# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### Date of issue 20 November 2022

Version 1.01

### Section 1. Product and company identification

| Product name                  |
|-------------------------------|
| Product code                  |
| Other means of identification |
| Product type                  |

- : KL6000 TRI-POLAR FERRITE 05 B500
- : 00335680CO
- : Not available.
- : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

| Uses advised against | Reason |  |  |
|----------------------|--------|--|--|
| Not applicable.      |        |  |  |

| Supplier's details:        |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Supplier                   | <ul> <li>PPG Industries Colombia Ltda<br/>Calle 51 # 40-13<br/>Municipio de Itagüí<br/>Antioquia, Colombia<br/>(57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)</li> </ul> |
| Email address:             | : HazComLatam@ppg.com   |
| Emergency telephone number | :<br>Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM)<br>+ 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM)<br>Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM)<br>Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)     |

## Section 2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the | : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  |
|-----------------------|---|
| substance or mixture  | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5  |
|                       | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A   |
|                       | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract<br>irritation) - Category 3   |
|                       | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2   |
|                       | AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2   |
|                       | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2   |
| Target organs         | : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin.   |
|                       | Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea, muscle tissue. |
|                       |   |

| English (US) Colombia |  |
|-----------------------|--|
|-----------------------|--|

1/14

| Code 00335680CO<br>Product name   | -P0 | Date of issue<br>LAR FERRITE 05 B500  | 20 November 2022  | Version  | 1.01                        |
|-----------------------------------|-----|---|---|--|-----------------------------|
| Section 2. Hazards identification |     |   |   |  |                             |
|                                   |     | Percentage of the mixture consistir toxicity: 80.3%   | ng of ingredient(s) of unk  | nown acute d   | ermal                       |
|                                   |     | Percentage of the mixture consistir aquatic environment: 71.3%  | ng of ingredient(s) of unk  | nown hazards   | s to the                    |
| GHS label elements                |     |   |   |  |                             |
| Hazard pictograms                 | :   |   |   |  |                             |
| Signal word                       | :   | Danger  | •   |  |                             |
| Hazard statements                 | :   | Flammable liquid and vapor.<br>May be harmful in contact with skin<br>May cause respiratory irritation.<br>May cause cancer.<br>May cause damage to organs throu<br>nervous system (CNS))<br>Toxic to aquatic life with long lastin | ugh prolonged or repeate  | ed exposure. (                                       | central                     |
| Precautionary statements          |     |   |   |  |                             |
| Prevention                        | :   | Obtain special instructions before u<br>and eye or face protection. Keep a<br>flames and other ignition sources. I<br>ventilating or lighting equipment. U<br>static discharges. Avoid release to                                   | way from heat, hot surfa<br>No smoking. Use explos<br>Ise non-sparking tools. | ices, sparks, o<br>sion-proof elec<br>Fake action to | open<br>ctrical,<br>prevent |
| Response                          | :   | Collect spillage. IF exposed or con<br>INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER<br>POISON CENTER or doctor if you  | R or doctor if you feel un  |  |                             |
| Storage                           | :   | Store in a well-ventilated place. Kee   | ep container tightly close  | d. Keep cool   |                             |
| Disposal                          | :   | Dispose of contents and container and international regulations.  | in accordance with all loo  | cal, regional, ı                                     | national                    |
| Other hazards which do not        | :   | Prolonged or repeated contact may   | dry skin and cause irrita   | ation.   |                             |

#### result in classification

ontact may ary ıy

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Mixture        |
|-------------------|------------------|
| Other means of    | : Not available. |
| identification    |                  |

| CAS number/other identifiers |   |                 |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| CAS number                   | : | Not applicable. |

