SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 12 January 2023

Version 5

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : AMERCOAT 68HS GREEN RESIN
- : 00334799
- : Not available.
- : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason		
Not applicable.			

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3
	SPEČIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

English (US) Colombia	
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Section 2. Hazards	
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, skin, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS). Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys,
	lungs, the nervous system, peripheral nervous system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, eye, lens or cornea.
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 26.2%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 62.1%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 48.8%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Fammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation.
	May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled.
	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer.
	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Øbtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: P rolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
rystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	20 - <30	14808-60-7
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15 - <20	1675-54-3
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>10 - <12.5</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<>	10 - <12.5	25036-25-3
4-methylpentan-2-one	10 - <12.5	108-10-1
heptan-2-one	10 - <12.5	110-43-0
xylene	3 - <5	1330-20-7
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	3 - <5	64742-95-6
Cashew, nutshell liq., oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-	3 - <5	68413-24-1
2,3-epoxypropane		
tetraethyl silicate	2 - <3	78-10-4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - <2	95-63-6
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	1 - <2	2530-83-8
ethylbenzene	0.5 - <1	100-41-4

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There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first	t aid measures
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate med	cal attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effects	

Potential acute health effects

English (US)	Colombia
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Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact Ingestion	
ingestion	· May be harmun i swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNG) depression.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and mate	rials for containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
<mark>¢r</mark> ystalline silica, respirable p	owder (<10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/20 crystalline] TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. For	
4-methylpentan-2-one		Respirable ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/20 STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.	22).
heptan-2-one		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/20 TWA: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	22).
xylene		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/20 [xylene] STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	22).
tetraethyl silicate		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/20 TWA: 85 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.	22).
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/20 TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.	22).
Recommended monitoring procedures		appropriate monitoring standards. Refere for methods for the determination of hazar ed.	
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineering contaminants below any recor	tion. Use process enclosures, local exhau controls to keep worker exposure to airbo mended or statutory limits. The engineer or dust concentrations below any lower exp patilation equipment	orne ing controls
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or ventilation or ventilation or ventilation or ventilation or ventilation or ventilation of vent	vork process equipment should be checke ents of environmental protection legislation or engineering modifications to the proces o reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	n. In some
ndividual protection measu	res		
Hygiene measures	before eating, smoking and us Appropriate techniques should Contaminated work clothing sl contaminated clothing before r showers are close to the work	be thoroughly after handling chemical prod ing the lavatory and at the end of the work be used to remove potentially contaminat hould not be allowed out of the workplace. eusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and station location.	ing period. ed clothing. Wash
Eye protection Skin protection	: Chemical splash goggles.	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
Hand protection	be worn at all times when han this is necessary. Considering check during use that the glov should be noted that the time different for different glove ma	s gloves complying with an approved stand dling chemical products if a risk assessme the parameters specified by the glove ma es are still retaining their protective proper o breakthrough for any glove material may nufacturers. In the case of mixtures, cons tion time of the gloves cannot be accurate	nt indicates inufacturer, ties. It / be isting of
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection Other skin protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	 Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>					
Physical state	1	Liquid.			
Color	1	Green.			
Odor	:	Characteristic.			
рН	:	Not applicable.			
Melting point	:	Not available.			
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)			
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 27.78°C (82°F)			
Evaporation rate	:	0.81 (butyl acetate = 1)			
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.			
Vapor pressure	:	<mark>≸.</mark> 1 kPa (8.6 mm Hg)			
Vapor density	:	Not available.			
Relative density	:	1.19			
Solubility(ies)		Media Result			
, (···)	Ĩ	Cold water Not soluble			
Water Solubility at room temperature	:	0.3 g/l			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not applicable.			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)			

