SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 21 April 2022 Version : 2



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOW / GREEN

Product code : 000001191015

Product type : Liquid.

Other means of identification

00453554; 00453745

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Sigma Coatings PTY 9 Arnold Street, Alrode, Alberton, Gauteng

South Africa

Tel: 0027 11 389 4800

e-mail address of person

responsible for this SDS

: PS.ACEMEA@ppg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone

number

+27 51 444 2134

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Fam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

| English (GB) | South Africa | 1/16 |
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SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOW / GREEN

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms

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Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Fammable liquid and vapour.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot

surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to

the environment. Do not breathe vapour.

Response : Collect spillage. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Not applicable.

Hazardous ingredients : Epoxy Resin (700<MW<=1100)

Quartz (SiO2) 2-methylpropan-1-ol

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C/140F.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

English (GB) South Africa 2/16

Code : 000001191015 Date of issue/Date of revision : 21 April 2022

SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOW / GREEN

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| | | | <u>Classification</u> | |
|--|---|--------------|--|---------|
| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % by weight | Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] | Type |
| E poxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>CAS: 25036-25-3</td><td>≥10 - ≤25</td><td>Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317</td><td>[1]</td></mw<=1100)<> | CAS: 25036-25-3 | ≥10 - ≤25 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 | [1] |
| xylene | REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 | ≥10 - ≤16 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | [1] [2] |
| Quartz (SiO2) | EC: 238-878-4 CAS: 14808-60-7 | ≥10 - ≤25 | STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation) | [1] [2] |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) P | EC: 265-198-5 CAS: 64742-94-5 Index: 649-424-00-3 | ≥5.0 - ≤10 | STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066 | [1] |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1 | ≥1.0 - ≤3.6 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 | [1] [2] |
| ethylbenzene | REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | [1] [2] |
| Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | REACH #: 01-2119457273-39 EC: 918-481-9 CAS: 64742-48-9 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 | [1] |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3 | ≥1.0 - ≤4.0 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 | [1] [2] |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | REACH #: 01-2119510715-45 EC: 284-325-5 CAS: 84852-15-3 Index: 601-053-00-8 | ≥0.30 - ≤2.4 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361fd Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10) | [1] [5] |
| Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, butylated | CAS: 68002-19-7 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Aquatic Chronic 4, H413 | [1] |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine | REACH #: 01-0000017900-73 EC: 432-840-2 CAS: 220926-97-6 Index: 616-201-00-7 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (lungs) (inhalation) Aquatic Chronic 4, H413 | [1] [2] |
| toluene | REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3 | ≤0.30 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | [1] [2] |
| copper(II) oxide | REACH #: 01-2119502447-44 EC: 215-269-1 CAS: 1317-38-0 | ≤0.0049 | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | [1] |
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SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOW / GREEN

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Index: 029-016-00-6 (M=10)

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

English (GB) South Africa 4/16

: 000001191015 Date of issue/Date of revision Code : 21 April 2022

SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOW / GREEN

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. Notes to physician

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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| | | |

Code : 000001191015 Date of issue/Date of revision : 21 April 2022

SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOW / GREEN

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

Recommendations : Not available. **Industrial sector specific**

solutions

: Not available.

English (GB) **South Africa** 6/16

SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOW / GREEN

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|--|--|
| x ylene | EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| Quartz (SiO2) | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). |
| | TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). |
| | TWA: 152 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| ethylbenzene | EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin. |
| | STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| 1 mathews 2 managed | · · |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 300 mg/m 13 minutes. |
| | TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products | ACGIH TLV (United States). |
| with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and | TWA: 10 mg/m³ Form: Inhalable particle |
| hexamethylenediamine | TWA: 3 mg/m³, (inhalable dust) Form: Respirable particle |
| toluene | EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin. |
| | STEL: 384 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 192 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

| English (GB) | South Africa | 7/16 |
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Code : 000001191015 Date of issue/Date of revision : 21 April 2022

SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOW / GREEN

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Gloves

: butyl rubber

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Yellow.

Odour threshold : Aromatic. [Strong]

Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : insoluble in water.

Melting point/freezing point

: May start to solidify at the following temperature: <-7°C (<19.4°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: 4-nonylphenol, branched. Weighted average:

-80.04°C (-112.1°F)

English (GB) South Africa 8/16

: 000001191015 Date of issue/Date of revision : 21 April 2022 Code

SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOW / GREEN

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

>37.78°C

Flash point

: Closed cup: 30°C

Evaporation rate

Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.7compared with

butyl acetate

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: liquid

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.48% Upper: 13.74% (1-methoxy-2-propanol)

Vapour pressure

| La constitución de la constituci | Vapour Pressure at 20°C | | Vapour pressure at 50°C | | | |
|--|-------------------------|------|-------------------------|----------|-----|--------|
| Ingredient name | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | <12 | <1.6 | DIN EN 13016-2 | | | |

Highest known value: 7.59 (Air = 1) (4-nonylphenol, branched). Weighted average: Vapour density

3.75 (Air = 1)

Relative density

Solubility(ies)

: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Auto-ignition temperature

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|---------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| vent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. | 220 to 250 | 428 to 482 | ASTM E 659 |

Decomposition temperature

Viscosity

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s

Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s

Viscosity : 60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)

