SAFETY DATA SHEET



Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 1 May 2023

Version 9

Date of issue 1 May 2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	: PSX ONE PEARL GRAY
Product code	: 00336196
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Industrial applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARCET OPCAN TOXICITY (PEDEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Product code 00336196 Product name PSX ONE PEARL GRAY

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H330 - Fatal if inhaled. H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P284 - Wear respiratory protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	 P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P312, P352 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up.
Disposal	 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Product code 00336196 Date of issue 1 May 2023 Version 9 Product name PSX ONE PEARL GRAY SECTION 2: Hazards identification Other hazards which do not 10 Causes digestive tract burns. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. result in classification Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Moisture-sensitive material. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: PSX ONE PEARL GRAY
Other means of	: Not applicable.
identification	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Manium dioxide	≥10 - ≤20	13463-67-7
xylene	≥10 - ≤12	1330-20-7
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	2530-83-8
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl isocyanate	≥1.0 - ≤4.1	15396-00-6
ethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤3.1	100-41-4
trimethoxyvinylsilane	≥1.0 - ≤3.5	2768-02-7
triethoxyoctylsilane	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	2943-75-1
2-ethylaminoethanol	≤1.8	110-73-6
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	≤1.4	41556-26-7
trimethoxy(methyl)silane	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	1185-55-3
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	<1.0	82919-37-7
organofunctional silane	<1.0	Not available.
organoalkoxysilane	<1.0	Not available.
dibutyltin dilaurate	<1.0	77-58-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Product name PSX ONE PEARL GRAY

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	 Fatal if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	 Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Over experience	overstore

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
Specific treatments	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides Cyanate and isocyanate. hydrogen cyanide Formaldehyde.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill		Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	-	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Special provisions	:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	g	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	:	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Do not store above the following temperature: $50^{\circ}C$ ($122^{\circ}F$). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO_2 will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

DM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). WA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. DM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). ylenes (mixed)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
DM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). ylenes (mixed)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
ylenes (mixed)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
WA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
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OM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
WA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

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	ure controls/persona	Inrotaction					
trimethoxyvinylsilane triethoxyoctylsilane 2-ethylaminoethanol bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-p trimethoxy(methyl)silane methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- organofunctional silane organoalkoxysilane dibutyltin dilaurate	iperidyl) sebacate	None. None. None. None. None. None. None. None. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Tin, organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours.					
	Key to abbreviations						
C = Ceiling Limit IPEL = Internal Permissible Expo	osure Limit	STEL=Short term exposure limitTLV=Threshold Limit ValueTWA=Time Weighted Average					
Consult local authorities for	r acceptable exposure limits.						
Recommended monitoring procedures Appropriate engineering controls	 national guidance documents for substances will also be required Use only with adequate ventilation ventilation or other engineering of 	on. Use process enclosures, local exhaust controls to keep worker exposure to airborne					
	also need to keep gas, vapor or limits. Use explosion-proof vent						
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requiremen cases, fume scrubbers, filters or	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.					
Individual protection measur Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face eating, smoking and using the la Appropriate techniques should b Contaminated work clothing sho	e thoroughly after handling chemical products, befo avatory and at the end of the working period. be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing buld not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash using. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety ration location.					
Eye/face protection	: Chemical splash goggles and fa	ace shield.					
<u>Skin protection</u> Hand protection	be worn at all times when handli this is necessary. Considering t check during use that the gloves should be noted that the time to different for different glove man	gloves complying with an approved standard shoul ing chemical products if a risk assessment indicate the parameters specified by the glove manufacture s are still retaining their protective properties. It breakthrough for any glove material may be ufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of ion time of the gloves cannot be accurately					

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air- fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Restrictions on use	 Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>							
Physical state	:	Liquid.					
Color	:	Gray.	Gray.				
Odor	:	Characteristic.					
Odor threshold	:	Not available.					
Molecular weight	1	Not applicable.					
рН	1	Not applicable.					
Melting point		Not available.					
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)					
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 18.89°C (66°F)					
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.					
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.					
Flammability	:	Not available.					
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	ł	Not available.					
Evaporation rate	:	0.74 (butyl acetate = 1)					
Vapor pressure	:	3 kPa (22.5 mm Hg)					
Vapor density	1	Not available.					
Relative density	:	1.24					
Density(lbs / gal)	:	10.35					
		Media F	Result				
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water	Not soluble				
Solubility in water	:	2.7 g/l					
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	Not applicable.				
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >	21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)				
Volatility	:	22% (v/v), 14.303% (w/w)					
% Solid. (w/w)	:	85.697					

