SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision 14 June 2022

Version 6.01

Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 40840-BHARD/4L
Product identifier	: NOVAGUARD 840/890 HARDENER CREAM
Recommended use and rest	<u>rictions</u>
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier's details	 PPG Industries Australia Pty Limited (ABN 82 055 500 939) 14-20 McNaughton Rd CLAYTON Victoria 3168 Tel: (03) 9263 6000 Fax: (03) 9263 6970
Emergency telephone number	: Australia 1800 883 254 / New Zealand 0800 000 096 For international shipping emergencies: 1-412-391-1618

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

	. ,
Classification of the substance or mixture	: ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: DANGER
Hazard statements	: Harmful if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a
	Australia GHS Page: 1/12

Australia GHS Page: 1/12



Version 6.01

Product name NOVAGUARD 840/890 HARDENER CREAM

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

	POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number EC number	: Not applicable. : Mixture.		
Ingredient name		CAS number	% (w/w)
2,2'-dimethyl-4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine) benzyl alcohol N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol		6864-37-5 100-51-6 1760-24-3 90-72-2	>60 10 - <30 1 - <10 1 - <10

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment or have an OEL and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	sary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation : Toxic if inhaled. **Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Toxic in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. : Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain vatering edness		
Inhalation	No specific data.		
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation edness plistering may occur		
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains		
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician	n case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it s suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate nask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing horoughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.		
See toxicological information (Section 11)			

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extin	guish	ing	media

Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	-	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Hazchem code	:	Not applicable.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ctiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for co	ntai	nment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures :	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general : occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 13 for waste disposal.

as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
		for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

penzyl alcohol		DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. PEAK: 44 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15
		minutes. PEAK: 10 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 22 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilat	ily with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust tion or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne ninants below any recommended or statutory limits.
For products that are spraye NZS 4114.	d, where prac	cticable use a spray booth designed and maintained in accordance with AS/
Environmental exposure controls	they co cases,	ons from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure omply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process nent will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	<u>sures</u>	
Hygiene measures	eating, Approp Contan contar	hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. oriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. ninated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash ninated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety rs are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection <u>Skin protection</u>	: Chemio	cal splash goggles and face shield.
Hand protection	be wor this is r check o should differer	cal-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should n at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be nt for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of I substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately ted.
Gloves	: nitrile i	neoprene
Body protection	being p	nal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist handling this product.

Date of issue 14 June 2022

Product code 40840-BHARD/4L

Product name NOVAGUARD 840/890 HARDENER CREAM

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Restrictions on use	: Not applicable.

References: Eye protectors should conform to AS/NZS 1336 and AS/NZS 1337. Chemical-resistant gloves should conform to AS/NZS 2161.1. Respiratory protection should conform to AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Occupational footwear should conform to AS/NZS 2210.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Clear.
Odour	: Amine-like.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapour pressure	: Not available.
Vapour density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.97
Bulk Density (g/cm ³)	: 0.96
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not Applicable

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	1	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	;	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Section 10. Stabin	Ly	and reactivity
Conditions to avoid	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7). When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2'-dimethyl-4,4'- methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	420 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>0.2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>0.32 g/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>4178 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.23 g/kg	-
N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl) ethylenediamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	2413 mg/kg	-
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.28 g/kg	-
.	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1280 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
₹,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	Skin - Visible necrosis	Rabbit	-	4 hours	7 days

Conclusion/Summary Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself. : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Eyes Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Sensitisation** Not available. **Conclusion/Summary** Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Mutagenicity** Not available. **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

Version 6.01

Section 11. Toxicological information

		gical information		
Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity Not available.	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
Conclusion/Summary <u>Teratogenicity</u> Not available.	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxicit Not available.		There are no data available on the mixture itself. <u>single exposure)</u>		
Specific target organ toxicit	ty (repeated exposure)		
Not available.				
Aspiration hazard Not available.				
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.		
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact		Causes serious eye damage.		
Inhalation		Toxic if inhaled.	May aguag an allarg	ia akin
Skin contact		Causes severe burns. Toxic in contact with skin reaction.	. May cause an allergi	IC SKIII
Ingestion	3	Harmful if swallowed.		
Symptoms related to the phy	si	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics		
Eye contact		Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness		
Inhalation	1	No specific data.		
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur		
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains		
Delayed and immediate effect	:ts	as well as chronic effects from short and long	<u>-term exposure</u>	
Conclusion/Summary		There are no data available on the mixture itself. forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If sw or fatal or cause blindness. This product either of of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a re component solvent vapour concentrations in exc exposure limit may result in adverse health effect respiratory system irritation and adverse effects of nervous system. Symptoms and signs include he muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme	Trimethoxysilanes ar allowed, methanol may contains formaldehyde certain conditions. For espiratory sensitizer. I ess of the stated occup ts such as mucous me on the kidneys, liver ar eadache, dizziness, fa	y be harmful or is capable maldehyde is Exposure to pational embrane and nd central tigue,
			Australia GHS	Page: 8/12

Section 11. Toxicological information

		Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
YOVAGUARD 840/890 HARDENER CREAM	583.8	365.7	N/A	312.1	0.6
2,2'-dimethyl-4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	500	300	N/A	N/A	0.5
benzyl alcohol	1230	2000	N/A	N/A	1.5
N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine	2413	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1200	1280	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
₽,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Acute LC50 175 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
benzyl alcohol	-	-	Readily

Australia GHS Page: 9/12

Section 12. Ecological information

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2,2'-dimethyl-4,4'- methylenebis (cyclohexylamine) benzyl alcohol	1.8 0.87	-	low
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	0.219	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and
	any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities
	with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling
	emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	ADG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN2922	UN2922	UN2922
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (2,2'- dimethyl-4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine), 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (2,2'- dimethyl-4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine), 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (2,2'- dimethyl-4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine), 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol)
Transport hazard class (es)	8 (6.1)	8 (6.1)	8 (6.1)
Packing group	II	II	II
Australia GHS Page: 10/12			

Section 14. Transport information

	-		
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(2,2'-dimethyl-4,4'- methylenebis (cyclohexylamine))	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADG	: None identified.
Hazchem code	: Not applicable.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Sc	heduling of Medicines and Poisons
SUSMP	: Not scheduled
Model Work Health and Safe	ty Regulations - Scheduled Substances
No listed substance	
Australia inventory (AIIC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand (NZIoC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
International regulations	
Chemical Weapon Convent	tion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.	
Montreal Protocol	
Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention on	Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.	
Rotterdam Convention on I	Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.	
UNECE Aarhus Protocol or	POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.	

Version 6.01

Date of issue 14 June 2022

Section 16. Any other relevant information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 14 June 2022
Date of previous issue	: 10/8/2021
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.