#### 1.01

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient name                             | %          | CAS number |  |
|---|------------|------------|--|
| alc , not containing asbestiform fibres     | 20 - <30   | 14807-96-6 |  |
| diiron trioxide                             | 15 - <20   | 1309-37-1  |  |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | 10 - <12.5 | 64742-47-8 |  |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.  | 7 - <10    | 64742-88-7 |  |
| barium diboron tetraoxide                   | 5 - <7     | 13701-59-2 |  |
| zinc oxide                                  | 2 - <3     | 1314-13-2  |  |
| proprietary microcrystalline silica         | 0.2 - <0.5 | SUB126659  |  |
| ethylbenzene                                | 0.1 - <0.2 | 100-41-4   |  |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necessary first aid measures |     |   |  |
|---|-----|---|--|
| Eye contact                                 | :   | Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.   |  |
| Inhalation                                  | :   | Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.  |  |
| Skin contact                                | :   | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.  |  |
| Ingestion                                   | :   | If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.<br>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.  |  |
| Indication of immediate med                 | ica | l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary  |  |
| Notes to physician<br>Specific treatments   |     | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large<br>quantities have been ingested or inhaled.<br>No specific treatment.  |  |
| Protection of first-aiders                  | :   | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |  |
| Potential acute health effects              | 2   |   |  |
| Eye contact                                 | 1   | No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |  |
| Inhalation                                  | 1   | May cause respiratory irritation.   |  |
| Skin contact                                | :   | May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.  |  |
| Ingestion                                   | :   | No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |  |

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

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### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media                               |   |
|---|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media                      | : Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.  |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media                    | : Do not use water jet.   |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical        | : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.<br>In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst,<br>with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with<br>long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained<br>and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products          | : Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon oxides<br>metal oxide/oxides  |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters      | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.  |
| Special protective<br>equipment for fire-fighters | <ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained<br/>breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure<br/>mode.</li> </ul>   |

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency<br>personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.<br>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br>inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|--------------------------------|---|
| For emergency responders       | : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".   |
| Environmental precautions      | : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.  |
| Methods and materials for co   | ontainment and cleaning up  |
| Small spill                    | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.  |

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools<br>and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into<br>sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an<br>effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-<br>combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth<br>and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13).<br>Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent |
|-------------|--|
|             | Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.   |

## Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe :<br>handling                                   | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure -<br>obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions<br>have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not<br>breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only<br>with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br>inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately<br>ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a<br>compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from<br>heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof<br>electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-<br>sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.<br>Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse<br>container. |
|--|--|
|  | Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.   |
| Conditions for safe storage, :<br>including any<br>incompatibilities | Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.  |

