

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Safety Data Sheet according to GB/T 16483-2008 and GB/T 17519-2013

Date of issue/Date of revision 21 September 2022

Version 4.01

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Product code : 10100-BHARD/4L
Product name : AMERLOCK SEALER HARDENER
Product name : AMERLOCK SEALER HARDENER
Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications, Used by spraying.
**Use of the substance/
mixture** : Coating.
Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Supplier's details : PPG Coatings (Kunshan) Co., Ltd
53 Jinyang Road, Lujia Town,
215331 Kunshan City, Jiangsu Province, P.R. China
Tel: 86 512 57678859 Fax: 86 512 57678857

**Emergency telephone
number (with hours of
operation)** : 00 86 532 83889090

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

Emergency overview

Liquid.
Colorless.
Amine-like.
Combustible liquid.
Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye damage.
Fatal if inhaled.
May cause respiratory irritation.
Suspected of causing cancer.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Toxic to aquatic life.
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Section 2. Hazards identification

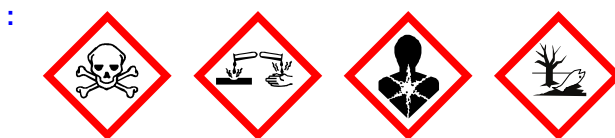
See Section 12 for environmental precautions.

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 14.4%
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 24.1%
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 69.1%
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 56.1%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: Combustible liquid.
Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye damage.
Fatal if inhaled.
May cause respiratory irritation.
Suspected of causing cancer.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Toxic to aquatic life.
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Section 2. Hazards identification

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Response | : Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Storage | : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. |
| Disposal | : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Physical and chemical hazards | : Combustible liquid. |
| Health hazards | : Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Fatal if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| | |
|--------------|---|
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains |

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Section 2. Hazards identification

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Environmental hazards : Toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|--|----------|---------------------|
| Furfuryl alcohol | 10 - <25 | 98-00-0 |
| Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α -(2-aminomethylethyl)- ω -(2-aminomethylethoxy)- | 10 - <25 | 9046-10-0 (n = 2-6) |
| Polyaminoamide | 10 - <25 | 68082-29-1 |
| Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with toluene | 10 - <25 | 25155-81-1 |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich | 10 - <25 | 68515-49-1 |
| benzyl alcohol | 1 - <10 | 100-51-6 |
| Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated | 1 - <10 | 135108-88-2 |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | 1 - <10 | 90-72-2 |
| nonylphenol | 1 - <10 | 25154-52-3 |
| 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin | 1 - <10 | 112-24-3 |
| salicylic acid | 1 - <10 | 69-72-7 |
| 4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine) | 1 - <10 | 1761-71-3 |
| toluene | 0.1 - <1 | 108-88-3 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : Fatal if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
dryness
cracking
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| | |
|---|--|
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage. |

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Furfuryl alcohol toluene | GBZ 2.1 (China, 8/2019). Absorbed through skin. PC-STEL: 60 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PC-TWA: 40 mg/m ³ 8 hours. GBZ 2.1 (China, 8/2019). Absorbed through skin. PC-STEL: 100 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PC-TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye protection** : Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Gloves** : nitrile neoprene
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Colorless.
- Odor** : Amine-like.
- Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 91°C (195.8°F)

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.8% Upper: 16.3% (furfuryl alcohol)

Relative density : 1.02

Solubility(ies) :

| Media | Result |
|-------|--------|
|-------|--------|

| | |
|------------|-------------|
| Cold water | Not soluble |
|------------|-------------|

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--|------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| Furfuryl alcohol | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 934 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 233 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 400 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | 3825 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 0.132 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | 2980 mg/kg | - |
| Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)- | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2885 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >2 g/kg | - |
| Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with toluene | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 16000 mg/kg | - |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich | LD50 Oral | Rat | >60000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >4178 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| benzyl alcohol | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | | |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|--------|---------------------|---------|
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1.23 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.28 g/kg | - |
| nonylphenol | LD50 Dermal | Rat | 1280 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1200 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2.14 g/kg | - |
| 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin | LD50 Oral | Rat | 580 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1465 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1716 mg/kg | - |
| salicylic acid | LD50 Oral | Rat | 0.891 g/kg | - |
| 4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine) | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2.11 g/kg | - |
| toluene | LD50 Oral | Rat | 0.625 g/kg | - |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 49 g/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 8.39 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5580 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---|-------------------------|---------|-------|----------|-------------|
| 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol | Skin - Visible necrosis | Rabbit | - | 4 hours | 7 days |

