# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue/Date of revision11 February 2023Version 1.01

Section 1. Identification		
Product code	: 00437532	
Product name	: SIGMATHERM 540 ALUMINIUM/RAL9006	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Supplier's details	: PPG Industries (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., No. 1 Tuas Basin Close, Singapore 638803. Tel +65 68653737	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC +(65)-31581349 (CCN 17704)	

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3

CUC label elemente includi	
<u>GHS label elements, includir</u> Hazard pictograms	: ·
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling.

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Product name SIGMATHERM 540 ALUMINIUM/RAL9006

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	: IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

#### result in classification

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

#### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number: Not applicable.EC number: Mixture.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
<b>x</b> ylene	20 - <25	1330-20-7
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	5 - <10	64742-94-5
1-methoxy-2-propanol	5 - <10	107-98-2
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	5 - <10	2530-83-8
ethylbenzene	3 - <5	100-41-4
1-Butanol, titanium(4+) salt (4:1), homopolymer	1 - <3	9022-96-2
toluene	0.1 - <0.3	108-88-3
methanol	0.1 - <0.3	67-56-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.</li> </ul>	
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>	
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.	
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	

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## Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed		
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>otoms</u>	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains	
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

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### Section 5. Firefighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for con	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
xylene	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). [Xylene] PEL (short term): 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 150 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). [Propylene glycol monomethyl ether] PEL (short term): 553 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 150 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

toluene		PEL (short term): 125 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours. Workplace Safety and Health Act
		(Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (long term): 188 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (long term): 50 ppm 8 hours.
methanol		Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 328 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 250 ppm 15 minutes. PEL (long term): 262 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (long term): 200 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures		riate monitoring standards. Reference to hods for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls	contaminants below any recommende	ols to keep worker exposure to airborne ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls t concentrations below any lower explosive
Environmental exposure controls		
Individual protection measure	<u>95</u>	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavator Appropriate techniques should be use Wash contaminated clothing before re safety showers are close to the works	
Eye/face protection	: Chemical splash goggles and face sh	ield.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	be worn at all times when handling ch this is necessary. Considering the pa check during use that the gloves are should be noted that the time to break	s complying with an approved standard should demical products if a risk assessment indicates rameters specified by the glove manufacturer, still retaining their protective properties. It athrough for any glove material may be irrers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of the of the gloves cannot be accurately
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, u	ise the following type of gloves:
	Not recommended: nitrile rubber Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PV	A), butyl rubber, Viton®

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	quid.	
Colour	/hite.	
Odour	romatic.	
рН	soluble in water.	
Boiling point	37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	losed cup: 30°C (86°F)	
Evaporation rate	ighest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.79comp utyl acetate	ared with
Flammability (solid, gas)	quid	
Vapour pressure	ighest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene).  We verage: 0.72 kPa (5.4 mm Hg) (at 20°C)	eighted
Vapour density	ighest known value: 8.1(Air = 1)([3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimetho /eighted average: 4.28(Air = 1)	oxysilane).
Relative density	18	
	ledia Result	
Solubility(ies)	old water Not soluble	
Auto-ignition temperature	owest known value: 220 to 250°C (428 to 482°F) (Solvent naphtha (petreavy arom.).	oleum),
Viscosity	inematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)	

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>x</b> ylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	4.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7.01 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-
methanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

### Section 11. Toxicological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propy trimethoxysilane	] Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	11.8	1 minutes	24 hours
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin :	There are no data available	on the mixtur	e itself.		
Eyes :	There are no data available	on the mixtur	e itself.		
Respiratory :	There are no data available	on the mixtur	e itself.		
<u>Sensitisation</u>					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin :	There are no data available	on the mixtur	e itself.		
Respiratory :	There are no data available	on the mixtur	e itself.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available	e on the mixtu	re itself.		
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available	e on the mixtu	re itself.		
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available	e on the mixtu	re itself.		
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available	e on the mixtu	re itself.		
Specific target organ toxici	ty (single exposure)				

#### laryer (Single expos ugai UNICITY

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1-Butanol, titanium(4+) salt (4:1), homopolymer	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
methanol	Category 1	-	-

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
•	Category 2 Category 2	-	hearing organs -

#### **Aspiration hazard**

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effects	<u>1</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

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Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and or dermatitis.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Short term exposure	

### Section 11. Toxicological information

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	21585.94 mg/kg
Dermal	4737.23 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	39.23 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	5.13 mg/l

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Result	Species	Exposure
NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Fish	96 hours
Acute LC50 324 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 23300 mg/l Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 324 mg/l Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh waterDaphniaAcute LC50 23300 mg/l Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 324 mg/lDaphniaAcute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh waterDaphnia

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily	′ - 10 days	-	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no data available or	n the mixture i	tself.	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic ha	lf-life	Photoly	/sis	Biodegradability
xylene ethylbenzene toluene			- - -		Readily Readily Readily

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### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>x</b> ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	2.8 to 6.5	-	high
heavy arom.			
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low
toluene	2.73	8.32	low
methanol	-0.77	-	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and
	sewers

### Section 14. Transport information

UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
3	3	3
III	III	
No.	No.	No.
	UN1263 PAINT 3 III	UN1263UN1263PAINTPAINT33IIIIII

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### Section 14. Transport information

				Г
Marine pollutant	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	ł
substances				

#### **Additional information**

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

#### **International regulations**

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11 February 2023
Date of previous issue	: 11/3/2022
Version	: 1.01
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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### Section 16. Other information

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.