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

Version

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient name                          |   | Exposure limits   |  |  |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| √alc , not containing asbestife          | orm fibres  | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).<br>TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable  |  |  |
| diiron trioxide                          | na séa d'Unité  | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).<br>TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable<br>fraction  |  |  |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrot          | reated light  | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).<br>[Kerosene] Absorbed through skin.<br>TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon<br>vapor) 8 hours.  |  |  |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum),             | medium aliph.   | ACGIH TLV (United States).<br>TWA: 400 ppm  |  |  |
| barium diboron tetraoxide                |   | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).<br>[Barium and soluble compounds]<br>TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Ba) 8 hours.   |  |  |
| zinc oxide                               |   | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).<br>STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form:<br>Respirable fraction<br>TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable<br>fraction   |  |  |
| Recommended monitoring<br>procedures     |   | opriate monitoring standards. Reference to nethods for the determination of hazardous   |  |  |
| Appropriate engineering<br>controls      | ventilation or other engineering cor<br>contaminants below any recomme  | Use process enclosures, local exhaust<br>htrols to keep worker exposure to airborne<br>nded or statutory limits. The engineering contro<br>st concentrations below any lower explosive<br>tion equipment  |  |  |
| Environmental exposure<br>controls       | : Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements cases, fume scrubbers, filters or er   | or work process equipment should be checked to ensure<br>rements of environmental protection legislation. In some<br>ters or engineering modifications to the process<br>any to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.  |  |  |
| dividual protection measur               | <u>es</u>   |   |  |  |
| Hygiene measures                         | before eating, smoking and using t<br>Appropriate techniques should be<br>Wash contaminated clothing before<br>safety showers are close to the wo   | oroughly after handling chemical products,<br>he lavatory and at the end of the working period<br>used to remove potentially contaminated clothing<br>e reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and<br>rkstation location.  |  |  |
| Eye protection<br><u>Skin protection</u> | : Safety glasses with side shields.   |   |  |  |
| Hand protection                          | be worn at all times when handling<br>this is necessary. Considering the<br>check during use that the gloves al<br>should be noted that the time to bro<br>different for different glove manufa | ves complying with an approved standard shoul<br>chemical products if a risk assessment indicate<br>parameters specified by the glove manufacture<br>re still retaining their protective properties. It<br>eakthrough for any glove material may be<br>cturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of<br>time of the gloves cannot be accurately |  |  |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection Gloves : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Recommended: nitrile rubber Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance                                   |   |   |
|--|---|---|
| Physical state                               | : | Liquid.                                       |
| Color  | 1 | Not available.                                |
| Odor   | 1 | Not available.                                |
| рН   | : | Not applicable.                               |
| Melting point                                | : | Not available.                                |
| Boiling point                                | : | >37.78°C (>100°F)                             |
| Flash point                                  | : | Closed cup: 40.56°C (105°F)                   |
| Evaporation rate                             | : | Not available.                                |
| Flammability (solid, gas)                    | : | Not available.                                |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : | Not available.                                |
| Vapor pressure                               | : | Not available.                                |
| Vapor density                                | : | Not available.                                |
| Relative density                             | : | 1.58  |
| Solubility/icc)                              |   | Media Result                                  |
| Solubility(ies)                              | 1 | old water Not soluble                         |
| Partition coefficient: n-<br>octanol/water   | : | Not applicable.                               |
| Auto-ignition temperature                    | : | Not available.                                |
| Decomposition temperature                    | : | Not available.                                |
| Viscosity                                    | : | Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt) |
| Viscosity                                    | : | > 100 s (ISO 6mm)                             |
| -  |   |   |

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.                                     |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability                 | : The product is stable.   |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.  |
| Conditions to avoid                | : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.  |
| Incompatible materials             | : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. |
| Hazardous decomposition products   | : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materia carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides             |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

| Acute toxicity               |                                  |                  |                         |          |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Product/ingredient name      | Result                           | Species          | Dose                    | Exposure |
| diiron trioxide              | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists  | Rat              | >5 mg/l                 | 4 hours  |
|                              | LD50 Oral                        | Rat              | 10 g/kg                 | -        |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), | LD50 Dermal                      | Rabbit           | >3000 mg/kg             | -        |
| medium aliph.                |                                  |                  |                         |          |
|                              | LD50 Oral                        | Rat              | >5000 mg/kg             | -        |
| barium diboron tetraoxide    | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists  | Rat              | >3540 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|                              | LD50 Dermal                      | Rabbit           | >2000 mg/kg             | -        |
|                              | LD50 Oral                        | Rat              | 0.85 g/kg               | -        |
| zinc oxide                   | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists  | Rat              | >5700 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|                              | LD50 Dermal                      | Rat              | >2000 mg/kg             | -        |
|                              | LD50 Oral                        | Rat              | >5000 mg/kg             | -        |
| ethylbenzene                 | LC50 Inhalation Vapor            | Rat              | 17.8 mg/l               | 4 hours  |
|                              | LD50 Dermal                      | Rabbit           | 17.8 g/kg               | -        |
|                              | LD50 Oral                        | Rat              | 3.5 g/kg                | -        |
| <b>Conclusion/Summary</b>    | : There are no data available on | the mixture itse | lf.                     |          |
| Irritation/Corrosion         |                                  |                  |                         |          |
| Not available.               |                                  |                  |                         |          |
| Conclusion/Summary           |                                  |                  |                         |          |
| Conclusion/Summary           |                                  |                  |                         |          |
| Skin                         | : There are no data available on | the mixture itse | lt.                     |          |
| Eyes                         | : There are no data available on | the mixture itse | lf.                     |          |
| Respiratory                  | : There are no data available on | the mixture itse | lf.                     |          |
| Sensitization                |                                  |                  |                         |          |
| Not available.               |                                  |                  |                         |          |
|                              |                                  |                  |                         |          |
| <u>Conclusion/Summary</u>    |                                  |                  |                         |          |
| Skin                         | : There are no data available on | the mixture itse | lf.                     |          |
| Respiratory                  | : There are no data available on | the mixture itse | lf.                     |          |
| Mutagenicity                 |                                  |                  |                         |          |
|                              |                                  |                  |                         |          |

