SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue	12 January 2023
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Version 5

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

: AMERCOAT 68HS RESIN

- : AT68HS-A
- : Not available.
 - : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	: PPG INDUSTRIES ARGENTINA S.R.L. Calle 9 y Del gasoducto N° 3810 Parque Industrial Pilar -(CP 1629) Pilar Provincia de Buenos Aires - Argentina Teléfono : 54-0230 4529700 Fax : 54-0230 4529706
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Centro de intoxicaciones 0800-333-0160 /CIQUIME 0800-222-2933

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

Section 2. Hazards	
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, skin, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS). Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, peripheral nervous system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, eye, lens or cornea.
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 28.4%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 63.7%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 50.6%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Fammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Øbtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: P rolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
rystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	20 - <30	14808-60-7
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15 - <20	1675-54-3
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>10 - <12.5</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<>	10 - <12.5	25036-25-3
4-methylpentan-2-one	10 - <12.5	108-10-1
heptan-2-one	10 - <12.5	110-43-0
xylene	3 - <5	1330-20-7
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	3 - <5	64742-95-6
Cashew, nutshell liq., oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-	3 - <5	68413-24-1
2,3-epoxypropane		
tetraethyl silicate	2 - <3	78-10-4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - <2	95-63-6
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	1 - <2	2530-83-8
ethylbenzene	0.5 - <1	100-41-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary firs	aid measures
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate med	al attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effects	

Potential acute health effects

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Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: $\mathbf{\mathcal{D}}$ auses skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and mater	Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up				
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.				
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.				

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
Fystalline silica, respirable po	owder (<10 microns)	Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resoluti 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003). TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction	ion
4-methylpentan-2-one		Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resoluti 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.	
heptan-2-one		Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resoluti 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
xylene		Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resoluti 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003). [2 (o-, m-, p-isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.	ion
tetraethyl silicate		Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resoluti 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resoluti 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003). [Trimethylbenzene (mixed isomers) TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.	ion
Recommended monitoring procedures		e to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference nts for methods for the determination of hazardous quired.	
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engine contaminants below any re	ntilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne ecommended or statutory limits. The engineering o por or dust concentrations below any lower explosi- f ventilation equipment.	controls
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requi cases, fume scrubbers, fill	or work process equipment should be checked to ements of environmental protection legislation. In ers or engineering modifications to the process ry to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
ndividual protection measur	<u>es</u>		
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms an before eating, smoking an Appropriate techniques sh Contaminated work clothir	d face thoroughly after handling chemical products d using the lavatory and at the end of the working p ould be used to remove potentially contaminated c g should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wa ore reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and saf vorkstation location.	period. lothing. sh
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

•	• •
Eye protection Skin protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	iquid.		
Color	White to yellov	wish.	
Odor	Characteristic.	2.	
рН	ot applicable	Э.	
Melting point	Not available.		
Boiling point	>37.78°C (>10	00°F)	
Flash point	Closed cup: 27	7.78°C (82°F)	
Evaporation rate).81 (butyl ace	etate = 1)	
Flammability (solid, gas)	lot available.		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not available.		
Vapor pressure	<mark>7</mark> .1 kPa (8.6 m	nm Hg)	
Vapor density	lot available.		
Relative density	.21		
Colubility/ico)	Media	Result	
Solubility(ies)	old water	Not soluble	
Water Solubility at room temperature).3 g/l		

English (US)

Argentina

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients	S.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
Incompatible materials	 Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. 	
Hazardous decomposition products	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following mate carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides	rials:

