SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 11/22/2022 (month/day/year)

Version 1.04

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Α.	Product name	1	SIGMARINE 48 RED / SIGMA 6188		
	Product code	1	000001161547		

Other means of identification 00224100; 00267914

В.	Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against								
	Product use	:	Professional applications, Used by spraying.						
	Use of the substance/ mixture	:	Coating.						
	Uses advised against	1	Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.						
C.	Supplier's or Importer's information	:	PPG SSC (680-090) 19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu, Ulsan, Korea Tel: +82-52-210-8222						
	Email Address		Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM						
	Emergency telephone number:	:	+82-52-210-8222						

Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol



Signal word

: Danger

Date of issue ^{11/22/2022} (month/day/year)

Product name SIGMARINE 48 RED / SIGMA 6188

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements		 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H332 - Harmful if inhaled. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H350 - May cause cancer. H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver) H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	S	
Prevention	:	 P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. P242 - Use non-sparking tools. P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Response	:	P391 - Collect spillage. P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	:	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

not result in

classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy nonane1,2,4-trimethylbenzeneTalc , not containing asbestiform fibres Xylene2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt ethanol ethylbenzene neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt cumene calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	NAPHTHA(PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED HEAVY NONANE 1,2,4-TRIMETHYL BENZENE Talc, non-asbestos form XYLENES ZIRCONIUM 2-ETHYLHEXANOATE ETHYL ALCOHOL ETHYLBENZENE COBALT NEODECANOATE CUMENE 2-ETHYL-HEXANOIC ACID;CALCIUM	CAS: 64742-82-1 CAS: 111-84-2 CAS: 95-63-6 CAS: 14807-96-6 CAS: 1330-20-7 CAS: 22464-99-9 CAS: 64-17-5 CAS: 100-41-4 CAS: 27253-31-2 CAS: 98-82-8 CAS: 136-51-6	30 - <40 1 - <5 1 - <5 1 - <5 1 - <5 0.1 - <1 0.1 - <1
	SALT		

Product name SIGMARINE 48 RED / SIGMA 6188

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.		
в.	Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.		
C.	Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.		
D.	Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.		
Е.	Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		
	Specific treatments	\$	No specific treatment.		
	Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing	:	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
	media Unsuitable extinguishing media Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal	Suitable extinguishing media:Unsuitable extinguishing media:Specific hazards arising from the chemical:Hazardous thermal:

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

C.	Special equipment for : fire-fighting		Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	Fire-fighting procedures	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
B. Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
C. Methods and materials for	СС	intainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill		Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

A. Precautions for safe handling
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Korea (GHS) Page: 4/15

Section 7. Handling and storage

Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.

B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
 Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
nonane	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Trimethyl
	benzene]
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: fibers
(ylene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Xylene]
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
thylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Zirconium
	and compounds]
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes.
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
ethanol	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Cobalt an
	inorganic compounds]
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
cumene	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). Absorbed
	Korea (GHS) Page: 5/

I

Product name SIGMARINE 48 RED / SIGMA 6188

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

			through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.				
	Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.				
в.	Appropriate engineering controls						
	Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.				
С.	Personal protective equip	me	ent				
	Respiratory protection		Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.				
Eye protection : Safety glasses with side shields.							
	Hand protection		Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.				
	Gloves	1	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:				
			Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® May be used: nitrile rubber				
	Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.				
	Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.				

Product name SIGMARINE 48 RED / SIGMA 6188

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Α.	Appearance					
	Physical state	:	Liquid.			
	Color	:	Red.			
В.	Odor	:	Aromatic. [Slight]			
С.	Odor threshold	:	Not available.			
D.	рН	:	Not applicable.			
Ε.	Melting/freezing point	:	Not available.			
F.	Boiling point/boiling range	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)			
G.	Flash point	:	Closed cup: 44°C (11	1.2°F)		
Н.	Evaporation rate	1	Not available.			
I.	Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.			
J.	Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Greatest known rang hydrodesulfurized he		er: 7.6% (Na	aphtha (petroleum),
Κ.	Vapor pressure	:		Vapor Pressure	at 20°C	Vapor pressure

Vapor pressure			Vapo	r Pressu	ire at 20°C	V	Vapor pressure at 50°C	
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		xylene	6.7	0.89				
Solubility(ies)		Media	Re	sult	-	I		
	1	old water	No	t soluble	•			
Solubility in water	:	Not available.						
Vapor density	:	Not available.						
Relative density	:	0.96						
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not applicable.						
Auto-ignition temperature	1							
		Ingredient name		°C	°F		Method	
		nonane		205	401			

Decomposition Q. temperature

L. Solubility(ies)

Μ.