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Not available.

### Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Classification**

| Product/ingredient name  | OSHA | IARC         | NTP                                       |
|--|------|--------------|---|
| diron trioxide<br>proprietary microcrystalline<br>silica<br>ethylbenzene | -    | 3<br>1<br>2B | -<br>Known to be a human carcinogen.<br>- |

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                                       | Category   | Route of<br>exposure | Target organs                |
|--|------------|----------------------|------------------------------|
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres   | Category 3 | -                    | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Category 3 | -                    | Narcotic effects             |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name  |                          | Route of exposure | Target organs                   |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.          | Category 1               |                   | central nervous<br>system (CNS) |
| proprietary microcrystalline silica<br>ethylbenzene | Category 1<br>Category 2 |                   | lungs<br>hearing organs         |

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea, muscle tissue.

#### Aspiration hazard

| English (US) | Colombia |  |
|--------------|----------|--|
|--------------|----------|--|

## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name                                       | Result   |
|--|--|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| Information on the likely routes of exposure <u>Potential acute health effects</u> |   | Not available.   |
|--|---|--|
| Eye contact  | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Inhalation   | : | May cause respiratory irritation.  |
| Skin contact   | : | May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. |
| Ingestion  | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact  | : No specific data.   |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>respiratory tract irritation<br>coughing |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>dryness<br>cracking        |
| Ingestion    | : No specific data.   |

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

| Conclusion/Summary                              | There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. |
|---|--|
| Short term exposure                             |  |
| Potential immediate<br>effects                  | There are no data available on the mixture itself.   |
| Potential delayed effects<br>Long term exposure | There are no data available on the mixture itself.   |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

|                             | -   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Potential immediate effects | : There are no data available on the mixture itself.  |
| Potential delayed effects   | : There are no data available on the mixture itself.  |
| Potential chronic health ef | <u>'fects</u>   |
| Not available.              |   |
| General                     | <ul> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged<br/>or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or<br/>dermatitis.</li> </ul> |
| Carcinogenicity             | : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.   |
| Mutagenicity                | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name                    | Oral (mg/<br>kg) | Dermal<br>(mg/kg) | Inhalation<br>(gases)<br>(ppm) | Inhalation<br>(vapors)<br>(mg/l) | Inhalation<br>(dusts<br>and mists)<br>(mg/l) |
|--|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| L6000 TRI-POLAR FERRITE 05 B500            | 7759.6           | 2758.7            | N/A                            | N/A                              | 6.1  |
| diiron trioxide                            | 10000            | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                              | N/A  |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | N/A              | 2500              | N/A                            | N/A                              | N/A  |
| barium diboron tetraoxide                  | 850              | 2500              | N/A                            | N/A                              | 1.5  |
| zinc oxide                                 | N/A              | 2500              | N/A                            | N/A                              | N/A  |
| ethylbenzene                               | 3500             | 17800             | N/A                            | 17.8                             | 1.5  |