Explosive properties Product does not present an explosion hazard. **Oxidising properties** : Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. 10.1 Reactivity

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides decomposition products

English (GB) South Africa 9/16

SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOW / GREEN

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>LD50 Dermal</td><td>Rat</td><td>>2000 mg/kg</td><td>-</td></mw<=1100)<> | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| , | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| xylene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.7 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | - |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and | Rat | >5.2 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | mists | | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5 g/kg | - |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 24.6 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2460 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2830 mg/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 17.8 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 17.8 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3.5 g/kg | - |
| Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | | | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >6 g/kg | - |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | >7000 ppm | 6 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 13 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5.2 g/kg | - |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2.14 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1300 mg/kg | - |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and | Rat | 3.56 mg/l | 4 hours |
| products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine | mists | | | |
| and hexamethylenediamine | | | | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| toluene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 49 g/m³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 8.39 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5580 mg/kg | - |
| copper oxide | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|------------------------------|----------------|
| Oral | 86753.42 mg/kg |
| Dermal | 12545.93 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (vapours) | 73.14 mg/l |
| Inhalation (dusts and mists) | 319 mg/l |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-----------------------------------|--|---------|--------|-----------------|-------------|
| xylene 4-nonylphenol, branched | Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Erythema/Eschar | | - 4 | 24 hours 500 mg | - |

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Eyes: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

English (GB) South Africa 10/16

SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOW / GREEN

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| k ylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) P | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| toluene | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Quartz (SiO2) ethylbenzene 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine | Category 1 Category 2 Category 2 | inhalation - inhalation | hearing organs lungs |
| toluene | Category 2 | - | - |

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|---|--|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) P ethylbenzene Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| toluene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on likely

: Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

InhalationInhalationIngestionCorrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation : No specific data.

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness

dryness cracking

blistering may occur

English (GB) South Africa 11/16

Code : 000001191015 Date of issue/Date of revision : 21 April 2022

SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOW / GREEN

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eye contact

> pain watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or

> repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C/140F. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------------|---|----------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. | NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia | 21 days |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Acute EC50 1100 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia | - |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Acute LC50 23300 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Fresh water | | |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l | Crustaceans - Moina | 48 hours |
| | | macrocopa | |
| | Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l | Algae - | 72 hours |
| 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and | | Pseudokirchneriella | |
| hexamethylenediamine | | subcapitata | |
| | | (microalgae) | |
| | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna (Water flea) | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l | Fish - Oncorhynchus | 96 hours |

English (GB) South Africa 12/16

SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOW / GREEN

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| | mykiss (rainbow trout) | |
|-----------------------|---|----------|
| Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l | Algae - | 72 hours |
| | Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | |
| Chronic NOEC ≥50 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna (Water flea) | 21 days |
| | magna (vvalei nea) | |

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | Dose | Inoculum |
|---|---|-----------------------------|------|----------|
| ethylbenzene | - | 79 % - Readily - 10 days | - | - |
| reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine | OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test | 9 % - Not readily - 29 days | - | - |

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| k ylene | - | - | Readily |
| ethylbenzene | - | - | Readily |
| toluene | - | - | Readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|---|------------|-------------|-----------|
| x ylene | 3.12 | 7.4 to 18.5 | low |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) | 2.8 to 6.5 | - | high |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | 1 | - | low |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | 79.43 | low |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | <1 | - | low |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | 5.4 | 251.19 | low |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine | >6 | - | high |
| toluene | 2.73 | 8.32 | low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

| | English (GB) | South Africa | 13/16 |
|---|--------------|--------------|-------|
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Code : 000001191015 Date of issue/Date of revision : 21 April 2022

SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOW / GREEN

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

| Waste code | Waste designation |
|------------|---|
| 08 01 11* | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

| Type of packaging | European waste catalogue (EWC) | |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| Container | 15 01 06 | mixed packaging |

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | IMDG | IATA |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|---|--|
| 14.1 UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group | III | III | III |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, 4-nonylphenol, branched) | Not applicable. |

Additional information

ADR/RID: This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in

packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and

4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.2.3.1.5.2.

Tunnel code : (D/E)

| English (GB) | South Africa | 14/16 |
|--------------|--------------|-------|
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Code : 000001191015 Date of issue/Date of revision : 21 April 2022

SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOW / GREEN

SECTION 14: Transport information

IMDG

: This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.

IATA

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

| Intrinsic property | Ingredient name | Status | Reference number | Date of revision |
|---|--|-----------|------------------|------------------|
| Substance of equivalent concern for environment | 4-nonylphenol, branched and linear substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, covering also UVCB- and well-defined substances which include any of the individual isomers or a combination thereof | Candidate | ED/169/2012 | 12/19/2012 |

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other national and international regulations.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

English (GB) South Africa 15/16

Code : 000001191015 Date of issue/Date of revision : 21 April 2022

SIGMAPRIME 200 BASE YELLOW / GREEN

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of abbreviated H : H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. statements

> Harmful if swallowed. H302

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Causes skin irritation. H315

May cause an allergic skin reaction. H317

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eve irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H410 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4** Aquatic Acute 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 Aquatic Chronic 4 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Asp. Tox. 1

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Repr. 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 Skin Corr. 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

STOT RE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE - Category 1

STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE - Category 2

STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

EXPOSURE - Category 3

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: EHS Prepared by Version : 2

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