# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue/Date of revision 11 August 2022 Version 8

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: AMERSHIELD LIGHT GRAY F/S 26373	
Product code	: 00427943	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272	
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)	
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762	

## Section 2. Hazards identification

(29 CFR 1910.1200).	OSHA/HCS status
Classification of the substance or mixture : CAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ✓ercentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 62.6 (oral), 62.6% (dermal), 62.6% (inhalation)	

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This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

	engineering controls (see Section 8).
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Fammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Moisture-sensitive material. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the
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	respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
Hazards not otherwise classified	<ul> <li>May form explosive peroxides. Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.</li> </ul>

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Product name

: Mixture

: AMERSHIELD LIGHT GRAY F/S 26373

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Wollastonite	≥20 - ≤50	13983-17-0
n-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤20	123-86-4
titanium dioxide	≥5.0 - ≤10	13463-67-7
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥5.0 - ≤10	108-65-6
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	763-69-9
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	<1.0	14808-60-7
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	<1.0	41556-26-7
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	<1.0	4083-64-1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	<1.0	82919-37-7

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/e	
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties</li> </ul>
	asthma
	nausea or vomiting
	headache
	drowsiness/fatigue
	dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	irritation
	redness
	dryness
	cracking
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
	Skeletal mailonnations
ndication of immodiate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before remerving it, or wear gives
	before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and

explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Special provisions	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. May form explosive peroxides. Keep away from combustible materials. Avoid shock and friction. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance
including any	with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original
incompatibilities	container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away
-	from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up.
	Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly
	closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be
	carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled
	containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
	Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water.
	$CO_2$ will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Nollastonite	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
Wonastonine	
	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
n-butyl acetate	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). [Butyl
	acetates]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
itanium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	IPEL (-, 10/2017). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 30 ppm
	STEL: 90 ppm
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	IPEL (-).
	TWA: 50 ppm
	STEL: 100 ppm
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). [Silica,
	crystalline]
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica,
	crystalline]
	TWA: 50 µg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	dust
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	None.
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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

4-isocvanatosulphonvltoluene	4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene None.					
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4	-piperidyl sebacate	None.				
L	Key to abbreviations					
C = Ceiling Limit F = Fume IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposu OSHA = Occupational Safety and He R = Respirable	overnmental Industrial Hygienists. ure Limit ealth Administration. Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances	S= Potential skin absorptionSR= Respiratory sensitizationSS= Skin sensitizationSTEL= Short term Exposure limit valuesTD= Total dustTLV= Threshold Limit ValueTWA= Time Weighted Average				
Recommended monitoring : procedures	the ventilation or other control measur protective equipment. Reference sho	may be required to determine the effectiveness of res and/or the necessity to use respiratory build be made to appropriate monitoring standards. ments for methods for the determination of				
Appropriate engineering : controls : Environmental exposure :	other engineering controls to keep wor recommended or statutory limits. The vapor or dust concentrations below an ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work pro-	Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or orker exposure to airborne contaminants below any e engineering controls also need to keep gas, ny lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ocess equipment should be checked to ensure				
controls		environmental protection legislation. In some neering modifications to the process equipment s to acceptable levels.				
Individual protection measures						
Hygiene measures :	eating, smoking and using the lavatory Appropriate techniques should be use Contaminated work clothing should no	oughly after handling chemical products, before ry and at the end of the working period. ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. ot be allowed out of the workplace. Wash . Ensure that eyewash stations and safety location.				
	Safety glasses with side shields.					
Skin protection						
Hand protection :	worn at all times when handling cheminecessary. Considering the parameter during use that the gloves are still retain noted that the time to breakthrough for	s complying with an approved standard should be nical products if a risk assessment indicates this is ers specified by the glove manufacturer, check aining their protective properties. It should be or any glove material may be different for different mixtures, consisting of several substances, the be accurately estimated.				
Gloves :	butyl rubber	-				

