# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

#### Date of revision 26 September 2022

Version 7

Date of issue 26 September 2022

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	: PSX700X WHITE RESIN
Product code	: PX700X3
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Industrial applications.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
<b>Technical Phone Number</b>	: 888-977-4762

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>KIN IRRITATION - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 53.3% (oral), 58.7% (dermal), 61.4% (inhalation)</li> </ul>
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: 🗚 316 - Causes mild skin irritation.
	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Precautionary statements	

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Product name PSX700X WHITE RESIN

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Prevention	:	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.</li> <li>P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.</li> </ul>
Response		<ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	1	₽405 - Store locked up.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: PSX700X WHITE RESIN
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
inanium dioxide	≥20 - ≤50	13463-67-7
4,4'-Isopropylidenedicyclohexanol, oligomeric reaction products with	≥20 - ≤50	30583-72-3
1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane		
9-Octadecenoic acid, 12-(2-oxiranylmethoxy)-, 1,2,3-propanetriyl ester,	≥5.0 - ≤8.1	74398-71-3
homopolymer		
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	41556-26-7
Wollastonite	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	13983-17-0
Alpha, Alpha"-(1,3-Xylenediyl)Bis(12-Hydroxy-Octadecanamide)	≤1.8	Not available.
aluminium hydroxide	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	21645-51-2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	<1.0	82919-37-7
propylidynetrimethanol	≤1.0	77-99-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

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SECTION 4: F	irst aid measures	
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinn	
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this contain Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>	er or label.
Most important sympt	oms/effects, acute and delayed	
Distant for the second sector of the second seco	h effects	
Potential acute healt		
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
	<ul> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> <li>Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> </ul>	
Eye contact	5	

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.</li></ul>
Specific treatments	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. <li>No specific treatment.</li>
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Personal precautions, protect	ive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Conditions for safe storage,	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in
including any	accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct
incompatibilities	sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials
	(see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed
	and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully
	resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers.
	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Manium dioxide	<b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b> TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
4,4'-Isopropylidenedicyclohexanol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	None.
9-Octadecenoic acid, 12-(2-oxiranylmethoxy)-, 1,2,3-propanetriyl ester, homopolymer	None.
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	None.
Wollastonite	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
Alpha, Alpha"-(1,3-Xylenediyl)Bis(12-Hydroxy-Octadecanamide)	None.
aluminium hydroxide	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). []
	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	None.
propylidynetrimethanol	None.

Key to abbreviations

		itey to abbievi
С	= Ceiling Limit	
IPEL	= Internal Permissible Exposure Limit	

STEL = Short term exposure limit TLV = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Time Weighted Average

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Vuser operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

			D
Density ( lbs / gal )	1	12.43	
Relative density	1	1.49	
Vapor density	1	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.	
(flammable) limits Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive	1	Not available.	
Flammability		Not available.	
Decomposition temperature		Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature		Not available.	
Flash point		Closed cup: 97.22°C (207°F)	
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Melting point	1	Not available.	
рН	1	Not applicable.	
Molecular weight		Not applicable.	
Odor threshold	÷	Not available.	
Odor		Characteristic.	
Color	1	White.	
Physical state	1	Liquid.	
Appearance			

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

	Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	old water	Not soluble
Solubility in water	: Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.	
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (10	04°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	: 0% (v/v), 0.223% (v	w/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	: 99.777	

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	<ul> <li>When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.</li> <li>Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.</li> </ul>
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
9-Octadecenoic acid, 12- (2-oxiranylmethoxy)-,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
1,2,3-propanetriyl ester, homopolymer				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
aluminium hydroxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.09 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
methyl	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate				
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10 g/kg	-
· · · ·	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There a	re no data	available on the mixture itself.
Irritation/Corrosion			
Conclusion/Summary			
Skin	: There a	re no data	available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There a	re no data	available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There a	re no data	available on the mixture itself.
Sensitization			
Conclusion/Summary			
Skin	: There a	re no data	available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There a	re no data	available on the mixture itself.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>			
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There a	re no data	available on the mixture itself.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>			
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There a	re no data	available on the mixture itself.
<b>Classification</b>	_		
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
titanium diavida		2B	