Ν.

0.

Ρ.

- : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
- Viscosity R. Flow time (ISO 2431)
- : Not available.
- Molecular weight S.

: Not available.

: Not applicable.

Date of issue ^{11/22/2022} (month/day/year)

Version 1.04

Product name SIGMARINE 48 RED / SIGMA 6188

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Α.	Chemical stability	1	The product is stable.
	Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
В.	Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
C.	Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
D.	Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/ oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

A. Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effec	its
Inhalation :	Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Ingestion :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Skin contact :	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Eye contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>toms</u>
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Ingestion :	No specific data.
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Eye contact :	No specific data.

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
heavy				
nonane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3200 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16790 mg/m ³	4 hours
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
	·	· ·	Korea (GHS)	Page: 8/1

Section 11. Toxicological information

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	LD50 Oral	Rat -	1098 mg/kg	-
		Female		
cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
X ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
Conclusion/Summary			

Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Carcinogenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Teratogenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
₩aphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy nonane	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Xylene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	Category 1	oral	gastrointestinal tract

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Potential chronic health effects

General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity	 May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Additional information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Chemical name	Identifiers	GHS Classification
■Aphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	CAS: 64742-82-1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
		(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
		Korea (GHS) Page: 10/15

Section 11. Toxicological information

Occubil II. Toxicologica		
nonane	CAS: 111-84-2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	CAS: 95-63-6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
·,_, ·		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) -
		Category 3
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	CAS: 14807-96-6	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) -
		Category 3
Xylene	CAS: 1330-20-7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Xyichic	646. 1990-20-1	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
		(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	CAS: 22464-99-9	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
ethanol	CAS: 22404-33-3 CAS: 64-17-5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
	CAS. 04-17-5	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
ethylbenzene	CAS: 100-41-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
	0/10. 100-41-4	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	CAS: 27253-31-2	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
	070.21200-01-2	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
		(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
cumono	CAS: 98-82-8	
cumene	070. 30-02-0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
adaium his (2 athuthawaraata)	CAR, 126 E4 6	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	CAS: 136-51-6	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

Section 12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethanol ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7640 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Daphnia Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours 48 hours -

B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	adily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	·	Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
₩ylene ethanol ethylbenzene	- -		- -		Readily Readily Readily	

C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name LogPow		BCF	Potential	
nonane	5.65	-	high	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	low	
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low	
ethanol	-0.35	-	low	
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low	
cumene	3.55	35.48	low	

D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

E. <u>Other adverse effects</u> : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

 A. Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

- **B.** Disposal precautions
- : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
D. Packing group	III	=	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
E. Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy, nonane)	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Α.	Regulation according to ISHA			
	ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)	:	None of the components are listed.	
	ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission)	:	None of the components are listed.	

Korea (GHS) Page: 13/15

Date of issue ^{11/22/2022} (month/day/year)

Product name SIGMARINE 48 RED / SIGMA 6188

Section 15. Regulatory information

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	Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth	:	It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19.			
	Exposure Limits of Chem	nica	al Substances and Physical Factors			
	The following components have an OEL: fonane 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres Xylene 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt ethanol ethylbenzene neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt cumene					
	Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)		The following components are listed: cobalt and its inorganic compounds			
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)	:	The following components are listed: talc / soapstone, xylene			
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check- up)	-	The following components are listed: Xylene			
	Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)	:	The following components are listed: xylene			
В.	Regulation according to	Ch	emicals Control Act			
	Article 11 (TRI)	1	The following components are listed: Xylene including o-,m-,p- isomer, Ethylbenzene, Cobalt and its compounds			
	Article 18 Prohibited (K- Reach Article 27)	:				
	Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25)	:	None of the components are listed.			
	Article 20 Restricted (K- Reach Article 27)	:	None of the components are listed.			
	Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20)	:	Not applicable			
	Korea inventory	:	🕅 components are listed or exempted.			
	Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)	:	None of the components are listed.			

Korea (GHS) Page: 14/15

Date of issue 11/22/2022 (month/day/year)

Product name SIGMARINE 48 RED / SIGMA 6188

Section 15. Regulatory information

C.	<u>Dangerous Materials</u> <u>Safety Management Act</u>	:	Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited
D.	Wastes regulation	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Ε.	Regulation according to o	oth	ler foreign laws
	Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product	:	No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

Α.	References	Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act NIER Notice Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.
В.	Date of issue/Date of revision	11/22/2022
C.	Version	1.04
	Prepared by	EHS

D. Other

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.