

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue : 22 September 2022

Version : 4

## Section 1. Identification

Product code : 345634/310GM

Product name : WHITE KNIGHT SQUIRTS CREAM AEROSOL

Product type : Aerosol.

### Recommended use and restrictions

Use of the substance/  
mixture : Coating.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Supplier's details : PPG INDUSTRIES NEW ZEALAND LTD  
5 MONAHAN ROAD, MT WELLINGTON,  
AUCKLAND  
www.ppgnz.co.nz

Telephone Numbers:  
09 573 1620, 0800 659378  
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Emergency telephone  
number (with hours of  
operation) : New Zealand 0800 000 096 (24 hours) / Australia 1800 883 254 (24 hours)  
For international shipping emergencies: 1-412-391-1618

e-mail address of person  
responsible for this SDS : ehsnz@ppg.com

## Section 2. Hazards identification

HSNO Classification : AEROSOLS - Category 1  
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 2  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2

Symbol :



### GHS label elements

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements :  Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
May cause damage to organs.  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Precautionary statements

Prevention : Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

## Section 2. Hazards identification

- Response** : IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
- Storage** : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
- Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Notice 2017 and has been classified according to the Hazardous Substances (Classifications) Notice 2017. This material is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

**CAS number/other identifiers**

**Product code** : 345634/310GM

| Hazardous ingredients           | %        | CAS number |
|---------------------------------|----------|------------|
| dimethyl ether                  | 30 - 60  | 115-10-6   |
| n-butyl acetate                 | 10 - <30 | 123-86-4   |
| ethyl acetate                   | 10 - <30 | 141-78-6   |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 1 - <10  | 108-65-6   |
| acetone                         | 1 - <10  | 67-64-1    |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one            | 1 - <10  | 108-10-1   |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol       | 1 - <10  | 112-34-5   |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment or have an OEL and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
- Ingestion** : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eyes** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing
- Skin** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
dryness  
cracking
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Specific treatments** : Not available.
- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Not suitable** : None known.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
metal oxide/oxides

- Special precautions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient name                 | Exposure limits                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| dimethyl ether                  | <b>NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020).</b><br>WES-STEL: 958 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>WES-STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.<br>WES-TWA: 766 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>WES-TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.    |
| n-butyl acetate                 | <b>NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020).</b><br>WES-STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>WES-STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.<br>WES-TWA: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>WES-TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.    |
| ethyl acetate                   | <b>NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020).</b><br>WES-TWA: 720 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>WES-TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.                                                                                    |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | <b>Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). Absorbed through skin.</b><br>STEL: 548 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 274 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.     |
| acetone                         | <b>NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020).</b><br>WES-STEL: 2375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>WES-STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.<br>WES-TWA: 1185 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>WES-TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one            | <b>NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020).</b><br>WES-STEL: 307 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>WES-STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.<br>WES-TWA: 205 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.      |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol       | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).</b><br>TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor                                                                                                               |

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves** : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

May be used: nitrile rubber, Chloroprene  
Recommended: butyl rubber

**Eye protection** : Chemical splash goggles.

**Skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

**Physical state** : Liquid.  
Aerosol.

**Colour** : White to yellowish.

**Odour** : Hydrocarbon.

**Odour threshold** : Not available.

**pH** : Not available.

**Melting point** : Not available.

**Boiling point** : <35°C (<95°F)

**Flash point** : Closed cup: -17.8°C (-0.04°F)

**Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.

**Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapour pressure : Not available.

Relative density : 1.08

Solubility(ies) :

| Media      | Result  |
|------------|---------|
| Cold water | Soluble |

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <14 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (<14 cSt)

### Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Spray

Heat of combustion : 22.47 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability : The product may not be stable under certain conditions of storage or use.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidising materials  
strong acids  
strong alkalis

Hazardous decomposition products : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

Hazardous polymerisation : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

Skin contact : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin.  
Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing

Ingestion : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
dryness  
cracking

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name         | Result                 | Species | Dose                    | Exposure |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| dimethyl ether                  | LC50 Inhalation Gas.   | Rat     | 164000 ppm              | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 309 g/m <sup>3</sup>    | 4 hours  |
| n-butyl acetate                 | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | >21.1 mg/l              | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 2000 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | >17600 mg/kg            | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 10.768 g/kg             | -        |
| ethyl acetate                   | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | >5 g/kg                 | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 5620 mg/kg              | -        |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 30 mg/l                 | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | >5 g/kg                 | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 6190 mg/kg              | -        |
| acetone                         | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 76000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 15.8 g/kg               | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 5800 mg/kg              | -        |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one            | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 11 mg/l                 | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | >5000 mg/kg             | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 2.08 g/kg               | -        |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol       | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 2700 mg/kg              | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 4500 mg/kg              | -        |

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

##### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Eyes** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Sensitisation

##### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Potential chronic health effects

**General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Chronic toxicity

**Section 11. Toxicological information**

Not available.

