SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 25 November 2022 Version : 11



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 REDBROWN
Product code	: 00242162
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of ident	lification
Not available.	
1.2 Relevant identified	uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Description of the second	

Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.; Antifouling products
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Sigma Paints Egypt Villa#8, street 279 New Maadi, Cairo Egypt Tel: 00202 516 223 797 Fax: 00202 516 38 04	
e-mail address of person	: PS.ACEMEA@ppg.com
responsible for this SDS	

1.4 Emergency telephone : +20 2 6840902 number

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Product definition : Mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS] Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361d Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 The product is classified as begandous according to Deculation (EC) 1272/2000

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

	No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II
Code : 00242162	Date of issue/Date of revision : 25 November 202
SIGMA ECOFLEET 530 REDE	ROWN
SECTION 2: Hazards	identification
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	 dicopper oxide rosin 5-methylhexan-2-one 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one 1,3-bis[12-hydroxy-octadecamide-N-methylene]-benzene Cashew, nutshell liq. octhilinone (ISO)
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	ients
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvE
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
dícopper oxide	REACH #: 01-2119513794-36 EC: 215-270-7 CAS: 1317-39-1 Index: 029-002-00-X	≥25 - ≤50	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/ kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 3.34 mg/l M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 10	[1] [2]
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≥10 - ≤25	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
rosin	REACH #: 01-2119480418-32 EC: 232-475-7 CAS: 8050-09-7 Index: 650-015-00-7	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1] [2]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
5-methylhexan-2-one	REACH #: 01-2119472300-51 EC: 203-737-8 CAS: 110-12-3 Index: 606-026-00-4	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Repr. 2, H361d (inhalation)	ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = 5000 ppm	[1] [2]
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one	EC: 264-843-8 CAS: 64359-81-5 Index: 613-335-00-8		Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.16 mg/l Skin Corr. 1, H314: C ≥ 5% Skin Irrit. 2, H315: $0.025\% \le C < 5\%$ Eye Dam. 1, H318: C ≥ 3% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: $0.025\% \le C < 3\%$ Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs)	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l	[1] [2]
	<u>.</u>	English	(GB)	Egypt	3/17

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SECTION 3: COM	position/informat	ion on II	•	1	1
	Index: 601-023-00-4		Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
copper(II) oxide	REACH #: 01-2119502447-44 EC: 215-269-1 CAS: 1317-38-0 Index: 029-016-00-6	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 10	[1]
copper	REACH #: 01-2119480154-42 EC: 231-159-6 CAS: 7440-50-8	<1.0	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	M [Acute] = 1	[1]
1,3-bis[12-hydroxy- octadecamide-N- methylene]-benzene	REACH #: 01-2119962189-26 CAS: 911674-82-3 Index: 616-198-00-2	<1.0	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	-	[1] [2]
Cashew, nutshell liq.	EC: 232-355-4 CAS: 8007-24-7	<1.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg	[1]
lead monoxide	EC: 215-267-0 CAS: 1317-36-8 Index: 082-001-00-6	≤0.10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Repr. 1A, H360Df STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/ kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 1.5 mg/l Repr. 2, H361f: C \geq 2.5% STOT RE 2, H373: C \geq 0.5% M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1] [2]
octhilinone (ISO)	EC: 247-761-7 CAS: 26530-20-1 Index: 613-112-00-5	<0.0010	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 125 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 311 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.27 mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C $\geq 0.0015\%$ M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

English (GB)

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid n	neasures
Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health e	ffects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sy</u>	<u>imptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
4.3 Indication of any imm	nediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
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Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

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5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising	from the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides oxides of lead
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	1	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and

spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal contractor.

Conforms to Regulation	(EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II
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SECTION 6: Acci	dental release measures
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
7.3 Specific end use(s)	

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient	name	Exposur	e limit values	
dicopper oxide		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2 TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form		
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2 Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.001 mg/m ³ , (as total Re fraction	022). [resin acids] Skin se	
xylene		EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xyle through skin. STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	ne, mixed isomers] Absor	rbed
5-methylhexan-2-one		EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). TWA: 95 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.		
ethylbenzene		EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Abso STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.	orbed through skin.	
1,3-bis[12-hydroxy-octadecamid benzene lead monoxide	e-N-methylene]-	ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 3 mg/m ³ , (Respirable frac EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [inor TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. EU Biological limit values (Eur compounds] OEL surveillance: 0.075 mg/m ³	ganic lead and its compo ope, 12/2017). [lead and it	-
Recommended monitoring : procedures	Standard EN 689 by inhalation to c strategy) Europe application and u biological agents requirements for agents) Referen	d be made to monitoring standard d Workplace atmospheres - Guida hemical agents for comparison wi ean Standard EN 14042 (Workplace se of procedures for the assesson) European Standard EN 482 (Wo the performance of procedures for ce to national guidance document ostances will also be required.	ance for the assessment of th limit values and measure ce atmospheres - Guide for ent of exposure to chemical orkplace atmospheres - Ger r the measurement of chem	exposure ment the I and neral nical
8.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering : controls Individual protection measures	other engineering recommended of vapour or dust co ventilation equipr	equate ventilation. Use process e g controls to keep worker exposur r statutory limits. The engineering oncentrations below any lower exp ment.	e to airborne contaminants l controls also need to keep	below any gas,
	Wash hands, for eating, smoking a	earms and face thoroughly after h and using the lavatory and at the e	end of the working period.	
	Contaminated we contaminated clo	niques should be used to remove ork clothing should not be allowed othing before reusing. Ensure that se to the workstation location.	out of the workplace. Wasl	h
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Eye/face protection	: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

