# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Date of issue/Date of revision 21 September 2022

Version 9.02

# Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 10100-BHARD/4L
Product identifier	: AMERLOCK SEALER HARDENER
Recommended use and rest	rictions
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier's details	: PPG Industries Australia Pty Limited (ABN 82 055 500 939) 14-20 McNaughton Rd CLAYTON Victoria 3168 Tel: (03) 9263 6000 Fax: (03) 9263 6970
Emergency telephone number	: Australia 1800 883 254 / New Zealand 0800 000 096 For international shipping emergencies: 1-412-391-1618

# Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture       : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4         ACUTE TOXICITY (inal) - Category 4       ACUTE TOXICITY (inalation) - Category 4         SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1       SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1         SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 2       SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE (Category 2         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2         Signal word       :         Hazard statements         Hazard statements         :       Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.         Precautionary statements       :         Prevention       :         So not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling.
substance or mixture       ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4         ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4         ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4         SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1         SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1         SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 2         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2         GHS label elements         Hazard pictograms         :       Image: Combustible liquid.         Hazard statements         :       Combustible liquid.         Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.         Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.         May cause enspiratory irritation.         Suspected of causing cancer.         May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
substance or mixture       ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4         ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4         SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B         SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1         SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 2         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2         Signal word       :         Hazard statements       :         Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause erespiratory irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.
substance or mixture       ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4         ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4         SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B         SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1         SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1         CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract         irritation) - Category 3         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2         CHS label elements         Hazard pictograms         :       OANGER         Hazard statements         :       Combustible liquid.
substance or mixture       ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4         ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4         SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B         SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1         SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 2         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2         GHS label elements         Hazard pictograms
substance or mixture       ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4         ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4         SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B         SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1         SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 2         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2         GHS label elements
substance or mixtureACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
substance or mixture       ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4         ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4         SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B         SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1         SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1         CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

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### Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

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Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	-	Not applicable.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

**CAS number/other identifiers** 

CAS number	: Not applicable.
EC number	: Mixture.

Ingredient name	CAS number	% (w/w)
furfuryl alcohol	98-00-0	10 - <30
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-	9046-10-0 (n = 2-6)	10 - <30
(2-aminomethylethoxy)-		
Polyaminoamide	68082-29-1	10 - <30
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	1 - <10
Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	135108-88-2	1 - <10
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	90-72-2	1 - <10
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	112-24-3	1 - <10
4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	1761-71-3	1 - <10

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment or have an OEL and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

<b>Description of necess</b>	sary first aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
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### Section 4. First aid measures

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Ingestion
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: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

most important symptoms/enects, acute and delayed		
Potential acute health effect		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.	
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>		
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain vatering edness	
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: espiratory tract irritation coughing	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation edness plistering may occur	
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	n case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be d The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 l	
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable trainin s suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropr nask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated cloth horoughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	riate son

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>
Hazchem code	: 2X

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

	ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general soccupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Occupational exposure limits	
furfuryl alcohol	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 60 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 40 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
benzyl alcohol	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021).
	Absorbed through skin.
	PEAK: 44 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15
	minutes.
	PEAK: 10 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15
	minutes.
	TWA: 22 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021).
	Skin sensitiser.
controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
For products that are sprayed, w NZS 4114.	nere practicable use a spray booth designed and maintained in accordance with AS/
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

#### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: nitrile neoprene
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Restrictions on use	: Not applicable.

