Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 9 November 2022



: 1

Version

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

| 1.1 Product identifier | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Product name | : ABC #3 LIGHT BLUE 283S5802 AF |
| Product code | : 00333499 |
| Product description | : |
| Product type | : Liquid. |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |
| 1.2 Relevant identified uses | of the substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Product use | : Industrial applications, Used by spraying. |
| Use of the substance/ mixture | : Coating.; Antifouling products |
| Uses advised against | : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use. |

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

+31 20 4075210

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements



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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

| Hazard statements | : | Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
|---|----|---|
| Precautionary statements | | |
| Prevention | : | Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. |
| Response | | Collect spillage. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| Storage | 1 | Not applicable. |
| Disposal | : | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. P280, P210, P273, P391, P305 + P351 + P338, P501 |
| Supplemental label elements | : | Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist. |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles | : | Not applicable. |
| Special packaging requirem | en | <u>its</u> |
| Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings | : | Not applicable. |
| Tactile warning of danger | : | Not applicable. |
| 2.3 Other hazards | | |
| Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII | : | This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB. |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | : | Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. |

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture

| Identifiers | % | Classification | Туре |
|--|--|--|--|
| REACH #: 01-2119513794-36 EC: 215-270-7 CAS: 1317-39-1 Index: 029-002-00-X | ≥25 - ≤50 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10) | [1] [2] |
| REACH #: 01-2119484630-38 EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6 | ≥10 - ≤12 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 | [1] [2] |
| REACH #: 01-2119480418-32 | ≥5.0 - ≤10 | Skin Sens. 1, H317 | [1] [2] |
| | REACH #: 01-2119513794-36 EC: 215-270-7 CAS: 1317-39-1 Index: 029-002-00-X REACH #: 01-2119484630-38 EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6 REACH #: | REACH #: 01-2119513794-36 EC: 215-270-7 CAS: 1317-39-1 Index: 029-002-00-X $\geq 25 - \leq 50$ REACH #: 01-2119484630-38 EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6 $\geq 10 - \leq 12$ REACH #: $\geq 5.0 - \leq 10$ | $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ |

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| | EC: 232-475-7 | | | l l |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|---------|
| | CAS: 8050-09-7 | | | |
| | Index: 650-015-00-7 | | | |
| zinc oxide | REACH #: | ≥5.0 - ≤10 | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 | [4] |
| | 01-2119463881-32 | 25.0 - 210 | | [1] |
| | | | (M=1) | |
| | EC: 215-222-5 | | Aquatic Chronic 1, | |
| | CAS: 1314-13-2 | | H410 (M=1) | |
| | Index: 030-013-00-7 | | | |
| xylene | REACH #: | ≥5.0 - ≤7.6 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 | [1] [2] |
| | 01-2119488216-32 | | Acute Tox. 4, H312 | |
| | EC: 215-535-7 | | Acute Tox. 4, H332 | |
| | CAS: 1330-20-7 | | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 | |
| | Index: 601-022-00-9 | | Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | |
| | | | STOT SE 3, H335 | |
| | | | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | |
| N-ethyl-o(or p)- | EC: 232-465-2 | ≥1.0 - ≤3.1 | STOT SE 3, H336 | [1] |
| toluenesulphonamide | CAS: 8047-99-2 | | | |
| copper(II) oxide | REACH #: | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 | [1] |
| | 01-2119502447-44 | | (M=100) | |
| | EC: 215-269-1 | | Aquatic Chronic 1, | |
| | CAS: 1317-38-0 | | H410 (M=10) | |
| | Index: 029-016-00-6 | | | |
| n-butyl acetate | REACH #: | ≤1.6 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 | [1] [2] |
| | 01-2119485493-29 | | STOT SE 3, H336 | 1.11-1 |
| | EC: 204-658-1 | | EUH066 | |
| | CAS: 123-86-4 | | | |
| | Index: 607-025-00-1 | | | |
| copper | REACH #: | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 | [1] |
| copper | 01-2119480154-42 | -1.0 -0.0 | (M=1) | [,] |
| | EC: 231-159-6 | | Aquatic Chronic 3, | |
| | CAS: 7440-50-8 | | H412 | |
| N-[3-(isodecyloxy)propyl]propane- | REACH #: | <0.10 | Acute Tox. 3, H301 | [1] |
| 1,3-diamine | 01-2119980045-38 | ~0.10 | Skin Corr. 1A, H314 | ניו |
| 1,5-ulamine | | | | |
| | EC: 276-432-0 CAS: 72162-46-0 | | Eye Dam. 1, H318 | |
| | UAS. 12102-40-0 | | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 | |
| | | | (M=10) | |
| | | | Aquatic Chronic 1, | |
| | | | H410 (M=1) | |
| | | | See Section 16 for | |
| | | | the full text of the H | |
| | | | statements declared | |
| | | | above. | |
| | | | above. | |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. Xylene: Several REACH registrations cover the REACH registered substance with xylene isomers, ethylbenzene (and toluene). The other REACH Registrations include: 01-2119555267-33 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene, 01-2119486136-34 Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8, 01-2119539452-40 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene. Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