	English (GB)	Egypt 9/17
Auto-ignition temperature		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 30°C	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.8% Up	per: 9% (5-methylhexan-2-one)
Flammability	: Not available.	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: >37.78°C	
Melting point/freezing point	: May start to solidify at the following temp data for the following ingredient: 5-methy (-123.8°F)	erature: -74°C (-101.2°F) This is based on /hexan-2-one. Weighted average: -86.55°C
Odour threshold	: Not available.	
Odour	: Aromatic.	
Colour	: Brownish-red.	
Physical state	: Liquid.	
<u>Appearance</u>		
o. I mormation on basic physic	al and one mouth properties	

onforms to Regulation (EC) No	<mark>). 19</mark>	07/2006 (REACH), A	nnex II					
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SECTION 9: Physical a	Ind	chemical prop	perties					
	:	Ingredient name		°C	°F		Method	
		5-methylhexan-2-one		400	752		EU A.15	
Decomposition temperature pH Viscosity	:	Stable under recommoder Not applicable. insolution Kinematic (40°C): >2	uble in wa	•	and handling	conditio	ns (see Sec	ction 7).
Solubility(ies)	:	()						
Media		Result						
cold water		Not soluble						
Partition coefficient: n-octano water	I/ :	Not applicable.						
Vapour pressure	:		Vapour Pressure at 20°C		C Va	Vapour pressure at 50°C		
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2				
Evaporation rate	:	Highest known value butyl acetate	e: 0.84 (et	nylbenz	ene) Weigh	ted avera	age: 0.65co	mpared with
Relative density	:	1.94						
Vapour density	:	Highest known value 3.78 (Air = 1)	e: 3.9 (Air	= 1) (5	5-methylhexa	an-2-one)). Weighteo	d average:
Explosive properties	:	The product itself is vapour or dust with a			t the formation	on of an o	explosible n	nixture of
Oxidising properties	:	Product does not pre	esent an o	xidizing	j hazard.			
Oxidising properties Particle characteristics	:	Product does not pre	esent an o	xidizing) hazard.			

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stabilit	y and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/ oxides

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	mists		Ū	
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	mists		- -	
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
rosin	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
A field	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
5-methylhexan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5657 mg/kg	_
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	0.16 mg/l	4 hours
	mists	, lat	0.10 mg/i	1 Houro
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.9 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	567 mg/kg	_
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
ottyloonzono	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	_
copper oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	_
copper	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5.11 mg/l	4 hours
coppoi	mists	i tut	· o. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Thouse
Reaction products of	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5.08 mg/l	4 hours
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and	mists	i tut	- 0.00 mg/i	Thouse
octadecanoic acid and				
1,3-phenylenedimethanamine				
octhilinone (ISO)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	0.27 mg/l	4 hours
	mists		0.27 mg/i	r nouro
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	311 mg/kg	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	125 mg/kg	
		ivat	120 119/19	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary		•	•		

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no
Eyes	: There are no
Respiratory	: There are no

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
octhilinone (ISO)	skin	Mouse	Sensitising
Conclusion/Summary			