References: Eye protectors should conform to AS/NZS 1336 and AS/NZS 1337. Chemical-resistant gloves should conform to AS/NZS 2161.1. Respiratory protection should conform to AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Occupational footwear should conform to AS/NZS 2210.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Amine-like.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 91°C (195.8°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.		
Vapour pressure	1	Not available.		
Vapour density	1	Not available.		
Relative density	1	1.02		
Solubility(ies)	:	Media	Result	
		cold water	Not soluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.		
Viscosity	:	Not Applicable		

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7). When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
furfuryl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	934 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	233 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	3825 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.132 g/kg	-
Poly[oxy(methyl-	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2980 mg/kg	-
1,2-ethanediyl)], α-				
(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-				
(2-aminomethylethoxy)-				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2885 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>4178 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.23 g/kg	-
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Section 11. Toxico	logical info	ormati	on						
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	LD50 Dermal			Rabbit		1.28	g/kg	-	
•	LD50 Dermal			Rat			mg/kg	-	
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal			Rat Rabbit		1200 mg/kg 1465 mg/kg		-	
4,4'-methylenebis	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal			Rat Rabbit			mg/kg	-	
(cyclohexylamine)	LD50 Dennar			Rabbit		2.11 g/kg -		-	
	LD50 Oral			Rat		0.625	5 g/kg	-	
Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion	: There are no da	ata availal	ble on	the mixtu	ure itsel	f.			
Product/ingredient name	Result		Spec	ies	Score	)	Exposure	C	bservation
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	Skin - Visible neci	rosis	Rabb	bit	-		4 hours	7	days
Conclusion/Summary									
Skin	: There are no da								
Eyes	: There are no da : There are no da								
Respiratory Sensitisation	: There are no da	ala avallai	ble on	ine mixit	ire itsei	1.			
	Doute of	Species				Deeu	14		
Product/ingredient name	exposure	Route of exposure     Species     Result							
Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	skin Guinea pig				Sens	itising			
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	skin Guinea pig Sensi					ensitising			
Conclusion/Summary	·								
Skin		: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
Respiratory	: There are no da	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
<u>Mutagenicity</u> Not available.									
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity Not available.	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.								
Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity Not available.	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.								
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no da	ata availal	ble on	the mixtu	ure itsel	f.			
<mark>Teratogenicity</mark> Not available.									

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	•••	Route of exposure	Target organs
furfuryl alcohol	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
furfuryl alcohol	Category 2	inhalation	-
Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	Category 2	oral	kidneys
4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	Category 2	oral	liver

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

#### Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

	s	known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	: 7	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: 1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	: 7	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: 1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ects	
Not available.		
General	S	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very ow levels.
Carcinogenicity		Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: 1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: 1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
AMERLOCK SEALER HARDENER	1338.4	3849.6	N/A	13.9	3.8
furfuryl alcohol	500	1100	N/A	3	N/A
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-	2885	2980	N/A	N/A	N/A
(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-					
benzyl alcohol	1230	2000	N/A	N/A	1.5
Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine,	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
hydrogenated					
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1200	1280	N/A	N/A	N/A
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	1716	1465	N/A	N/A	0.05
4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	625	2110	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity** 

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω- (2-aminomethylethoxy)-	EC50 15 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	Acute EC50 63 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Acute LC50 175 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], α-	-	-	Not readily
(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω- (2-aminomethylethoxy)-			
benzyl alcohol	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
furfuryl alcohol	0.3	-	low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	low
Formaldehyde, polymer with	-	209 to 219	low
benzenamine, hydrogenated			
2,4,6-tris	0.219	-	low
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol			
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	-1.66 to -1.4	-	low
4,4'-methylenebis	2.03	-	low
(cyclohexylamine)			

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld	Disposal methods	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld
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Product name AMERLOCK SEALER HARDENER

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	ADG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3066	UN3066	UN3066
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	8	8	8
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(nonylphenol, 4,4'- methylenebis (cyclohexylamine))	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

ADG Hazchem code	: None identified. : 2X
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

		Australia GHS	Page: 12/13
International regulations			
New Zealand (NZIoC)	: All components are listed or exempted.		
Australia inventory (AIIC)	: All components are listed or exempted.		
No listed substance			
Model Work Health and Saf	ety Regulations - Scheduled Substances		
SUSMP	: Not scheduled		
Standard for the Uniform Se	cheduling of Medicines and Poisons		

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.

### Section 16. Any other relevant information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 21 September 2022
Date of previous issue	: 6/14/2022
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

References : Not available. ✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.