SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision26 September 2022Version 20

Section 1. Identification	
Product name	: AMERCOAT 385 WHITE RESIN
Product code	: AT385-3/05
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Industrial applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 6.4% (oral), 12.3% (dermal), 57.8% (inhalation)
	This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or
	United States Page: 1/17

Product name AMERCOAT 385 WHITE RESIN

Section 2. Hazards identification

	engineering controls (see Section 8).
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Fammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	Mixture	
Product name	AMERCOAT 385 WHITI	E RESIN

United States Page: 2/17

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
pis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	≥20 - ≤50	1675-54-3
titanium dioxide	≥20 - ≤50	13463-67-7
heptan-2-one	≥5.0 - ≤9.3	110-43-0
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	64742-94-5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	≥1.0 - ≤4.6	64742-95-6
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≥0.10 - ≤2.9	95-63-6
naphthalene	<1.0	91-20-3
propylidynetrimethanol	≤1.0	77-99-6

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important sympto	ms/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/s	symptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Product name AMERCOAT 385 WHITE RESIN

Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	irritation
	redness
	dryness
	cracking
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non- emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	1	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and

explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Product name AMERCOAT 385 WHITE RESIN

Section 7. Handling and storage

Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	None.
titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
heptan-2-one	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
	TWA: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	None.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	None.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
	[Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)]
	TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
naphthalene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 52 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
propylidynetrimethanol	None.

Product name AMERCOAT 385 WHITE RESIN

Section 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

A ACGIH C F IPEL OSHA R Z	 Ceiling Limit Fume Internal Permissible Exp Occupational Safety and Respirable OSHA 29 CFR 1910.120 	eak f Governmental Industrial Hygier bosure Limit d Health Administration. 00 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazard	SS STEI TD TLV TWA Jous Substances	 R = Respiratory sensitization S = Skin sensitization EL = Short term Exposure limit values Total dust V = Threshold Limit Value
Consult	local authorities for a	acceptable exposure lin	nits.	
Recon proced	nmended monitoring lures	atmosphere or biolog the ventilation or othe protective equipment Reference to national	ical monitoring may be r control measures and Reference should be	osure limits, personal, workplace e required to determine the effectiveness of d/or the necessity to use respiratory e made to appropriate monitoring standards. for methods for the determination of
Approp control	riate engineering S	other engineering cor recommended or stat	ntrols to keep worker ex utory limits. The engin trations below any lowe	ocess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or exposure to airborne contaminants below any neering controls also need to keep gas, er explosive limits. Use explosion-proof
Environ controls	mental exposure s	they comply with the cases, fume scrubbe	requirements of enviror	equipment should be checked to ensure onmental protection legislation. In some g modifications to the process equipment sceptable levels.
Individu	al protection measur	<u>'es</u>		
	ne measures	: Wash hands, forearm eating, smoking and u Appropriate technique Contaminated work c contaminated clothing	using the lavatory and a es should be used to re lothing should not be al	after handling chemical products, before at the end of the working period. emove potentially contaminated clothing. allowed out of the workplace. Wash ure that eyewash stations and safety on.

- **Eye/face protection** : Chemical splash goggles.
- Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves **Body protection**

Skin protection

- : butyl rubber
- : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Product name AMERCOAT 385 WHITE RESIN

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>						
Physical state	:	Liquid.				
Color	1	Not available.				
Odor	1	Characteristic.				
Odor threshold	:	Not available.				
рН	4	Not applicable.				
Melting point	4	Not available.				
Boiling point	4	>37.78°C (>100°F)				
Flash point	4	Closed cup: 53.33°C (128°F)				
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.				
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.				
Flammability		Not available.				
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits		Not available.				
Evaporation rate		0.24 (butyl acetate = 1)				
Vapor pressure	1	0.48 kPa (3.6 mm Hg)				
Vapor density	1	Not available.				
Relative density	1	1.44				
Density(lbs / gal)	1	12.02				
		Media Result				
Solubility(ies)		old water Not soluble				
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water		Not applicable.				
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)				
Volatility	1	30% (v/v), 17.956% (w/w)				
% Solid. (w/w)	1	82.044				

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	23000 mg/kg	-
phenyipropane	LD50 Oral	Rat	15000 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
heptan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16.7 mg/l	4 hours
·	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10.206 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.6 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
heavy arom.				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product name AMERCOAT 385 WHITE RESIN

