SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 4/15/2022 (month/day/year)

Version 8

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Α.	Product name	:	SIGMARINE 48 RAL 1003
	Product code	1	00254135

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use Use of the substance/ mixture	Professional applications, Used by spraying.Coating.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
C. Supplier's or Importer's information	: PPG SSC (680-090) 19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu, Ulsan, Korea Tel: +82-52-210-8222
Email Address	Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM
Emergency telephone number:	: +82-52-210-8222

Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
This product is classified in	accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 F227 - Combustible liquid. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H350 - May cause cancer. H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS)) H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Korea (GHS) Page: 1/15

Date of issue 4/15/2022 (month/day/year)

Version 8

Product name SIGMARINE 48 RAL 1003

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: P 202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Trevention	P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition
	sources. No smoking.
	P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
	P260 - Do not breathe vapor.
	P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Response	: P391 - Collect spillage.
	P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
	P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	: 🗗 403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,
	national and international regulations.

C. Other hazards which do : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. not result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	NAPHTHA(PETROLEUM),	CAS: 64742-82-1	30 -
heavy	HYDRODESULFURIZED HEAVY		<40
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Talc, non-asbestos form	CAS: 14807-96-6	1 - <5
titanium dioxide	TITANIUM DIOXIDE	CAS: 13463-67-7	1 - <5
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	ZIRCONIUM 2-ETHYLHEXANOATE	CAS: 22464-99-9	1 - <5
barium zinc sulfate sulfide	BARIUM ZINC SULFATE SULFIDE; C.I.	CAS: 1345-05-7	1 - <5
	PIGMENT WHITE 5		
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 100-41-4	0.1 - <1
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	KEROSINE (PETROLEUM),	CAS: 64742-81-0	0.1 - <1
	HYDRODESULFURIZED		
2-butanone oxime	METHYL ETHYL KETOXIME	CAS: 96-29-7	0.1 - <1
2-ethylhexanoic acid, cobalt salt	COBALT OCTOATE	CAS: 13586-82-8	0.1 - <1
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	2-ETHYL-HEXANOIC ACID;CALCIUM	CAS: 136-51-6	0.1 - <1
	SALT		
ethanol	ETHYL ALCOHOL	CAS: 64-17-5	0.1 - <1
2-ethylhexanoic acid	2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID	CAS: 149-57-5	0.1 - <1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
В.	Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
C.	Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
D.	Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Е.	Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
	Specific treatments	1	No specific treatment.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

	0		<u> </u>
Α.	Extinguishing media		
	Suitable extinguishing media	1	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
В.	Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
	Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
C.	Special equipment for fire-fighting	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	Fire-fighting procedures	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Product name SIGMARINE 48 RAL 1003

Section 6. Accidental release measures

A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
B. Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
C. Methods and materials for	СС	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
		•

Section 7. Handling and storage

A. Precautions for safe handling
 Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.

Section 7. Handling and storage

В.	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Ministry of Employment and Labor
-	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: fibers
titanium dioxide	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: total dus
	with less than 1% of free SiO2
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes.
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon
	vapor) 8 hours.
2-ethylhexanoic acid, cobalt salt	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ethanol	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
2-ethylhexanoic acid	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction and vapor

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Section 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Β.	Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.		
	Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
C.	Personal protective equipment				
	Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.		
	Eye protection	1	Safety glasses with side shields.		
	Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It		

Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: nitrile rubber
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

estimated.

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Α.	Appearance		
	Physical state	:	Liquid.
	Color	:	Yellow.
В.	Odor	:	Characteristic.
C .	Odor threshold	:	Not available.
D.	рН	:	Not applicable.
Е.	Melting/freezing point	1	Not available.
F.	Boiling point/boiling range	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)

Korea (GHS) Page: 6/15

Product code 00254135 Product name SIGMARINE 48 RAL 1003

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

G. Flash point

H. Evaporation rate

: Closed cup: 62°C (143.6°F)

- : Not available. I. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
- J. Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits
- K. Vapor pressure

	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	3.7503075	0.5				
Insoluble in the follow	ving mate	rials: co	ld water.			
Not available.						
Not available.						

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Naphtha (petroleum),

Solubility in water M. Vapor density

P. Auto-ignition temperature

Q. Decomposition

temperature

R. Viscosity

L. Solubility

- N. Relative density
- O. Partition coefficient: n-: Not applicable. octanol/water

:	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
	Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	280 to 470	536 to 878	

: Not available.

: Not applicable.

: 1.03

- : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
- Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.
- S. Molecular weight

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Α.	Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous reactions		The product is stable. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
В.	Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
C.	Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
D.	Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

Korea (GHS) Page: 7/15

Version 8

Section 11. Toxicological information

Α.	Information on the likely routes of exposure	Not available.
<u>P</u>	otential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
	Inhalation :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	Ingestion :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
	Skin contact :	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
	Eye contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>0</u>	<u>ver-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>otoms</u>
	Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
	Ingestion :	No specific data.
	Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
	Eye contact :	No specific data.