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
iffanium dioxide Wollastonite	-	2B 3	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Alpha, Alpha"-(1,3-Xylenediyl)Bis(12-Hydroxy- Octadecanamide)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, lungs, the nervous system.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Product name PSX700X WHITE RESIN

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Skin contact       : Causes mild skin iritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.         Ingestion       : No known significant effects or critical hazards.         Over exposure signs/symptoms         Eye contact       : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness         Inhalation       : Kdverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths seletal malformations         Skin contact       : Kdverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths seletal malformations         Ingestion       : Kdverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations         Ingestion       : Kdverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations         Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure         Conclusion/Summary       : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fails or cause bindness. For many products, TO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound any cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause and equiptent and/or exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or exposure and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause in mediat	Ingestion       : No known significant effects or critical hazards.         Cver-exposure signs/symptoms         Eye contact       : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness         Inhalation       : Reverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations         Skin contact       : Reverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations         Ingestion       : Reverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations         Ingestion       : Reverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations         Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure         Conclusion/Summary       : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Timethoxyslianes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyced or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause bindness. For many products. TO2 tuitized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or role Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal potective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause andiony torial inhalation and dermal routes of		
Over exposure signs/symptoms         Eye contact       : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering reduces if etal weight increase in feat deaths skeletal malformations         Skin contact       : Roverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in feat deaths skeletal malformations         Skin contact       : Roverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in feat deaths skeletal malformations         Ingestion       : Roverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations         Delayed and Immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure         Conclusion/Summary       : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause bindmess. For many products, TiO2 builtized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to houround particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating unface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or exposure and require the use of exposure and eye contact.         Short term exposure       : There are no data available on the mixture itself.         Potential immediate       : There are no data available on the mixture itself.         Potential delayed effects       : There are no data availab	Over-exposure signs/symptoms           Eye contact         : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain of initiation watering reduess           Inhalation         : Reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations           Skin contact         : Reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations           Skin contact         : Reduced fetal weight increases in fetal deaths skeletal malformations           Ingestion         : Redverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations           Delayed and Immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure           Conclusion/Summary         : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydroylead or ingest. If hydroylead or ingest. If hydroylead and set in the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal rolles of trace weight from spray applications may be known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and termal routes of exposure and eye contact.           Short term exposure <td>Skin contact</td> <td>: Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.</td>	Skin contact	: Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact       : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness         Inhalation       : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations         Skin contact       : Moverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations         Ingestion       : Moverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations         Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure         Conclusion/Summary       : If Fore are no data available on the mixture itself. Trimethoxysilnes are capable of forming methanoi if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid costing formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). If splashed not the eyes, the liquid may cause initiation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, lairnbea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.         Short term exposure       : There are no data available on the mixture itself.      <	Eye contact       : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or inritation watering redness         Inhalation       : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations         Skin contact       : Moverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations         Ingestion       : Moverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations         Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure         Conclusion/Summary       : Fore are no data available on the mixture itself. Trimethoxysines are capable of forming methanoi if hydrolyzed or ingested. if swailsweet, methanoi may be hamful or fatal or cause blindness. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be hamful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause initiation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, liarribe and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.         Short term exposure       : There are no data available on the mixture itself.	Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SX700X WHITE RESIN	58491.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
propylidynetrimethanol	14000	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Manium dioxide 4,4'- Isopropylidenedicyclohexanol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water LC50 11.5 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish	48 hours 96 hours
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	-	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Dispession should be in second	dense with explicable verienal national and least lows and very lations

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

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#### Product name PSX700X WHITE RESIN

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate, trizinc bis(orthophosphate))	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate, trizinc bis(orthophosphate))	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate, trizinc bis(orthophosphate))
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9
Packing group	III	Ш	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate, trizinc bis (orthophosphate))	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

Mexico	<ul> <li>The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</li> </ul>
IMDG	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.
ΙΑΤΑ	: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.
Special precau	utions for user : <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

<u>Mexico</u>

Classification Flammability : 1 Health : 2 Reactivity : 1

#### International regulations

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 \* Flammability : 1 Physical hazards : 1 (\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Date of previous issue Organization that prepared the SDS	: <b>7/4/2021</b> : EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.