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ofs-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) henyl]propane	Eyes - Mild irritant			Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
	Eyes - Rec conjunctiva		the	Rabbit	0.4	24 hours	-
	Skin - Ede			Rabbit	0.5	4 hours	-
	Skin - Eryt	hema/Es	schar	Rabbit	0.8	4 hours	-
	Skin - Mild			Rabbit	-	4 hours	-
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There are	e no data	a availabl	le on the mixt	ure itself.		
Eyes	: There are	e no data	a availabl	e on the mixt	ure itself.		
Respiratory	: There are	e no data	a availabl	le on the mixt	ure itself.		
Sensitization							
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure		Species	5		Result	
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	skin		Mouse			Sensitizing	
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There are	e no data	a availabl	e on the mixt	ure itself.		
Respiratory	: There are	e no data	a availabl	e on the mixt	ure itself.		
Mutagenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	e no data	a availabl	le on the mixt	ure itself.		
Carcinogenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	e no data	a availabl	e on the mixt	ure itself		
Classification							
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP				
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	-	3	-				
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-				
naphthalene	-	2B	Reas	sonably anticip	pated to be	a human carcinog	en.
Carcinogen Classification	n code:		•				
IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, NTP: Known to b OSHA: + Not listed/not regi	e a human carc	inogen; R	easonably	v anticipated to I	be a human d	carcinogen	
Reproductive toxicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	no data	available	e on the mixtu	ure itself.		
eratogenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	no data	available	e on the mixtu	ure itself.		
pecific target organ toxicity							

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Peptan-2-one Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	- - -	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	•••	Route of exposure	Target organs
naphthalene	Category 2	-	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, lungs, peripheral nervous system, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	 Causes serious eye irritation. No known significant effects or critical hazards. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/s	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Product name AMERCOAT 385 WHITE RESIN

Section 11. Toxicological information

		•
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effect	cts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential immediate effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>S</u>
General	:	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	1	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Numerical measures of toxic	<u>ity:</u>	
Acute toxicity estimates		

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
MERCOAT 385 WHITE RESIN	23092	96424.4	N/A	87.3	7.7
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15000	23000	N/A	N/A	N/A
heptan-2-one	1600	10206	N/A	16.7	1.5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
naphthalene	490	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
propylidynetrimethanol	14000	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
		· ·	
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - daphnia magna	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
heptan-2-one	Acute LC50 131 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
heptan-2-one	OECD 310	69 % - Rea	dily - 28 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane heptan-2-one	-		-		Not read	dily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Peptan-2-one	2.26	-	low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	2.8 to 6.5	-	high
heavy arom.			
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	low
naphthalene	3.4	85.11	low
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	-	low

United States Page: 13/17

Product name AMERCOAT 385 WHITE RESIN

Section 12. Ecological information

Mobility in soil Soil/water partition

coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

ds : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш		
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic)	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	21853.7	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	(naphthalene)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

14. Transport information

Additional information

Product name AMERCOAT 385 WHITE RESIN

14. Transport information

	-
DOT	This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

U.S. Federal regulations : <u>SARA 302/304</u> SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 HNOC - Defatting irritant

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]	≥20 - ≤50	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
propane		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
titanium dioxide	≥20 - ≤50	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
heptan-2-one	≥5.0 - ≤9.3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
heavy arom.		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
<u> </u>	1	United States Page: 15/17

Product name AMERCOAT 385 WHITE RESIN

Section 15. Regulatory information

		HNOC - Defatting irritant
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	≥1.0 - ≤4.6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
light aromatic		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≥0.10 - ≤2.9	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
naphthalene	<1.0	FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 2
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
propylidynetrimethanol	≤1.0	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SARA 313

	Chemical name	<u>CAS number</u>	Concentration
Supplier notification	: 7,2,4-trimethylbenzene naphthalene	95-63-6 91-20-3	1 - 5 0.1 - 1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 * Flammability : 2 Physical hazards : 0 (*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)						
Health : 2 Flam	mability : 2	Instability	1	0		
Date of previous issue	: 6/7/2021					
Organization that prepare the SDS	d : EHS					

Product name AMERCOAT 385 WHITE RESIN

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
-	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.