessment	50
1-Butanol	1.1062	Priority assessment	124
Methanol	0.072819	Priority assessment	90
Toluene	0.03841	Priority assessment	46
alpha-Alkyl(C=9-11)-omega-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) (It is limited that a number-average molecular weight of the polymer is less than 1,000.)	0.02652	Priority assessment	188
Propane-1,2-diol	0.020256	Priority assessment	106
Isopropyl alcohol; Propan-2-ol	0.01266	Priority assessment	102
Cumene	0.0020678	Priority assessment	126
Benzene	0.0014128	Priority assessment	45

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

## **Explosives Control Law**

None of the components are listed.

# Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

## Maritime Safety Law

Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

# 15. Regulatory information

# **Container class**

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen	: Group 2B
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed
Japan inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.
Road law	: Not available.

# 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 28 January 2022
Date of previous issue	: 11/18/2021
Version	: 7
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail</li> <li>UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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