#### **Other information**

: Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** 

| Product/ingredient name | Result   | Species                                 | Exposure      |
|-------------------------|--|---|---------------|
| diiron trioxide         | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l   | Daphnia                                 | 48 hours      |
| zinc oxide              | Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l   | Algae                                   | 72 hours      |
|                         | Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water                                  | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Neonate    | 48 hours      |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water                                | Algae                                   | 72 hours      |
| ethylbenzene            | Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water<br>Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia<br>Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia | 48 hours<br>- |

#### Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result                   | Dose | Inoculum |
|-------------------------|------|--------------------------|------|----------|
| ethylbenzene            | -    | 79 % - Readily - 10 days | -    | -        |

| English (US) Colo | nbia 11/14 |
|-------------------|------------|
|-------------------|------------|

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|-------------|------------|-------------------------------|------------------|---------|------|
| Product nam | ne KrL6    | 000 TRI-POLAR FERRITE 05 B500 |                  |         |      |

## Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name                        | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|--|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Sistillates (petroleum),<br>hydrotreated light | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| ethylbenzene                                   | -                 | -          | Readily          |

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name                        | LogPow | BCF   | Potential |
|--|--------|-------|-----------|
| ♥istillates (petroleum),<br>hydrotreated light | -      | 159   | low       |
| ethylbenzene                                   | 3.6    | 79.43 | low       |

#### Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition           | : Not available. |
|--------------------------------|------------------|
| coefficient (K <sub>oc</sub> ) |                  |

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

| Disposal methods | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.<br>Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply<br>with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation<br>and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-<br>recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be<br>disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of<br>all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration<br>or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material<br>and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when<br>handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty<br>containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product<br>residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the<br>container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been<br>cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and |
|------------------|--|
|                  | cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.   |

### Section 14. Transport information

|                            | UN  | Brazil (ANTT)   | IMDG                  | ΙΑΤΑ  |  |
|----------------------------|---|---|-----------------------|---|--|
| UN number                  | UN1263  | UN1263  | UN1263                | UN1263  |  |
| UN proper<br>shipping name | PAINT   | PAINT   | PAINT                 | PAINT   |  |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3   | 3   | 3                     | 3   |  |
| Packing group              | III   | III   | III                   |   |  |
| Environmental<br>hazards   | Yes. The<br>environmentally<br>hazardous substance<br>mark is not required. | Yes. The<br>environmentally<br>hazardous substance<br>mark is not required. | Yes.                  | Yes. The<br>environmentally<br>hazardous substance<br>mark is not required. |  |
|                            |   |   | English (US) Colombia | 12/14   |  |

| Code 00335680C0<br>Product name   | D<br>KL6000 TRI-POLAR FERRITE | Date of issue<br>05 B500 | 20 November 2022   | Version 1.01    |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Section 14. Transport information |                               |                          |  |                 |  |  |  |
| Marine pollutant<br>substances    | Not applicable.               | Not applicable.          | (Solvent naphtha<br>(petroleum), medium<br>aliph., zinc oxide) | Not applicable. |  |  |  |

#### Additional information

| UN                 | : None identified.   |
|--------------------|--|
| Brazil             | : None identified.   |
| <b>Risk number</b> | : 30   |
| IMDG               | : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$ . |
| ΙΑΤΑ               | : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.           |

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

### Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

| Date of previous issue<br>Version |   | 5/26/2022<br>1.01<br>EHS  |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| Key to abbreviations              | : | ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous<br>Goods by Inland Waterway<br>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of<br>Dangerous Goods by Road<br>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor<br>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals<br>IATA = International Air Transport Association<br>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods<br>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient<br>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,<br>1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)<br>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods<br>by Rail<br>UN = United Nations |
| References                        | : | ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014<br>ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency  |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

| Code                              | 00335680CO | Date of issue  | 20 November 2022 | Version | 1.01 |
|-----------------------------------|------------|----------------|------------------|---------|------|
| Product name KL6000 TRI-POLAR FER |            | ERRITE 05 B500 |                  |         |      |

### Section 16. Other information

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.