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
heavy				
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized		Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-
ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.26 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion Conclusion/Summary

Korea (GHS) Page: 8/15

Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Sensitization</u>	
<u>Conclusion/Summary</u>	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
-	
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
-	
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
conclusion, culling	
Teratogenicity	
	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Conclusion/Summary	

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
barium zinc sulfate sulfide	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-butanone oxime	Category 1	-	upper respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 1		central nervous system (CNS)
2-butanone oxime	Category 2		blood system

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Potential chronic health effects

k	Korea (GHS)	Page: 9/15

Section 11. Toxicological information

General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity	 May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Additional information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Chemical name	Identifiers	GHS Classification
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	CAS: 64742-82-1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
heavy		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	CAS: 14807-96-6	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
titanium dioxide 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt barium zinc sulfate sulfide	CAS: 13463-67-7 CAS: 22464-99-9 CAS: 1345-05-7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
ethylbenzene	CAS: 100-41-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	CAS: 64742-81-0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
2-butanone oxime	CAS: 96-29-7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1
1	1	Korea (GHS) Page: 10/15

Product name SIGMARINE 48 RAL 1003

Section 11. Toxicological information

•		
2-ethylhexanoic acid, cobalt salt	CAS: 13586-82-8	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	CAS: 136-51-6	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
ethanol	CAS: 64-17-5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
2-ethylhexanoic acid	CAS: 149-57-5	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

Section 12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
2-ethylhexanoic acid,	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zirconium salt			
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
ethanol	Acute EC50 7640 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours

B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability	
ethylbenzene ethanol	-		-		Readily Readily	

C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	low
ethanol	-0.35	-	low
2-ethylhexanoic acid	2.7	-	low

D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Product name SIGMARINE 48 RAL 1003

Date of issue 4/15/2022 (month/day/year)

Version 8

Section 12. Ecological information

E. Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

- A. Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- B. Disposal precautions
 This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
A. UN number	VN3082	VN3082	VN3082	
B. UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	
	Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy)	Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy)	🕅 Aphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy)	
C. Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9	
D. Packing group	III	III	II	
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	
E. Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy)	Not applicable.	

Additional information					
UN	Image: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.				
IMDG	Image: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.				
ΙΑΤΑ	: Phis product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.				

F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

Korea (GHS) Page: 12/15

Date of issue 4/15/2022 (month/day/year)

Product name SIGMARINE 48 RAL 1003

Section 14. Transport information

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

A. Regulation according to ISHA **ISHA article 117** : None of the components are listed. (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture) **ISHA article 118** : None of the components are listed. (Harmful substances requiring permission) **Article 2 of Youth Protection** : It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19. Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors The following components have an OEL: Alc , not containing asbestiform fibres titanium dioxide 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt ethylbenzene Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized 2-ethylhexanoic acid, cobalt salt ethanol 2-ethylhexanoic acid **ISHA Enforcement Regs** : The following components are listed: cobalt and its inorganic compounds Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors) **ISHA Enforcement Regs** The following components are listed: talc / soapstone, titanium dioxide, zirconium Annex 21 (Harmful and its compounds factors subject to Work Environment **Measurement**) **ISHA Enforcement Regs** : The following components are listed: Zirconium and its compounds Annex 22 (Harmful **Factors Subject to Special Health Check**up) **Standard of Industrial** : The following components are listed: titanium dioxide, zirconium and its compounds, zinc and its compounds **Safety and Health** Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to

B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

control)

Korea (GHS) Page: 13/15

Version 8

Section 15. Regulatory information

CCA Article 11 (TRI)	1	The following components are listed: Barium and its compounds, Ethylbenzene, Cobalt and its compounds
Article 18 Prohibited (K- Reach Article 27)	:	None of the components are listed.
Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25)	:	None of the components are listed.
Article 20 Restricted (K- Reach Article 27)	:	None of the components are listed.
Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20)	:	Not applicable
Korea inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.
CCA Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)	:	None of the components are listed.
Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act	:	Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited
Wastes regulation	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Regulation according to	oth	<u>ier foreign laws</u>
Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product	:	No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).
	Article 18 Prohibited (K- Reach Article 27) Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25) Article 20 Restricted (K- Reach Article 27) Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20) Korea inventory CCA Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals) Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act Wastes regulation Regulation according to a Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for	Article 18 Prohibited (K- Reach Article 27)Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25)Article 20 Restricted (K- Reach Article 27)Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20)Korea inventory CCA Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)Dangerous Materials Safety Management ActWastes regulation Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for

Section 16. Other information

Α.	References	: Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act NIER Notice Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.	
В.	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/15/2022	
С.	Version	: 8	
	Prepared by	: EHS	
D.	Other		

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

Product name SIGMARINE 48 RAL 1003

Version 8

Section 16. Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.