SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 31 October 2022

Version : 7.02

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

U	
1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: SIGMACOVER 350 HARDENER
Product code	: 00272755
Other means of identification	ition
Not available.	
1.2 Relevant identified use	es of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.

Uses advised against : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person : Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

 Telephone number
 : Nødtelefon: Giftinformasjonen: 22 59 13 00

Supplier

+31 20 4075210

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS] Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

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See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

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Signal word	: C	Danger
Hazard statements	C N N	lammable liquid and vapour. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Aay cause an allergic skin reaction. Aay cause respiratory irritation. Foxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	h	Vear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from eat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid elease to the environment.
Response	: 🛛	ollect spillage.
Storage	: 8	otore in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	ir	Sispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and netronational regulations.
	₹	280, P210, P273, P391, P403 + P233, P501
Hazardous ingredients	a A re X 2 2	atty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids nd triethylenetetramine mides, from C18-unsatd. fatty acid dimers, tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine, eaction products with bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin polymer ylene -methylpropan-1-ol ,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol ,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin
Supplemental label elements	: N	lot applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: N	lot applicable.
Special packaging requirem	<u>ents</u>	
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: N	lot applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: N	lot applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	: Т	his mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification		Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause ritation.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Atty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	REACH #: 01-2119972320-44 EC: 500-191-5 CAS: 68082-29-1	≥25 - ≤50	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
Amides, from C18-unsatd. fatty acid dimers, tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine, reaction products with bisphenol A- epichlorohydrin polymer	CAS: 68953-09-3	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
2-methylpropan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
benzyl alcohol	REACH #: 01-2119492630-38 EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5	≥10 - ≤25	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 1230 mg/ kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 1.5 mg/l	[1]
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	REACH #: 01-2119560597-27 EC: 202-013-9 CAS: 90-72-2 Index: 603-069-00-0	≥5.0 - ≤10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 1280 mg/kg	[1]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l	[1] [2]
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	EC: 203-950-6 CAS: 112-24-3 Index: 612-059-00-5	≥1.0 - <5.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Oral] = 1716 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 1465 mg/kg	[1] [2]
			No		2/42
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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Xylene: Several REACH registrations cover the REACH registered substance with xylene isomers, ethylbenzene (and toluene). The other REACH Registrations include: 01-2119555267-33 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and pxylene, 01-2119486136-34 Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8, 01-2119539452-40 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene.

Type

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

English (GB)	Norway	4/18
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>oms</u>	
Ingestion	: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.	
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reactio	n.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Potential acute health effects	<u>2</u>	

Code : 00272755 SIGMACOVER 350 HARDENE	Date of issue/Date of revision : 31 October 2022
SECTION 4: First aid	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
4.3 Indication of any immedia	ate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefight	ing measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising fr	om the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
SECTION 6: Acciden	tal release measures
6.1 Personal precautions, pro	otective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No

ion one gone,	r no dolon chan be laten interning any percentar net er mareat eatable training.
onnel	Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from
	entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No
	flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide
	adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put
	on appropriate personal protective equipment.

- **For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- **6.2 Environmental precautions :** Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.3 Methods and material f	for containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	 See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
	Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

English (GB)

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
₩ylene	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021). [] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 108 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 75 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	CEIL: 25 ppm FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin. Carcinogen.
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	TWA: 20 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 6/2021). Skin sensitiser. TWA: 6 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
procedures atmosphere the ventilati protective e following: E	act contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace e or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of on or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the t of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit

assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Atty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.56 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation	0.56 mg/kg bw/day 0.97 mg/m ³ 1.1 mg/kg bw/day 3.9 mg/m ³	General population General population Workers Workers	
xylene	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Oral Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 125 mg/kg bw/day 65.3 mg/m ³ 12.5 mg/kg bw/day 221 mg/m ³ 442 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³ 442 mg/m ³ 212 mg/kg bw/day 65.3 mg/m ³	General population General population General population General population Workers Workers Workers Workers Workers General population	Systemic Local Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Local Systemic
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Local
2-methylpropan-1-ol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	55 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	310 mg/m³	Workers	Local
benzyl alcohol	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5.4 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	22 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	27 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	110 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
2,4,6-tris	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.075 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol		_			-
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.075 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.075 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.13 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.13 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.15 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.53 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.6 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2.1 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	15 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers,	-	Fresh water	0.043 mg/l	Assessment Factors
oligomeric reaction products with tall-				
oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine				
	-	Marine water	0 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-		3.84 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	434.02 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	43.4 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Soil	86.78 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
xylene	-	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	-	Marine water	0.327 mg/l	-
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	-	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Soil	2.31 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	-	Fresh water	0.4 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Marine water	0.04 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-		10 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	1.56 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	0.156 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Soil	0.076 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
ethylbenzene	-	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Marine water	0.01 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-		9.6 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	1.37 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measu	<u>ures</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Use eye protection according to EN 166.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Gloves	. :	nitrile neoprene
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