Skin

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

onforms to Regulation (EC	C) No. 1907/2006	6 (REACH), A	nnex II			
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Conclusion/Summary	: There are r	no data availa	able on the mi	xture itself.		
Carcinogenicity	. 					
Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity	: I nere are r	no data avalla	able on the mi	xture itself.		
Product/ingredient name	e Maternal	Fertility	Developmer	ntal Species	Dose	Exposure
	toxicity	rentinty	toxin			
5-methylhexan-2-one	-	-	Equivocal	Rabbit	Inhalation: 1250 ppm	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are r	no data availa	able on the mi	xture itself.	ł	
Teratogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: There are r	no data availa	able on the mi	xture itself.		
Specific target organ toxic	<u>city (single expo</u>	<u>osure)</u>				
Product/in	gredient name		Catego	ry Route of exposure	Target	organs
xylene 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isot	hiazol-3-one		Category Category		Respiratory tr Respiratory tr	
Specific target organ toxic	city (repeated ex	<u>(posure)</u>			1	
Product/in	gredient name		Catego	ry Route of exposure	Target	organs
ethylbenzene lead monoxide			Category	/2 -	hearing orgar -	IS
Aspiration hazard				·		
-	t/ingredient nan	ne			Result	
xylene ethylbenzene	<u> </u>			SPIRATION HAZAF	RD - Category 1	
Information on likely routes of exposure	: Not availab	ble.				
Potential acute health effe	ects					
Inhalation	: Harmful if i	nhaled.				
Ingestion	: Harmful if s	swallowed.				
Skin contact	: Causes ski	in irritation.	Defatting to the	askin May cause a	n allergic skin rea	
Eye contact	: Causes se	rious ava dar		e skill. May cause a	in allergie elan rea	ction.
Symptoms related to the p		nous eye uai	nage.	e skill. May cause a		ction.
		cal and toxic	ological cha	racteristics		ction.
Inhalation	: Adverse sy reduced for increase in	c <mark>al and toxic</mark> mptoms may	rinclude the fo	racteristics		ction.
Inhalation Ingestion	 Adverse sy reduced for increase in skeletal ma Adverse sy stomach pa reduced for increase in 	cal and toxic mptoms may etal weight foetal deaths alformations mptoms may ains	v include the fo	racteristics ollowing:		ction.
	 Adverse sy reduced for increase in skeletal ma Adverse sy stomach pa reduced for increase in skeletal ma Adverse sy pain or irrita redness dryness cracking blistering m reduced for 	cal and toxic mptoms may etal weight foetal deaths alformations mptoms may ains etal weight foetal deaths alformations mptoms may ation	v include the fo	racteristics ollowing: ollowing:		ction.

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		skeletal malformations
Eye contact	4	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
		pain
		watering redness
Delayed and immediate effe	<u>cts</u>	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate	:	Not available.
effects		
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate	1	Not available.
effects		
Potential delayed effects	4	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>S</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
General	:	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	1	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Other information	1	Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dícopper oxide	LC50 0.003 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zincoxide	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia	48 hours
	Fresh water	magna - Neonate	
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Fresh water	_	
5-methylhexan-2-one	Acute LC50 159 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 267.368 µg/l	Algae - Nitzschia	96 hours
	Marine water	pungens	
	Acute LC50 0.318 mg/l	Crustaceans -	48 hours
	Marine water	Artemia sp.	
	Acute LC50 0.0027 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Fresh water		
	Chronic NOEC 19.789 µg/l	Algae - Nitzschia	96 hours
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	Marine water	pungens	
	Chronic NOEC 0.00056 mg/l	Fish	97 days
	Fresh water		
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia	48 hours
	water		
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia -	-
	water	Ceriodaphnia dubia	
copper	Acute LC50 810 ppb	Fish	96 hours
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
and octadecanoic acid and			
1,3-phenylenedimethanamine			

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
5-methylhexan-2-one ethylbenzene	OECD 301D -	67 % - Readily - 28 day 79 % - Readily - 10 day		-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no o	data available on the mixtu	re itself.	
Product/ingredient name		Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene 5-methylhexan-2-one ethylbenzene			-	Readily Readily Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ro sin	1.9 to 7.7	-	high
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
5-methylhexan-2-one	1.88	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low
Cashew, nutshell liq.	>4.78	-	high
octhilinone (ISO)	2.45	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	1	Not available.
Mobility	:	Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)
Container	15 01 06 mixed packaging
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	Ш	111	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(dicopper oxide, zinc oxide)	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADR/RID	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
Tunnel code	: (D/E)
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.

English (GB) Egypt 15/17

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SIGMA EC	OFLEET 530 REDB	ROWN
SECTIC	N 14: Transpo	ort information
ΙΑΤΑ	: The enviro regulations	onmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation s.
14.6 Speci user	al precautions for	: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Trans according instrumen		: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status		Date of revision
Toxic to reproduction	lead monoxide	Recommended	ED/49/2014	11/10/2016

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other national and international regulations.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that I	has changed	from previously issued version.		
Abbreviations and acronyms	CLP = 0 1272/20 DNEL = EUH sta PNEC =	Acute Toxicity Estimate Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulati 008] • Derived No Effect Level atement = CLP-specific Hazard statement • Predicted No Effect Concentration REACH Registration Number	on [Regulation (EC) No	э.
Full text of abbreviated H statements	: H225 H226 H301 H302 H304 H311 H312 H314 H315 H317	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. Toxic if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Toxic in contact with skin. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
		English (GB)	Egypt	16/17

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	 H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility. H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract. 			
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	 Acute Tox. 2 Acute Tox. 3 Acute Tox. 3 Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 3 Acute Chronic 3 Aquatic Chronic 4 Aquatic Chronic 4 Aquatic Chronic 4 Aquatic Chronic 4 Aquatic Chronic 4 Aquatic Chronic 4 Asp. Tox. 1 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 1A Repr. 2 Skin Corr. 1 Skin Ver. 1 Skin Sens. 1 Stor Re 2 Stor SE 3 Acute ToXICITY - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4 ASP. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Repr. 1A REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1 Skin Corr. 1 Skin CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 2 STOT SE 3 			
<u>History</u> Date of issue/ Date of	: 25 November 2022			
revision				
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