Sensitization

| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|---|-------------------|------------|-------------|
| Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated | skin | Guinea pig | Sensitizing |
| 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin | skin | Guinea pig | Sensitizing |

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| furfuryl alcohol | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with toluene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| toluene | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| | | |
|--|--|---------------------|
| Product code 10100-BHARD/4L | Date of issue 21 September 2022 | Version 4.01 |
| Product name AMERLOCK SEALER HARDENER | | |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| furfuryl alcohol | Category 2 | - | - |
| Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated | Category 2 | oral | kidneys |
| 4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine) | Category 2 | oral | - |
| toluene | Category 2 | - | - |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|----------------|--------------------------------|
| benzyl alcohol | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 |
| toluene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : Fatal if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
dryness
cracking
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential chronic health effects

- General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|---|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| AMERLOCK SEALER HARDENER | 416.4 | 1055.8 | N/A | 1.3 | 5.3 |
| furfuryl alcohol | 132 | 400 | N/A | 0.934 | N/A |
| Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)- | 2885 | 2980 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with toluene | 2500 | 2500 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich | N/A | 16000 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| benzyl alcohol | 1230 | 2000 | N/A | N/A | 1.5 |
| Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated | 500 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | 1200 | 1280 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| nonylphenol | 580 | 2140 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin | 1716 | 1465 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| salicylic acid | 891 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine) | 625 | 2110 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| toluene | 5580 | 8390 | N/A | 49 | N/A |

Other information :

Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|----------|
| Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α -(2-aminomethylethyl)- ω -(2-aminomethylethoxy)-Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol nonylphenol salicylic acid | EC50 15 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 63 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 175 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 0.056 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus | 72 hours |
| | Chronic EC10 0.003 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus | 72 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 1 μ g/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 21 days |
| | Acute EC50 1147.57 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia longispina - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 5.6 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 21 days |

Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α -(2-aminomethylethyl)- ω -(2-aminomethylethoxy)-benzyl alcohol toluene | - | - | Not readily |
| | - | - | Readily |
| | - | - | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------------------|------------|-----------|
| Furfuryl alcohol 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich benzyl alcohol Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol nonylphenol 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin salicylic acid 4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine) toluene | 0.3 | - | low |
| | 8.8 | - | high |
| | 0.87 | - | low |
| | - | 209 to 219 | low |
| | 0.219 | - | low |
| | 3.28 | 154.88 | low |
| | -1.66 to -1.4 | - | low |
| | 2.21 to 2.26 | - | low |
| | 2.03 | - | low |
| | 2.73 | 8.32 | low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | China | UN | IMDG | IATA |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| UN number | UN3066 | UN3066 | UN3066 | UN3066 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Packing group | II | II | II | II |
| Environmental hazards | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | (nonylphenol, 4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)) | Not applicable. |

Additional information

CN : None identified.

UN : None identified.

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not applicable.

Section 15. Regulatory information

China inventory (IECSC) : All components are listed or exempted.

References : Production Safety Law of the People's Republic of China
Code of Occupational Disease Prevention of the People's Republic of China
Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China
Fire Control Law of the People's Republic of China
Regulations on the Control over Safety of Dangerous Chemicals
Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace chemical hazardous agents (GBZ2.1)
General rule for classification and hazard communication of chemicals (GB13690)
Safety data sheet for chemical products - Content and order of sections (GB/T16483)
Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheet for chemical products (GB/T17519)
General rule for preparation of precautionary label for chemicals (GB15258)
Safety rules for classification, precautionary labeling and precautionary statements of chemicals (GB30000.2-29)

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue/Date of revision : 21 September 2022

Date of previous issue : 7/15/2021

Version : 4.01

EHS

Key to abbreviations : ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

[Notice to reader](#)

Section 16. Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.