SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue

26 April 2022

Version 6

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name Product code Other means of identification Product type : PPG AQUACOVER 20 BASE L

- : 00202406
- : Not available.
 - : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 KIN IRRITATION - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Target organs	 Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea, muscle tissue.
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 12.1%

Section 2. Hazards identification

GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	☑auses mild skin irritation. May cause cancer. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Øbtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Contains isothiazolinones. May cause allergic reaction.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Manium dioxide crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns) barium diboron tetraoxide trizinc bis(orthophosphate) zinc oxide isobutyric acid, monoester with 2,2,4-trimethylpentane-1,3-diol Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres 2-butoxyethanol	12.5 - <15 7 - <10 3 - <5 2 - <3 2 - <3 2 - <3 1 - <2 1 - <2	13463-67-7 14808-60-7 13701-59-2 7779-90-0 1314-13-2 25265-77-4 14807-96-6 111-76-2
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	0.5 - <1 0 - <0.1	14808-60-7 55965-84-9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Date of issue

6

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. 	
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.	
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.	
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
Indication of immediate mee	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician Specific treatments	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment. 	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	
Potential acute health effect	ts	
Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	 No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. Causes mild skin irritation. No known significant effects or critical hazards. 	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Date of issue

26 April 2022

6

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a

	licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 5 to 35°C (41 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

English (US)

Colombia

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
titanium dioxide		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:	
barium diboron tetraoxide		Respirable fraction ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ , (as Ba) 8 hours.	
zinc oxide		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction	
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable	
2-butoxyethanol		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
Recommended monitoring procedures	atmosphere or biological monit of the ventilation or other contro protective equipment. Referen	ents with exposure limits, personal, workplace oring may be required to determine the effectiveness of measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory ce should be made to appropriate monitoring nal guidance documents for methods for the ostances will also be required.	
Appropriate engineering controls	local exhaust ventilation or othe	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.	
Environmental exposure controls	 Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. 		
ndividual protection measu	<u>'es</u>		
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.		
Eye protection Skin protection	: Safety glasses with side shields	δ.	
 Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gl be worn at all times when handlin this is necessary. Considering the check during use that the gloves a should be noted that the time to b different for different glove manufilties. 		gloves complying with an approved standard should ling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, as are still retaining their protective properties. It be breakthrough for any glove material may be nufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of tion time of the gloves cannot be accurately	

5/13

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: nitrile rubber, Chloroprene, Viton®, butyl rubber
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Various
Odor	: Amine-like.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.37
Solubility	: Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients	
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following mater carbon oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides	ials:

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity				_
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
barium diboron tetraoxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>3540 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.85 g/kg	-
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
isobutyric acid, monoester with 2,2,4-trimethylpentane- 1,3-diol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>15.2 g/kg	-
, -	LD50 Oral	Rat	6.5 g/kg	-
2-butoxyethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-	LD50 Oral	Rat	53 mg/kg	-
2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-				
3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]				
and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-				
3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:				
1)				

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-butoxyethanol	Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-		28 days 21 days

Conclusion/Summary

Code	00202406					Dat	te of issue	26	6 April 2022	Version	(6
Product nar	ne	PPG AQU	ACOVE	R 20 B	ASE L							
						•						

Section 11. Toxicological information

			U					
	Skin	:	There are	e no data a	available on the mixture itself.			
	Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
	Respiratory	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
<u>Se</u>	ensitization							
Ν	ot available.							
<u>c</u>	Conclusion/Summary							
	Skin	:	There are	e no data a	available on the mixture itself.			
	Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
M	<u>utagenicity</u>							
Ν	ot available.							
C	Conclusion/Summary	÷	There are	e no data a	available on the mixture itself.			
	arcinogenicity							
	ot available.							
	Sanaluaian/Summaria		Thora and	o no doto -	weileble on the mixture itself			
	Conclusion/Summary	÷	i nere are	e no data a	available on the mixture itself.			
-	<u>Classification</u>							
	Product/ingredient name		OSHA	IARC	NTP			

USHA	IARC	NIF
-	2B	-
-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
-	3	-
-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
	- - -	