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air-fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Restrictions on use	<ul> <li>The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.</li> <li>Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.</li> </ul>

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Gray.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 45°C (113°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.34
Density(lbs / gal)	: 11.18
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	: 🕱6% (v/v), 24.144% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	: 75.856

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>n</b> -butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
acetate			-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
4-piperidyl) sebacate				
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	LD50 Oral	Rat	2234 mg/kg	-
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
4-piperidyl sebacate				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the	he mixture itse	lf	I
rritation/Corrosion				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data available on the	ne mixture itse	lf.	
Eves	• There are no data available on the	ne mixture itse	lf	

Eyes: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

<u>Sensitization</u>

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<u>Conclusion/Summary</u>	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Classification</b>	

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
₩ollastonite titanium dioxide crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	- -	3 2B 1	- - Known to be a human carcinogen.

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	- - -	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-

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Target organs
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: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

#### Eye contact

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
<ul> <li>Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> </ul>
: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
ptoms
: No specific data.
: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
wheezing and breathing difficulties
asthma
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
: 🗖 dverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
dryness
cracking
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache,

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name			Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases)	Inhalation (vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and
Acute toxicity estimates							
Numerical measures of toxic	<u>ity</u>						
Reproductive toxicity	1	Suspected of damaging	ng fertility or	the unborn c	hild.		
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant	effects or cri	tical hazards.			
Carcinogenicity	:	May cause cancer. R		r depends on	duration and	level of expo	sure.
General	:	Prolonged or repeated dermatitis. Once sen exposed to very low le	sitized, a sev				
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ect</u>	<u>s</u>					
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data ava	ailable on the	e mixture itse	lf.		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data ava	ailable on the	e mixture itsel	lf.		
Long term exposure							
effects Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data ava	ailable on the	e mixture itse	lf.		
Short term exposure Potential immediate	:	There are no data ava	ailable on the	e mixture itse	lf.		
		the skin. There is sor combination with cons from exposure to nois and reversible damag takes into account, wi effects of components dermal routes of expo	stant loud no se alone. If s je. Ingestion here known, s from short-	ise can caus plashed in th may cause r delayed and term and long	e greater hear le eyes, the liq nausea, diarrh immediate eff	ing loss than juid may caus ea and vomit ects and also	expected se irritation ing. This chronic

	kg)	(mg/kg)	(gases) (ppm)	(vapors) (mg/l)	(dusts and mists) (mg/ l)
p-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	3200	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	2234	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<b>P</b> -butyl acetate titanium dioxide 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	Acute LC50 18 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours 48 hours 96 hours
acetate ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Acute LC50 60.9 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

United States Page: 1
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### Section 12. Ecological information

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	TEPA and OECD 301D		dily - 28 days dily - 28 days	-		-
acetate						
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate			-		Readily Readily	
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	-		-		Readily	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>p</b> -butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	1.47	-	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been
	Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Product name AMERSHIELD LIGHT GRAY F/S 26373

### 14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	111	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	34655.5	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	(n-butyl acetate)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

- **DOT** : This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.
- IMDG : None identified.
- IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: pentane-2,4-dione

Listed

SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Product name AMERSHIELD LIGHT GRAY F/S 26373

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Classification	: 🗾 AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3
	HNOC - Defatting irritant
	HNOC - May form explosive peroxides.

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
n-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 HNOC - Defatting irritant
titanium dioxide	≥5.0 - ≤10	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥5.0 - ≤10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 HNOC - Defatting irritant HNOC - May form explosive peroxides.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	<1.0	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	<1.0	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	<1.0	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate	<1.0	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

#### California Prop. 65

MARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

### Section 16. Other information

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Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)
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Health : 2 \* Flammability : 2 Physical hazards : 0

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

United States Page: 16/17

### Product name AMERSHIELD LIGHT GRAY F/S 26373

### Section 16. Other information

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 Flammat Date of previous issue Organization that prepared the SDS	bility : 2 Instability : 0 : 5/30/2021 : EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.