English (GB)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physica	l a	nd chemical propert	ies						
<u>Appearance</u>									
Physical state	÷	Liquid.							
Colour	÷	Colourless.							
Odour	1	Amine-like. [Strong]							
Odour threshold	:	Not available.							
Melting point/freezing point	:	May start to solidify a data for the following -64.11°C (-83.4°F)							
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	>37.78°C							
Flammability	:	Not available.							
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Greatest known rang	ge: Lower	: 1.3% l	Jpper: ′	I3% (b	enzyl alı	cohol)	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 30°C							
Auto-ignition temperature	:								
		Ingredient name		°C		°F		Method	
		3,6-diazaoctanethylenedi	amin	337.78		640			
Decomposition temperature	:	Stable under recomm	nended s	torage a	nd han	dling co	ondition	s (see Sec	tion 7).
рН	:	Not applicable. insolu	uble in wa	ater.		-			
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >2	21 mm²/s						
Viscosity	:	60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm	ו)						
Solubility(ies)	÷	Ϋ́,	,						
Media		Result							
old water		Not soluble							
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not applicable.							
Vapour pressure									
			Vapor	Ir Press	ure at 3	20°C	Van	our press	sure at 50°C
		Ingradiant name	mm Hg		Meth			kPa	Method
		Ingredient name	шп пу	кга	Weti	JUU	Hg	кга	Wethou
		₽-methylpropan-1-ol	<12	<1.6	DIN EN 13016-				
Evaporation rate	:	Highest known value butyl acetate	e: 0.84 (et	hylbenze	ene) W	eighteo	d averaç	ge: 0.5com	pared with
Relative density	:	0.95							
Vapour density	:	Highest known value average: 3.43 (Air =		.ir = 1) (3	3,6-diaz	zaoctar	nethylen	ediamin).	Weighted
Explosive properties	:	The product itself is a vapour or dust with a	not explo		the for	nation	of an ex	xplosible m	nixture of
Oxidising properties	:	Product does not pre	•		hazard				
Particle characteristics				5					
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.							
9.2 Other information No additional information.	-	,							

Norway

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Code : 00272755 SIGMACOVER 350 HARDENER

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SECTION 10: Stabilit	y and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
▶atty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers,	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil				
fatty acids and triethylenetetramine				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>4178 mg/m ³	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.23 g/kg	-
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.28 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1280 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1465 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1716 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
✓atty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
xylene 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Skin - Irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Visible necrosis	Human Rabbit Rabbit	- - -	- 24 hours 500 mg 4 hours	- - 7 days

Conclusion/Summary

Skin

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Eyes

- Respiratory
- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine		Mouse	Sensitising
		Guinea pig	Sensitising

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene 2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Produ	ct/ingredient name	Result		
xylene ethylbenzene		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Catego ASPIRATION HAZARD - Catego		
Information on likely routes of exposure	: Not available.			
Potential acute health ef	fects			
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritatio	n.		
Ingestion	: Corrosive to the digestive trac	t. Causes burns.		
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. Defatt	: Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	: Causes serious eye damage.		
Symptoms related to the	physical, chemical and toxicologi	cal characteristics		
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may inclu respiratory tract irritation coughing	de the following:		
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may inclu stomach pains	de the following:		
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SECTION 11: Toxico	logical information
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Delayed and immediate effe	ects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	: Not available.
Causes digestive tract burns.	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high

Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
✓atty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	EC10 1.78 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Acute LC50 175 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia -	-
	water	Ceriodaphnia dubia	
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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily	- 10 days -	-
Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.				
Product/ingredient name		Aquatic half	f-life Photolysis	Biodegradability
Atty acids, C18-unsatd., dim reaction products with tall-oil triethylenetetramine			-	Not readily
xylene benzyl alcohol ethylbenzene		- -	-	Readily Readily Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	low
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	0.219	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	-1.66 to -1.4	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Draduat

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Hazardous waste	: Yes.		
European waste catalog	<u>ue (EWC)</u>		
Waste code	Waste designation		
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances		
Packaging			
Methods of disposal	 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Was packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered v recycling is not feasible. 		
Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)		
Container	15 01 06 mixed packaging		
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be	э	

utions
 This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN3469	UN3469	UN3469	UN3469
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)
14.4 Packing group		III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(Polyamide)	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADR/RID	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
Tunnel code	: (D/E)
ADN	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for	з,	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
user		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in
		the event of an accident or spillage.

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14. Transport information

14.7 Maritime transport in : Not applicable. **bulk according to IMO instruments**

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

15.2 Chemical safety

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

F	Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
	P5c E2				
	Category				
	Danger criteria				

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
5	Norway Occupational Exposure Limits	etylbenzen	Carc. K	-

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

References	: - Forskrift om klassifisering, merking og emballering av stoffer og stoffblandinger (CLP) av 16.06.2012 med senere endringer - Forskrift om registrering, vurdering, godkjenning og begrensning av kjemikalier (REACH-forskriften) av 30. mai 2008 med senere endringer Forskrift om gjenvinning og behandling av avfall (avfallsforskriften). 01.06 2004 nr. 930, med endringer FOR 2009-04-01 nr 384: Forskrift om landtransport av farlig gods med senere endringer, Direktoratet for samfunnssikkerhet og beredskap.
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assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.
Abbreviations and acronyms

SIGMACOVER 350 HARDENER

SECTION 16: Other information

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Corr. 1C, H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

11005	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Kcute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE -
	Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -
	Category 3
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SECTION 16: Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 31 October 2022
Date of previous issue	: 28 October 2021
Prepared by	: EHS
Version	: 7.02

<u>Disclaimer</u>

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