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	•••	Route of exposure	Target organs
✓alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

English (US)	Colombia 8/13	1
English (US)	Colombia 8/13	1

... -. . r

Name		Category	Route of exposure	Target organs		
crystalline silica, respirable	powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-		
<u>Target organs</u>	bone marrow. Contains materia lungs, gastrointes	l which causes damage l which may cause dama stinal tract, cardiovascula tral nervous system (CN	age to the following ar system, upper re	ı organs: blood, kidney espiratory tract, immun		
Aspiration hazard Not available.						
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.					
Potential acute health effec	<u>:ts</u>					
Eye contact	: No known signific	ant effects or critical haz	zards.			
Inhalation	: No known signific	ant effects or critical haz	zards.			
Skin contact	: Causes mild skin	irritation.				
Ingestion	: No known signific	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Symptoms related to the pl	nysical, chemical and	toxicological characte	<u>ristics</u>			
Eye contact	: Adverse sympton pain or irritation watering redness	ns may include the follow	ving:			
Inhalation	: No specific data.					
Skin contact	: Adverse symptom irritation redness	ns may include the follow	<i>l</i> ing:			
Ingestion	: No specific data.					
Delayed and immediate effe	ects and also chronic	effects from short and	long term expos	ure		
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data silica which can o duration and leve applications. For coating formulatio meaningful poten product is applied spray applications	a available on the mixture ause lung cancer or silic l of exposure to dust from many PPG products, Tir on. In this case, the TiO2 tial for human exposure d with a brush or roller. So s may be harmful dependence se of appropriate person	e itself. This produ cosis. The risk of com m sanding surfaces O2 is utilized as a 2 particles are bou to unbound particles Sanding the coating ding on the duratio	uct contains crystalline cancer depends on the s or mist from spray raw material in a liquid nd in a matrix with no es of TiO2 when the g surface or mist from n and level of exposur		

Date of issue

engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the

Section 11. Toxicological information

		•
		above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short- term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

oonorai	
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
PPG AQUACOVER 20 BASE L barium diboron tetraoxide zinc oxide isobutyric acid, monoester with 2,2,4-trimethylpentane-1,3-diol	20223.3 850 N/A 6500	29638.7 2500 2500 N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A	574.3 N/A N/A N/A	28.3 1.5 N/A N/A
2-butoxyethanol reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin- 3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	1200 53	2500 50	N/A N/A	11 0.5	1.5 0.05

Other information

: Not available.

26 April 2022

6

Section 12. Ecological information

_				
Fr	ot	OX	CI	tv
	<u>U</u>			<u>.</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Fish	30 days
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
isobutyric acid, monoester with 2,2,4-trimethylpentane- 1,3-diol	Acute LC50 33 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-butoxyethanol	Acute LC50 1474 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
-	Chronic NOEC >100 mg/l	Fish	21 days

Date of issue

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
isobutyric acid, monoester with 2,2,4-trimethylpentane- 1,3-diol	OECD 301B	>76 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	-	Biodeg	radability
isobutyric acid, monoester with 2,2,4-trimethylpentane- 1,3-diol 2-butoxyethanol	-		-		Readily Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
isobutyric acid, monoester with 2,2,4-trimethylpentane- 1,3-diol	3.2	-	low
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.
Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply
with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation
and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-
recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be
disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of
all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration
or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material

Section 13. Disposal considerations

and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (trizinc bis	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (trizinc bis	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
	(orthophosphate), zinc oxide)	(trizinc bis (orthophosphate), zinc oxide)	(orthophosphate), zinc oxide)	(trizinc bis (orthophosphate), zinc oxide)
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9	9
Packing group	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(trizinc bis (orthophosphate), zinc oxide)	Not applicable.

Additional inform	nation
UN	: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.
Brazil	: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.
Risk number	: 90
IMDG	: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.
ΙΑΤΑ	: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.
Special precaution	ons for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bull to IMO instrume	

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of previous issue	: 9/3/2021	
Version	: 6	
	EHS	
Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Good by Rail UN = United Nations	5
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

6