SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 11/23/2022 (month/day/year)

Version 18.02

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Α.	Product name	1	SIGMADUR ONE WHITE
	Product code	1	00321552

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Product use	:	Professional applications, Used by spraying.
	Use of the substance/ mixture	:	Coating.
	Uses advised against	:	Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
C.	Supplier's or Importer's information	:	PPG SSC (680-090) 19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu, Ulsan, Korea Tel: +82-52-210-8222 Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM
	Email Address		Kolea.moDo@FFG.COM
	Emergency telephone number:	:	+82-52-210-8222

Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol

Signal word

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

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: Danger

Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

- H350 May cause cancer.
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

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Section 2. Hazards identification

	Prevention	P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	i levendon	P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
		P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
		P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.
		P242 - Use non-sparking tools.
		P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.
		P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
		P260 - Do not breathe vapor.
		P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	Response	 P391 - Collect spillage. P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
		P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
	Storage	P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
	Disposal	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
C.	Other hazards which do not result in classification	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
titanium dioxide	TITANIUM DIOXIDE	CAS: 13463-67-7	10 -<20
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM); HYDROTREATED HEAVY	CAS: 64742-48-9	10 -<20
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	NAPHTHA(PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED HEAVY	CAS: 64742-82-1	10 -<20
Kaolin	ALUMINUM SILICATE	CAS: 1332-58-7	1 - <5
nonane	NONANE	CAS: 111-84-2	1 - <5
1-methoxy-2-propanol	PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	CAS: 107-98-2	1 - <5
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	ZIRCONIUM 2-ETHYLHEXANOATE	CAS: 22464-99-9	1 - <5
ethanol	ETHYL ALCOHOL	CAS: 64-17-5	0.1 - <1
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	2-ETHYL-HEXANOIC ACID;CALCIUM SALT	CAS: 136-51-6	0.1 - <1
2-butanone oxime neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt octane	METHYL ETHYL KETOXIME COBALT NEODECANOATE N-OCTANE	CAS: 96-29-7 CAS: 27253-31-2 CAS: 111-65-9	0.1 - <1 0.1 - <1 0.1 - <1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
В.	Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
C.	Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
D.	Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Е.	Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
	Specific treatments	1	No specific treatment.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Α.	Extinguishing media		
	Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
В.	Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
	Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
C.	Special equipment for fire-fighting	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	Fire-fighting procedures	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
B. Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
C. Methods and materials for	СС	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Section 7. Handlin	g	and storage

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure -**Precautions for safe** Α. handling obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are

contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.

Section 7. Handling and storage

R	Conditions for safe	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in
D.	storage, including any incompatibilities	accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
titanium dioxide	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: total dust
	with less than 1% of free SiO2
Kaolin	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
nonane	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Zirconium
	and compounds]
	STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
ethanol	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Cobalt and
	inorganic compounds]
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
octane	Ministry of Employment and Labor
	(Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
	STEL: 375 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.

monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Β.	Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
	Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
C.	Personal protective equip	om	ent

Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: nitrile rubber, butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Α.	Appearance		
	Physical state	:	Liquid.
	Color	:	Various
В.	Odor	:	Characteristic.
С.	Odor threshold	:	Not available.
D.	рН	:	Not applicable.
Ε.	Melting/freezing point	1	Not available.

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Product code 00321552 Date of issue 11/23/2022 (month/day/year) **Version 18.02** Product name SIGMADUR ONE WHITE Section 9. Physical and chemical properties F. Boiling point/boiling : >37.78°C (>100°F) range : Closed cup: 33°C (91.4°F) G. Flash point H. Evaporation rate 5 Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. I. J. Lower and upper : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.48% Upper: 13.74% (1-methoxy-2-propanol) explosive (flammable) limits K. Vapor pressure 2 Vapor Pressure at 20°C Vapor pressure at 50°C **Ingredient name** mm Hg kPa kPa Method mm Method Hg 1-methoxy-2-propanol 8.5 1.1 Media Result L. Solubility(ies) • cold water Not soluble Solubility in water : Not available. Vapor density Not available. 2 Μ. **Relative density** : 1.14 N. Partition coefficient: n-: Not applicable. О. octanol/water **Auto-ignition** 2 Ρ. temperature **Ingredient name** °C °F **Method** nonane 205 401 **Decomposition** : Not available. Q. temperature

 temperature

 Viscosity

 Flow time (ISO 2431)

 S.