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

LD50 Dermal Rab LD50 Oral Rat LD50 Oral Rat LD50 Dermal Rab LD50 Dermal Rab LD50 Oral Rat LD50 Oral Rat Solvent naphtha (petroleum), LD50 Dermal Rab LD50 Oral Rat Cashew, nutshell liq., LD50 Dermal Rab	cies Dose	Exposure
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw< th="">LD50 DermalRat<=1100)</mw<>	bit 23000 mg/kg	-
<=1100) 4-methylpentan-2-one heptan-2-one keptan-2-one LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral Rat LD50 Oral Rat Rab LD50 Oral Rat Rab LD50 Oral Rat Rab LD50 Oral Rat Rab LD50 Oral Rat Rab LD50 Oral Rat Rab LD50 Oral Rat Rab LD50 Oral Rat Rab LD50 Oral Rat Rab	15000 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-oneLC50 Inhalation VaporRat LD50 Dermalheptan-2-oneLC50 Inhalation VaporRat LD50 Oralheptan-2-oneLC50 Inhalation VaporRat LD50 DermalxyleneLD50 DermalRat LD50 OralSolvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromaticLD50 DermalRat LD50 DermalLD50 OralRat LD50 OralRat Rat LD50 OralRat Rat Rat RatSolvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromaticLD50 OralRat RatLD50 OralRat RatRat RatLD50 OralRat RatRat RatLD50 OralRat RatRat RatLD50 OralRat RatRat RatLD50 OralRat RatRat	>2000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Dermal Rab LD50 Oral Rat LD50 Oral Rat LD50 Dermal Rab LD50 Dermal Rab LD50 Dermal Rab LD50 Oral Rat LD50 Oral Rat Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic LD50 Dermal Rab LD50 Oral Rat LD50 Dermal Rab LD50 Oral Rat LD50 Dermal Rab LD50 Oral Rat LD50 Dermal Rab	>2000 mg/kg	-
heptan-2-oneLD50 OralRatLC50 Inhalation VaporRatLD50 DermalRabLD50 OralRatLD50 DermalRabuigomeric reaction productsNabwith 1-chloro-Nab	11 mg/l	4 hours
heptan-2-oneLC50 Inhalation VaporRat LD50 DermalxyleneLD50 OralRatxyleneLD50 DermalRab LD50 OralSolvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromaticLD50 OralRatCashew, nutshell liq., oligomeric reaction productsLD50 DermalRat	bit >5000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Dermal LD50 OralRab LD50 OralxyleneLD50 Dermal LD50 DermalRatSolvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromaticLD50 Oral LD50 DermalRatCashew, nutshell liq., oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-LD50 Dermal RatRat	2.08 g/kg	-
xyleneLD50 OralRatxyleneLD50 DermalRabLD50 DermalLD50 OralRatSolvent naphtha (petroleum),LD50 DermalRatLD50 OralLD50 DermalRabLD50 OralLD50 OralRatLD50 OralLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralLD50 OralRatLD50 OralLD50 OralRatLD50 Dermalvith 1-chloro-RabRab	16.7 mg/l	4 hours
xyleneLD50 Dermal LD50 OralRab LSolvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromaticLD50 DermalRat LD50 DermalCashew, nutshell liq., oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-LD50 DermalRat Rat	bit 10.206 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromaticLD50 Oral LD50 DermalRat RabCashew, nutshell liq., oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-LD50 Oral LD50 DermalRat Rab	1.6 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromaticLD50 DermalRabLD50 OralLD50 OralRatCashew, nutshell liq., oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-LD50 DermalRab	bit 1.7 g/kg	-
light aromatic LD50 Oral Rat Cashew, nutshell liq., LD50 Dermal Rab oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-	4.3 g/kg	-
Cashew, nutshell liq., LD50 Dermal Rab oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-	bit 3.48 g/kg	-
oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-	8400 mg/kg	-
	bit >2 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral Rat	5 g/kg	-
tetraethyl silicate LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists Rat	10 to 16 mg/l	4 hours

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Section 11. Toxicological information

-	-	-	-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5.878 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6270 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5300 mg/m ³	4 hours
trimethoxysilane			_	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	4.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7.01 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
	1	1	1	

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
	Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	0.4	24 hours	-
	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	0.5	4 hours	-
	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	0.8	4 hours	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	4 hours	-
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	11.8	1 minutes	24 hours

Conclusion/Summary

- Skin Eyes
- : There are r

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Classification

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing	
Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory Mutagenicity Not available.		o data available on the o data available on the		
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity Not available.	: There are no	o data available on the	mixture itself.	

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Fystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	-	1 3	Known to be a human carcinogen. -
4-methylpentan-2-one xylene ethylbenzene	- - -	2B 3 2B	- - -

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
✓-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
heptan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
tetraethyl silicate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 1	inhalation	-
	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, skin, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS). Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, peripheral nervous system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Result
4-methylpentan-2-one	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
heptan-2-one	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

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Information on the likely routes of exposure	1	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	rmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	:	Zauses skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	;	\overline{M} ay be harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the physical	sic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms related to the	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking No enseifing data
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation	Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation
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Section 11. Toxicological information

and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or rep repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irrita

General	 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MERCOAT 68HS RESIN	3937.2	6926.7	N/A	16.1	2.0
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15000	23000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<>	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-methylpentan-2-one	2080	N/A	N/A	11	1.5
heptan-2-one	1600	10206	N/A	16.7	1.5
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cashew, nutshell liq., oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	5000	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
tetraethyl silicate	6270	5878	N/A	11	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	7010	4300	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5

Other information

: Not available.

English (US) A

12 January 2023

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Section 12. Ecological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - daphnia magna	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
heptan-2-one	Acute LC50 131 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute LC50 324 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours -

Date of issue

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
✓methylpentan-2-one heptan-2-one ethylbenzene	OECD 301F OECD 310 -	69 % - Rea	dily - 28 days dily - 28 days dily - 10 days	- - -		- - -
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability	
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	-		-		Not readily	
4-methylpentan-2-one heptan-2-one	- -		-		Readily Readily	
xylene ethylbenzene	-		- -		Readily Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
	1.9 2.26	-	low low
xylene tetraethyl silicate	3.12 3.18	7.4 to 18.5	low low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group		III	III	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of previous issue	:	12/10/2019
Version	:	5
		EHS
Key to abbreviations	:	ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	:	ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.