This mixture contains \geq 1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

| 4.1 Description of first aid m | neasures |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Eye contact | : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention. |
| Inhalation | Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. |
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. |
| Ingestion | If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

| Potential acute health ef | <u>fects</u> |
|---------------------------|---|
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye damage. |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : Harmful if swallowed. |
| Over-exposure signs/sy | <u>/mptoms</u> |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains |
| 4.3 Indication of any imn | nediate medical attention and special treatment needed |
| Notes to physician | In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| SECTION 5: Firefi | ghting measures |
| 5.1 Extinguishing media | |

| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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| SECTION 5: Firefighting measures | SECTION 5: Firefighting measures | |

| Hazards from the substance or mixture | : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
|--|---|
| Hazardous combustion products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides |
| 5.3 Advice for firefighters | |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

| 6.1 Personal precautions, pro | te | ctive equipment and emergency procedures |
|---------------------------------|----|--|
| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| 6.2 Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage. |
| 6.3 Methods and material for | co | ntainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |
| 6.4 Reference to other sections | : | See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information. |

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|--|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|
| dicopper oxide | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [Copper and | | |
| | compounds] | | |
| | STEL: 2 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 15 minutes. Form: Dusts and Mists | | |
| | TWA: 1 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists | | |
| butan-1-ol | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed | | |
| | through skin. | | |
| | STEL: 154 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. | | |
| | STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. | | |
| rosin | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Inhalation | | |
| | sensitiser. | | |
| | STEL: 0.15 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume | | |
| | TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume | | |
| xylene | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-,p- | | |
| | or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. | | |
| | STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes. | | |
| English (GB) | United Kingdom (UK) 6/17 | | |

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| | STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
|-----------------|--|
| n-butyl acetate | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). STEL: 966 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 724 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. |

| Recommended monitoring | : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace |
|------------------------|--|
| procedures | atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness |
| | of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory |
| | protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring |
| | standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the |
| | determination of hazardous substances will also be required. |

DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name | Туре | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
|-------------------------|------|-----------------------|--|--------------------|-----------|
| dicopper oxide | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.041 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Oral | 0.082 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 1 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 1 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 137 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| butan-1-ol | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 55 mg/m ³ | General population | - |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 310 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 1.5625 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 3.125 mg/kg bw/day | General population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 55.357 mg/m ³ | General population | |
| rosin | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 35 mg/m ³ | General population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 117 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 1.0655 mg/kg bw/day | General population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 1.0655 mg/kg bw/day | General population | - |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 2.131 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 10 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| zinc oxide | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.5 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.83 mg/kg bw/day | General population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 2.5 mg/m ³ | General population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 5 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 83 mg/kg bw/day | General population | - |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 83 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| xylene | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 260 mg/m ³ | General population | |
| , yiene | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 260 mg/m ³ | General population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 125 mg/kg bw/day | General population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 65.3 mg/m ³ | General population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 12.5 mg/kg bw/day | General population | - |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 221 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 442 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 221 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 442 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 212 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 65.3 mg/m ³ | General population | |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 260 mg/m ³ | General population | |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 260 mg/m ³ | General population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 200 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| N-ethyl-o(or p)- | DNEL | Long term Oral | 1.6 mg/kg bw/day | General population | |
| toluenesulphonamide | | | 1.5 mg/kg bw/ddy | | Cysternie |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 5.65 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 8.1 mg/kg bw/day | General population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 13.5 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 19.1 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| copper(II) oxide | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.041 mg/kg bw/day | General population | |
| | DNEL | Short term Oral | 0.041 mg/kg bw/day 0.082 mg/kg bw/day | General population | |
| | | | | | |
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 1 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
|-----------------|------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|----------|
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 1 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 137 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| n-butyl acetate | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 300 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 300 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 600 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 600 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 11 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Oral | 2 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 2 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 6 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 11 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 35.7 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 300 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 300 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 300 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 600 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 600 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| copper | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 1 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 1 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 20 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 20 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 137 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 137 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 273 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 273 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.041 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |

PNECs

| Product/ingredient name | Compartment Detail | Value | Method Detail |
|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| dicopper oxide | Fresh water | 0.0078 mg/l | - |
| | Fresh water sediment | 87.1 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Marine water | 0.0056 mg/l | - |
| | Marine water sediment | 676 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Soil | 64.6 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 0.23 mg/l | - |
| utan-1-ol | Fresh water | 0.082 mg/l | - |
| | Marine water | 0.0082 mg/l | - |
| | Fresh water sediment | 0.178 mg/kg | - |
| | Marine water sediment | 0.0178 mg/kg | - |
| | Soil | 0.015 mg/kg | - |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 2476 mg/l | - |
| osin | Fresh water | 0.002 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Marine water | 0 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | U | Assessment Factors |
| | Fresh water sediment | 0.007 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Marine water sediment | 0.001 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Soil | 0 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| inc oxide | Fresh water | 20.6 µg/l | Sensitivity Distribution |
| | Marine water | 6.1 µg/l | Sensitivity Distribution |
| | Fresh water sediment | 117 mg/kg dwt | Sensitivity Distribution |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 52 µg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Marine water sediment | 56.5 mg/kg dwt | Assessment Factors |
| | Soil | 35.6 mg/kg dwt | Sensitivity Distribution |
| ylene | Fresh water | 0.327 mg/l | - |
| J | Marine water | 0.327 mg/l | - |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | | _ |
| | Fresh water sediment | 12.46 mg/kg dwt | _ |
| | Marine water sediment | 12.46 mg/kg dwt | _ |
| | Soil | 2.31 mg/kg | _ |
| -butyl acetate | Fresh water | 0.18 mg/l | _ |
| | Marine water | 0.018 mg/l | - |
| English (GB) | United Kingdom (UK | 3 | 8/17 |

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| Fresh water sediment | 0.981 mg/kg | - |
|------------------------|--------------|---|
| Marine water sediment | 0.0981 mg/kg | - |
| Sewage Treatment Plant | 35.6 mg/l | - |
| Soil | 0.0903 mg/kg | - |

| 8.2 Exposure controls | |
|---|--|
| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
| Individual protection meas | ures |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection <u>Skin protection</u> | : Chemical splash goggles and face shield. |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. butyl rubber |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3 |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