**Carcinogenicity****Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.**Mutagenicity****Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.**Teratogenicity****Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.**Reproductive toxicity****Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.**Specific target organ toxicity**

| Name                      | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| ethyl acetate             | Category 2 | inhalation        | -             |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | Category 2 | -                 | -             |

**Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

**Numerical measures of toxicity****Acute toxicity estimates**

| Route                | ATE value     |
|----------------------|---------------|
| Oral                 | 9390.82 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (vapours) | 71.52 mg/l    |

**Other information** :

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/ aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

**Section 12. Ecological information****Ecotoxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.**Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name         | Result                               | Species                                 | Exposure |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|----------|
| dimethyl ether                  | Acute LC50 >4000 mg/l                | Fish                                    | 96 hours |
| n-butyl acetate                 | Acute LC50 18 mg/l                   | Fish                                    | 96 hours |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water      | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss              | 96 hours |
| acetone                         | Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water | Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa - Copepodid | 48 hours |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one            | Acute LC50 5540 mg/l                 | Fish                                    | 96 hours |
|                                 | Acute LC50 >179 mg/l                 | Fish                                    | 96 hours |

**Persistence/degradability**

## Product name WHITE KNIGHT SQUIRTS CREAM AEROSOL

## Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name         | Test               | Result                     | Dose | Inoculum |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|------|----------|
| n-butyl acetate                 | TEPA and OECD 301D | 83 % - Readily - 28 days   | -    | -        |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | -                  | 83 % - Readily - 28 days   | -    | -        |
| acetone                         | -                  | 90.9 % - Readily - 28 days | -    | -        |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one            | OECD 301F          | 83 % - Readily - 28 days   | -    | -        |

| Product/ingredient name         | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| n-butyl acetate                 | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| acetone                         | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one            | -                 | -          | Readily          |

## Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name         | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF | Potential |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| dimethyl ether                  | 0.07               | -   | low       |
| n-butyl acetate                 | 2.3                | -   | low       |
| ethyl acetate                   | 0.68               | -   | low       |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 1.2                | -   | low       |
| acetone                         | -0.23              | 3   | low       |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one            | 1.9                | -   | low       |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol       | 1                  | -   | low       |

## Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

**Not suitable:** : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

**14. Transport information**

|                             | NZ                                                                                       | IMDG                                                                                     | IATA                                                                                       |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| UN number                   | UN1950                                                                                   | UN1950                                                                                   | UN1950                                                                                     |
| UN proper shipping name     | AEROSOLS                                                                                 | AEROSOLS                                                                                 | Aerosols, flammable                                                                        |
| Transport hazard class(es)  | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br> |
| Packing group               | -                                                                                        | -                                                                                        | -                                                                                          |
| Environmental hazards       | No.                                                                                      | No.                                                                                      | No.                                                                                        |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable.                                                                          | Not applicable.                                                                          | Not applicable.                                                                            |

**Additional information**

NZ : None identified.

Hazchem code : Not applicable.

IMDG : None identified.

IATA : None identified.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not applicable.

**Section 15. Regulatory information**

**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)** : All components are listed or exempted.

**HSNO Approval Number** : HSR002515 Aerosols (Flammable)

**Emergency Management Regulations** : Level 1: Not applicable.

Level 2: MSDS required when any amount is present in a workplace.

Level 3: Emergency Response Plans and Secondary Containment required when 10000L is stored.

**Approved Handler** : Not applicable.

**International regulations****Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**

Not listed.

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2022

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## Section 15. Regulatory information

### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

**Date of issue** : 22 September 2022

📌 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Key to abbreviations** : STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit  
TWA = Time-Weighted Average  
WES = Work Exposure Standard

**References** : Not available.

**Organisation that prepared the SDS** : EHS

### Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.