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following material carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
øís-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	23000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15000 mg/kg	-
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw <=1100)</mw 	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
<i>.</i>	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
heptan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16.7 mg/l	4 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10.206 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.6 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
0	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Cashew, nutshell liq., oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
2,3-epoxypropane		Det	E elle	
tatvaatbud alliaata	LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	5 g/kg	- 4 hours
tetraethyl silicate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists		10 to 16 mg/l	4 nours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit Rat	5.878 g/kg	-
1.2.4 trimethylbonzone	LD50 Oral	Rat	6270 mg/kg	- 4 hours
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 nours
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	5 g/kg >5300 mg/m³	- 4 hours
2	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	4.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7.01 g/kg	-
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Section 11. Toxico	LC50 Inhala LD50 Derm LD50 Oral	ation Vap		I ON Rat Rabbit Rat		17.8 17.8 3.5 g	g/kg	4 hours - -
Conclusion/Summary rritation/Corrosion	: There are	e no data	a availa	ble on the mix	cture itse	lf.		
Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Score	•	Exposure	Observation
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)	Eyes - Mild	irritant		Rabbit	-		24 hours	-
phenyl]propane	Eyes - Redr conjunctiva	е	he	Rabbit	0.4		24 hours	-
	Skin - Eden		- 1	Rabbit	0.5		4 hours	-
	Skin - Eryth Skin - Mild i		cnar	Rabbit Rabbit	0.8		4 hours 4 hours	-
xylene	Skin - Milia I Skin - Mode		ant	Rabbit	-		4 nours 24 hours 500	-
			-				mg	
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	Eyes - Corn	iea opac	ity	Rabbit	11.8		1 minutes	24 hours
Conclusion/Summary	•			•	l		•	
Skin	: There are	e no data	a availa	ble on the mix	cture itse	lf.		
Eyes	: There are	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Respiratory Sensitization	: There are	e no data	a availal	ble on the mix	cture itse	lf.		
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	S	pecies			Resu	lt	
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	skin		Mouse			Sensitizing		
Conclusion/Summary		•						
Skin	: There are	e no data	a availa	ble on the mix	cture itse	lf.		
Respiratory	: There are	e no data	a availa	ble on the mix	cture itse	lf.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>								
Not available.								
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity	: There are	e no data	a availal	ble on the mix	kture itsel	lf.		
Not available.								
Conclusion/Summary <u>Classification</u>	: There are	e no data	a availa	ble on the mix	ture itsel	lf.		
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP					
rystalline silica, respirable	-	1	Knov	wn to be a hu	man card	inoge	า.	
powder (<10 microns) bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)	-	3	-					
phenyl]propane								
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	2B	-					
xylene	-	3	-					
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-					

Carcinogen Classification code:

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Section 11. Toxicological information

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
✓methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
heptan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
tetraethyl silicate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
vystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, skin, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS). Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, peripheral nervous system, upper respiratory tract,

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
4-methylpentan-2-one	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
heptan-2-one	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

immune system, eye, lens or cornea.

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye irritation.

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Product name AMERCOA	AT 68HS GREEN RESIN
Section 11. Toxic	ological information
Inhalation	: Farmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: 🗭 auses skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Conclusion/Summary	There are no data available on the mixture itself. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritatio and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This
<u>Short term exposure</u> Potential immediate	takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.There are no data available on the mixture itself.
effects	. There are no data available an the mixture itself
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MERCOAT 68HS GREEN RESIN	3999.4	6701.4	N/A	16.6	2.1
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15000	23000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<>	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-methylpentan-2-one	2080	N/A	N/A	11	1.5
heptan-2-one	1600	10206	N/A	16.7	1.5
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cashew, nutshell liq., oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	5000	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
tetraethyl silicate	6270	5878	N/A	11	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	7010	4300	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - daphnia magna	48 hours
phenyipiopane	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
heptan-2-one	Acute LC50 131 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic		Fish	96 hours
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	Acute LC50 324 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
,	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
✓methylpentan-2-one heptan-2-one ethylbenzene	OECD 301F OECD 310 -	83 % - Readily - 28 days 69 % - Readily - 28 days 79 % - Readily - 10 days				- - -
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	f-life Photolysis			Biodegradability	
ofs-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane 4-methylpentan-2-one heptan-2-one xylene ethylbenzene	- - - -		- - - -		Not rea Readily Readily Readily Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	low
heptan-2-one	2.26	-	low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
tetraethyl silicate	3.18	-	low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water p	artition
coefficient	(Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal	method	S
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: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

Н	is	to	ry

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Key to abbreviations	:	ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association
		English (US) Colombia 14/15

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Section 16. Other information

	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014
Indicates information	ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency In that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.