| 0.1 Information on basic physic | al and c | hemical prope | rties | |
|--|-----------|---|-------|---------|
| Appearance | | | | |
| Physical state | : Liquid. | | | |
| Colour | : Blue | e. | | |
| Odour | : Cha | aracteristic. | | |
| Odour threshold | : Not | available. | | |
| Melting point/freezing point | | : May start to solidify at the following temperature: -94.96°C (-138.9°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: xylene. Weighted average: -97.56°C (-143.6°F) | | |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : >37 | : >37.78°C (>100°F) | | |
| Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | • | liquid Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 11.3% (butan-1-ol) | | |
| Flash point | : Clo | : Closed cup: 28.33°C (83°F) | | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : | | | |
| Ingredient name | | °C | °F | Method |
| butan-1-ol | | 355 | 671 | EU A.15 |
| | | | I | |

| Decomposition temperature | : | |
|--|---|---|
| рН | : | Not applicable. |
| | | Not applicable. insoluble in water. |
| Viscosity | : | Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s |
| S <u>olubility(ies)</u> | : | |
| Media | | Result |
| cold water | | Not soluble |
| Solubility in water | 1 | 1.2 g/l |
| Miscible with water | : | No. |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water | : | Not applicable. |
| Vapour pressure | : | 0.85 kPa (6.4 mm Hg) |
| Evaporation rate | 1 | 0.6 (butyl acetate = 1) |
| Relative density | 1 | 2.03 |
| Vapour density | : | Highest known value: 4 (Air = 1) (n-butyl acetate). Weighted average: 3.08 (Air = 1) |
| Explosive properties | : | The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible. |
| Oxidising properties Particle characteristics | : | Product does not present an oxidizing hazard. |
| Median particle size | : | Not applicable. |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

| 10.1 Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|--|--|
| 10.2 Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |

English (GB)

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| 10.4 Conditions to avoid | When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. |
|--|---|
| 10.5 Incompatible materials | Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. |
| 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products | Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| dicopper oxide | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and | Rat | 3.34 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | mists | | | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 500 mg/kg | - |
| butan-1-ol | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 24000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 3400 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 790 mg/kg | - |
| rosin | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 7600 mg/kg | - |
| zinc oxide | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and | Rat | >5700 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | mists | | Ū Ū | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| xylene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.7 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | - |
| N-ethyl-o(or p)- | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2250 mg/kg | - |
| toluenesulphonamide | | | 00 | |
| copper(II) oxide | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| n-butyl acetate | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | >21.1 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 2000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >17600 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 10.768 g/kg | - |
| copper | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and | Rat | >5.11 mg/l | 4 hours |
| •• | mists | | J. | |

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Conclusion/Summary Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| ABC #3 LIGHT BLUE 283S5802 AF | 914.8 | 26191 | N/A | 169.5 | 7 |
| dicopper oxide | 500 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 3.34 |
| butan-1-ol | 790 | 3400 | N/A | 24 | N/A |
| rosin | 7600 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| xylene | 4300 | 1700 | N/A | 11 | N/A |
| N-ethyl-o(or p)-toluenesulphonamide | 2250 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| n-butyl acetate | 10768 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| N-[3-(isodecyloxy)propyl]propane-1,3-diamine | 100 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------|-------------|
| xylene | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |

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|--|--------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| SECTION 11: Toxicological information | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary : Not availab | hle | | |

| Conclusion/Summary | : Not available. |
|---------------------------|---|
| Skin | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Eyes | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Respiratory | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Sensitisation | |
| Conclusion/Summary | |
| Skin | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Respiratory | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Mutagenicity | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Carcinogenicity | |
| | e carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities ent of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung. |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Reproductive toxicity | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Teratogenicity | |

Conclusion/Summary

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

÷

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| butan-1-ol | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| N-ethyl-o(or p)-toluenesulphonamide n-butyl acetate | Category 3 Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Information on likely routes : Not available.

