# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue/Date of revision 12 April 2022 Version 8

Section 1. Identification		
Product code	: 00294739	
Product name	: AMERCOAT 450 X CURE	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Supplier's details	: PPG Industries (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., No. 1 Tuas Basin Close, Singapore 638803. Tel +65 68653737	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC +(65)-31581349 (CCN 17704)	

# Section 2. Hazards identification

<b>Classification of the</b>	: 🖬 AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Danger</li> <li>Fammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.</li> </ul>

Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not	:	Frolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### result in classification

May cause respiratory irritation

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

#### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.		
EC number	: Mixture.		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
<b>x</b> ylene		25 - <50	1330-20-7
Hexamethylene diisocya	anate, oligomers	25 - <50	28182-81-2
2-methoxy-1-methylethy	/l acetate	10 - <20	108-65-6
ethylbenzene		5 - <10	100-41-4
toluene		0.1 - <0.3	108-88-3
hexamethylene-di-isocy	anate	0.1 - <0.3	822-06-0

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

# Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.</li> <li>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

Most important symptoms/e	ffe	cts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>:ts</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Farmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	otor	n <u>s</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Cyanate and isocyanate. hydrogen cyanide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protecti	ve equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	<ul> <li>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> <li>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources.</li> <li>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist.</li> <li>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.</li> </ul>
For emergency responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Product name AMERCOAT 450 X CURE

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Special provisions	: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures :	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general : occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
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### Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
	store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Precautions should be taken to minimise exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO<sub>2</sub> will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurisation.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits			
xylene	Workplace Safety and Health Act			
	(Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.			
	PEL (short term): 150 ppm 15 minutes.			
	PEL (long term): 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.			
	PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.			
ethylbenzene	Workplace Safety and Health Act			
-	(Singapore, 2/2006).			
	PEL (short term): 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.			
	PEL (short term): 125 ppm 15 minutes.			
	PEL (long term): 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.			
	PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.			
toluene	Workplace Safety and Health Act			
	(Singapore, 2/2006).			
	PEL (long term): 188 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.			
	PEL (long term): 50 ppm 8 hours.			
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Workplace Safety and Health Act			
	(Singapore, 2/2006).			
	PEL (long term): 0.034 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.			
	PEL (long term): 0.005 ppm 8 hours.			

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	ventila contar also n	nly with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust tion or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne ninants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls eed to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	they c cases	ions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure omply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some , fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process ment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	res	
Hygiene measures	eating Appro Conta contar	hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before , smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. priate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. minated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash ninated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety ers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Chem	ical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	be wo this is check should differe	ical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should rn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It d be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be ent for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of al substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately ated.
Gloves	: butyl r	ubber
Body protection	being before wear a	nal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static arges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	select	priate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be ed based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be ved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	fed res should type o anticip	n air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air- spirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment d be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what f protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or bated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits selected respirator.
Restrictions on use		ns with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory se should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

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# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: Cyanate and isocyanate. carbon oxides nitrogen oxides hydrogen cyanide

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>x</b> ylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Hexamethylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
diisocyanate, oligomers				
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	>2500 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
acetate			_	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-
hexamethylene-di- isocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	124 mg/m³	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	151 mg/m³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	22 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	0.57 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.71 g/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient nan	ne	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene		Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
					mg	
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	1	There are no data available	on the mixture	e itself.		
Eyes	1	There are no data available	on the mixtur	e itself.		
Respiratory	1	There are no data available	on the mixture	e itself.		
Sensitisation						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	:	There are no data available	on the mixture	e itself.		
Respiratory	:	There are no data available	on the mixtur	e itself.		
lutagenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data availabl	e on the mixtu	re itself.		
Carcinogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data availabl	e on the mixtu	re itself.		
Reproductive toxicity						
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data availabl	e on the mixtu	re itself.		
eratogenicity						

Product name AMERCOAT 450 X CURE

# Section 11. Toxicological information

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
<b>x</b> ylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2 Category 2	-	hearing organs -

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

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Information on likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effects	<u>5</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Farmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms related to the phy Eye contact Inhalation	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness</li> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma</li> </ul>

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	irritation
	redness
	dryness
	cracking
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effe	cts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: 📈 known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Øermal	3992.18 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	12.21 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	1.81 mg/l

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/ aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitised persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Moisture-sensitive material. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

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## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
examethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae - scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
5	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Danio rerio (zebra fish)	96 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the	mixture itself.	

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
P-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-
Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.				

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene Hexamethylene diisocyanate,	-	-	Readily Not readily
oligomers	-	-	Not readily
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
toluene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>X</b> lene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	5.54	3.2	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low
toluene	2.73	8.32	low
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	0.02	-	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc)

#### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

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## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

Ingredient name	Status
Socyanates	Listed

#### International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12 April 2022
Date of previous issue	: 2/21/2020
Version	: 8
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

**V** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.