Molecular weight
Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Not available.
Not available.
Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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D.	Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
C.	Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
В.	Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
А.	Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous reactions		The product is stable. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
_	Chamical stability		The product is stable

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Α.	Information on the likely	: Not available.
	routes of exposure	

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation Ingestion	No specific data.No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
itanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	mists	DILL		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Kaolin	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.07 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	_
nonane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3200 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16790 mg/m ³	4 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	_
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	_
, ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	_
ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	17100 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	_
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	_
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	LD50 Oral	Rat -	1098 mg/kg	_
		Female		
octane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	25260 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	118000 mg/m ³	4 hours

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

<u>Conclusion/Summary</u>	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
Conclusion/Summary	•		·
		available on the mixture itself. available on the mixture itself.	
<u>Mutagenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data	available on the mixture itself.	
Carcinogenicity Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data	available on the mixture itself.	
Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data	available on the mixture itself.	
<u>Teratogenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data	available on the mixture itself.	

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
nonane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-butanone oxime	Category 1	-	upper respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
octane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 1		central nervous system (CNS)
2-butanone oxime neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	Category 2 Category 1		blood system gastrointestinal tract

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
nonane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
octane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Potential chronic health effects

General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity	 May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Additional information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Chemical name	Identifiers	GHS Classification
titanium dioxide	CAS: 13463-67-7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	CAS: 64742-48-9	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) -
		Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	CAS: 64742-82-1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
		(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Kaolin	CAS: 1332-58-7	Not classified.
nonane	CAS: 111-84-2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
1-methoxy-2-propanol	CAS: 107-98-2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
	0.00.00.00.00.00	EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	CAS: 22464-99-9	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
ethanol	CAS: 64-17-5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
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Section 11. Toxicological information

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		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	CAS: 136-51-6	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
2-butanone oxime	CAS: 96-29-7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) - Category 1
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
		(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	CAS: 27253-31-2	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
		(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
octane	CAS: 111-65-9	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
		EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
		AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
	<u> </u>	

Section 12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethanol	Acute EC50 7640 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours

B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
ethanol	-	-	Readily

C. Bioaccumulative potential

	duct code 00321552 duct name SIGMADUR ON	EWHITE	Date of issue 11/23/2022	(month/day/year) Version 18.02		
Se	Section 12. Ecological information					
	Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential		
	Ponane 1-methoxy-2-propanol ethanol 2-butanone oxime octane	5.65 <1 -0.35 0.63 5.18	- - - 5.01 -	high Iow Iow Iow high		
D.	Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.				
Е.	Other adverse effects	No known significar	nt effects or critical hazards	5.		
Se	ection 13. Dispose	al considerat	ions			
Α.	Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.				
в.	Disposal precautions	taken when handling Empty containers of residues may create container. Do not c	g emptied containers that l r liners may retain some pr e a highly flammable or ex ut, weld or grind used cont v. Avoid dispersal of spilled	ed of in a safe way. Care should be have not been cleaned or rinsed out. oduct residues. Vapor from product blosive atmosphere inside the ainers unless they have been cleaned d material and runoff and contact with		

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
	UN	INDG	
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
D. Packing group	III	III	111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
E. Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

Section 14. Transport information

UN	: None identified
IMDG	: None identified

ΙΑΤΑ

: None identified.

F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

A. <u>Regulation according to ISHA</u>

ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)	:	None of the components are listed.		
ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission)	:	None of the components are listed.		
Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth	:	It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19.		

Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

The following components have an OEL: Manium dioxide Kaolin nonane 1-methoxy-2-propanol 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt ethanol neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt octane				
ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors) ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)	 The following components are listed: cobalt and its inorganic compounds The following components are listed: titanium dioxide, silicates, zirconium and its compounds 			
ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check- up)	: The following components are listed: Zirconium and its compounds			

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Section 15. Regulatory information

	Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)	:	The following components are listed: titanium dioxide, zirconium and its compounds
В.	Regulation according to	Ch	emicals Control Act
	Article 11 (TRI)	:	The following components are listed: Cobalt and its compounds
	Article 18 Prohibited (K- Reach Article 27)	:	None of the components are listed.
	Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25)	:	None of the components are listed.
	Article 20 Restricted (K- Reach Article 27)	:	None of the components are listed.
	Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20)	:	Not applicable
	Korea inventory	:	At least one component is not listed.
	Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)	:	None of the components are listed.
C.	Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act	:	Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited
D.	Wastes regulation	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Е.	Regulation according to	oth	er foreign laws
	Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product	- 1	No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

Α.	References	 Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act NIER Notice Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.
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С.	Version	: 18.02
	Prepared by	: EHS
D.	Other	

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

Product name SIGMADUR ONE WHITE

Section 16. Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.