# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**SIGMARINE 24 BROWN** 



Date of issue 9 August 2022

Version 27

1. Product and company identification		
Product name	: SIGMARINE 24 BROWN	
Product code	: 00136772	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: ₱ PG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777	
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777	

2. Hazards identification		
GHS Classification	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 2 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 2</li> </ul>	
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS)) Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>	
Precautionary statement		

# 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.	
Response	-	Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.	
Storage	:	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.	
Disposal	1	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	;	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.	

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

#### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
CSCL number	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	15 - <20	64742-82-1	Not available.
n-Nonane	2 - <3	111-84-2	2-9
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1 - <2	95-63-6	3-3427; 3-7
zinc phosphate	0.5 - <1	7779-90-0	1-1181; 1-526
Xylene	0.5 - <1	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
crystalline silica (quartz)	0.2 - <0.5	14808-60-7	1-548
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	0.2 - <0.5	136-51-6	2-611
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	0.2 - <0.5	22464-99-9	2-615
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(12-hydroxyoctadecan-	0.2 - <0.5	123-26-2	2-2720
1-amide)			
ethyl benzene	0.1 - <0.2	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>	
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>	
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.	

Product code 00136772 Product name SIGMARINE :	Date of issue 9 August 2022 Version 27 24 BROWN	
4. First aid measures		
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
Most important symptoms/e Potential acute health effe		
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.	
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>ptoms</u>	
Eye contact	: No specific data.	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
ndication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.			
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up			
: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			
: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.			

### 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handling handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only nonsparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. Conditions for safe storage : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
p-Nonane	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2021). OEL-M: 1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL-M: 200 ppm 8 hours.	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2021). OEL-M: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL-M: 25 ppm 8 hours.	
Xylene	ISHL (Japan, 6/2020). [xylene] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2021). OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours. OEL-M: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
crystalline silica (quartz)	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2021). [Respirable crystalline silica] OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Respirable dust	
ethyl benzene	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. OEL-M: 87 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL-M: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
	Japan Page: 5/14	

ISHL (Japan, 6/2020).

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

necessary.

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Recommended monitoring : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness procedures of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. Appropriate engineering : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants controls below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure **Environmental exposure** they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some controls cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Individual protection measures **Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye protection : Safety glasses with side shields. **Skin protection** Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Gloves : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Recommended: nitrile rubber **Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be Other skin protection selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the **Respiratory protection** hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed

respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Brown.
Odor	: Aromatic.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 40°C (104°F)
Relative density	: 1.39
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

10. Stability and reactivity				
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.			
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.			
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides			

## **11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

Acuto	toxicity
Acute	UNICITY

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
n-Nonane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3200 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16790 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
zinc phosphate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours
,	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
ethyl benzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
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# 11. Toxicological information

### LD50 Oral Rat 3.5 g/kg

Irritation/Corrosion					
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Kylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-Nonane	Category 2	-	central nervous system (CNS)
	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
ethyl benzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 2	-	central nervous system (CNS), lungs
zinc phosphate	Category 1	-	blood system
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory organs
crystalline silica (quartz)	Category 1	-	immune system, kidneys, respiratory organs
ethyl benzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Japan

### 11. Toxicological information

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
n-Nonane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethyl benzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health eff	ects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact Inhalation		No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff	<u>cts</u>	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or derma	

### 11. Toxicological information

- Carcinogenicity
- : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- **Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity**
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMARINE 24 BROWN	N/A	N/A	N/A	262.3	N/A
n-Nonane	N/A	N/A	N/A	16.79	N/A
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethyl benzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A

#### **Other information**

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

### 12. Ecological information

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#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
zínc phosphate	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
• •	Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Fish	30 days
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	Acute EC50 29 to 43 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
ethyl benzene	Acute EC50 94 mg/l Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Daphnia Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours 48 hours -

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	-	63 % - 28	days	-		-
ethyl benzene	-	79 % - Re	adily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half	-life	Photolysis		Biodegr	adability
▼ylene N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide) ethyl benzene	-		-		Readily Readily Readily	

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### 12. Ecological information

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
-Nonane 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Xylene N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	5.65 3.63 3.12 >6	- 120.23 7.4 to 18.5 -	high Iow Iow high
ethyl benzene	3.6	79.43	low

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA	
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	3
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	
Packing group		III		
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The enviror hazardous substar not require	nce mark is
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy, nonane)	Not applica	ble.
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### 14. Transport information

#### Additional information

UN: None identified.IMDG: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.IATA: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transported in sizes	
Special precauti	regulations. ons for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

#### Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### **15. Regulatory information**

#### Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

#### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
7,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Class 1	296

#### <u>ISHL</u>

#### Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

None of the components are listed.

#### Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Petroleum naphtha	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	330
Nonane	≤10 <10	Listed	432
Trimethylbenzene	≤10 <10	Listed	404
Xylene	≤10 ≤10	Listed	136
Crystalline silica Ethylbenzene	≤10 ≤10	Listed Listed	165-2 70

#### **Chemicals requiring notification**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
✓etroleum naphtha Nonane Trimethylbenzene Xylene Crystalline silica Ethylbenzene	≥10 - ≤20 ≤10 ≤10 ≤10 ≤10 ≤10 ≤10	Listed Listed Listed Listed Listed Listed	330 432 404 136 165-2 70

#### <u>Carcinogen</u>

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### 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
<b>e</b> thylbenzene	≤10	Listed	-

#### **Mutagen**

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid	: Not listed
Occupational Safety and Health Law	: Inflammable, Combustible
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable, Combustible
Lead regulation Organic solvents	<ul><li>Not listed</li><li>Not applicable.</li></ul>
poisoning prevention	

#### **Poisonous and Deleterious Substances**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)**

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1.5277	Priority assessment	49
Xylene	0.69778	Priority assessment	125
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.32214	Priority assessment	201
Ethylbenzene	0.11915	Priority assessment	50
Butan-2-one oxime	0.09863	Priority assessment	262
Cumene	0.095648	Priority assessment	126
Toluene	0.0022177	Priority assessment	46
2-Butoxyethanol	0.001012	Priority assessment	109
Methyl ethyl ketone	0.001	Priority assessment	115
Benzene	0.000092866	Priority assessment	45

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

#### **Explosives Control Law**

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

### 15. Regulatory information

#### Maritime Safety Law

#### Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

#### **Container class**

None of the components are listed.

Road law	: Not available.
Japan inventory	: At least one component is not listed.
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed
JSOH Carcinogen	: Group 1

### 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9 August 2022
Date of previous issue	: 8/12/2021
Version	: 27
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals</li> <li>IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail</li> <li>UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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