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| of exposure | |
|------------------------|--|
| Potential acute health | effects |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye damage. |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| | |
| Ingestion | : Harmful if swallowed. |
| | |
| Symptoms related to | the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics |
| | |
| Symptoms related to | the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics : Adverse symptoms may include the following: |
| Symptoms related to | the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain |

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| SECTION 11: Toxico | lo | gical information |
| Skin contact | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur |
| Ingestion | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains |
| Delayed and immediate effec | <u>ts</u> | as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure |
| Short term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : | Not available. |
| Long term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential chronic health eff | ect | <u>S</u> |
| Not available. | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : | Not available. |
| General | : | Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Carcinogenicity | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|----------|
| dicopper oxide | LC50 0.003 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| butan-1-ol | Acute LC50 1376 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| zinc oxide | Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water | Algae | 72 hours |
| N-ethyl-o(or p)- toluenesulphonamide | EC50 >1000 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | LC50 130 mg/l | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |
| n-butyl acetate | Acute LC50 18 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| copper | Acute LC50 810 ppb | Fish | 96 hours |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | Dose | Inoculum |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|------|----------|
| n-butyl acetate | TEPA and OECD 301D | 83 % - Readily - 28 days | - | - |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Not available. | | | |

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---------------------------|-------------------|------------|--------------------|
| xylene n-butyl acetate | - | | Readily Readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------|
| butan-1-ol | 1 | - | low |
| rosin | 1.9 to 7.7 | - | high |
| xylene | 3.12 | 7.4 to 18.5 | low |
| N-ethyl-o(or p)- | 1.87 | - | low |
| toluenesulphonamide | | | |
| n-butyl acetate | 2.3 | - | low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
|----------------------|------------------|
| coefficient (Koc) | |
| Mobility | : Not available. |

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

| 12.6 Other adverse effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
|----------------------------|---|
|----------------------------|---|

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

| Product | |
|---------------------|--|
| Methods of disposal | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. |
| Hazardous waste | Within the present knowledge of the supplier, this product is not regarded as hazardous waste, as defined by EU Directive 2008/98/EC. |
| Waste catalogue | |
| Waste code | Waste designation |
| 08 01 99 | wastes not otherwise specified |
| | |

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

| Type of packaging | | Waste catalogue |
|-------------------|----------|-----------------|
| Container | 15 01 06 | mixed packaging |

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

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Special precautions : This mat
taken wh
Empty co
residues
```

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | • | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|---|
| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
| 14.1 UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group | III | III | 111 | |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | (dicopper oxide, zinc oxide) | Not applicable. |

Additional information

| ADR/RID | : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. |
|-------------|--|
| Tunnel code | : (D/E) |
| ADN | The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. |
| IMDG | : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$. |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. |

| 14.6 Special precautions for | 2 | Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are |
|------------------------------|---|---|
| user | | upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. |
| | | |

| 14.7 Transport in bulk | : Not available. |
|------------------------|------------------|
| according to IMO | |
| instruments | |

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>UK (GB) /REACH</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture,

placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P5c

E1

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

| Abbreviations and | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate |
|-------------------|---|
| acronyms | GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and |
| | Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 |
| | No. 720 and amendments |
| | DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level |
| | DNEL = Derived No Effect Level |
| | EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement |
| | N/A = Not available |
| | PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic |
| | PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration |
| | RRN = REACH Registration Number |
| | SGG = Segregation Group |
| | vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative |

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226 | On basis of test data |
| Acute Tox. 4, H302 | Calculation method |
| Skin Irrit. 2, H315 | Calculation method |
| Eye Dam. 1, H318 | Calculation method |
| Skin Sens. 1, H317 | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Acute 1, H400 | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | Calculation method |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. | |
|--|---|--|
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed. | |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. | |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. | |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin. | |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. | |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. | |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. | |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. | |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. | |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. | |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. | |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. | |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. | |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | |
| EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | | |

Full text of classifications

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| SECTION 16: Other information | | |

| Acute Tox. 3 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 |
|------------------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 4 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 |
| Aquatic Acute 1 | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 |
| Asp. Tox. 1 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Eye Dam. 1 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 3 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| Skin Corr. 1A | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 |
| STOT SE 3 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 |
| History | |
| Date of issue/ Date of | : 11/9/2022 |
| revision | |
| Date of previous issue | e : No previous validation |
| Prepared by | : EHS |
| Version | : 1 |

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.