Product name PSX ONE PEARL GRAY

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: Cyanate and isocyanate. carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. hydrogen cyanide metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5300 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	4.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7.01 g/kg	-
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl isocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	15 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	128 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.19 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.878 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
trimethoxyvinylsilane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16800 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3158 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male	6899 mg/kg	-
2-ethylaminoethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	0.36 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1 g/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
trimethoxy(methyl)silane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>42.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>9500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11685 mg/kg	-
methyl	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-				
4-piperidyl sebacate				
organofunctional silane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	16.32 mg/kg	-
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roduct code 00336196 roduct name PSX ONE PE	EARL GR	AY			ate of is	ssue	1 May	2023	١	/ersion 9
ECTION 11: Toxic			forma	tion						
dibutyltin dilaurate	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral				Rat Rat	8400 mg 2071 mg		mg/kg mg/kg	g - g -	
Conclusion/Summary rritation/Corrosion	: There a	re no da	ta availab	ole on th	ne mixtur	re itsel	f.			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Result Spe				Scor	e	Exposure)	Observation
x ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant Rab			Rabbi	t			24 hours 5	500	-
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane	Eyes - Cornea opacity Ra			Rabbi	t			mg 1 minutes		24 hours
<u>Conclusion/Summary</u> Skin Eyes Respiratory <u>Sensitization</u>	: There a	re no da	ta availab ta availab ta availab	ole on th	ne mixtur	re itsel	f.			
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure		Species				Resul	t		
trimethoxy(methyl)silane	skin		Guinea p	ig		Sensitizing				
Conclusion/Summary										
Skin	: There a	re no da	ta availab	ole on th	ne mixtur	re itsel	f.			
Respiratory	: There a	re no da	ta availab	ole on th	ne mixtur	re itsel	f.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary <u>Carcinogenicity</u>	: There a									
Conclusion/Summary Classification	: There a	re no da	ta availab	ole on th	ne mixtur	re itsel	f.			
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP							
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-							
xylene	-	3	-							
ethylbenzene carbon black	-	2B 2B	-							
	-	20	-							
Carcinogen Classification IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3 NTP: Known to b OSHA: + Not listed/not reg	, 4 e a human ca	rcinogen	; Reasonab	ıly anticij	bated to be	e a hum	ian carc	inogen		
Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary	: There a	re no da	ta availab	ole on th	ne mixtur	re itsel	f.			
<u>Feratogenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary <u>Specific target organ toxicity</u>	: There a			ole on th	ne mixtur	re itsel	f.			
Name				Categ	jory		oute c xposu		Tar	get organs
xylene				Categ	Jory 3	-				piratory tract
dibutyltin dilaurate				Categ	iorv 1	_			thyn	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	•	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene dibutyltin dilaurate		Category 2 Category 1	- oral	hearing organs immune system
Target organs	Contains material which car	uses damade i	to the following orc	ans: brain upper

Target organs

Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, upper respiratory tract, skin. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, bladder, gastrointestinal tract, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea, thyroid.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	Fatal if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	:	Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>om</u>	<u>S</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effect	<u>cts</u>	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningfu potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon black scontain trace quantities of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon blacks contain trace quantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be released in	Product code 00336196		Date of issue 1 May 2023 Version 9
Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanoi If hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanoil may be harmful or faital or cause bindness. Skin contact to isocynante components and considering loxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause a cute initiation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Repeated exposure may lead to appendix the orbit. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a rem material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningh potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Carabon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or exposure for unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or exposure on yobac sected by societ and black scontain trace quanitities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are no	Product name PSX ONE P	PEA	RL GRAY
forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause bindness. Skin contact to isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute initiation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an astimatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. For many products, TIO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the cathod particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningfit potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is sapplied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon black schem trace quantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) PAHs are not expected to be released in biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for biological activity. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse e	SECTION 11: Tox	ico	logical information
Potential immediate effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Long term exposure . Potential immediate effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential chronic health effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential chronic health effects : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	Conclusion/Summary		There are no data available on the mixture itself. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningfu potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating the coating the coating turn and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon black scontain trace quantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be released in biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for biological activity. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stat
Potential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Long term exposurePotential immediate: There are no data available on the mixture itself.effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Potential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Potential chronic health effects: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated exposure. On repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	Potential immediate	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposurePotential immediate effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Potential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Potential chronic health effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.		:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential immediate effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Potential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Potential chronic health effects: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	-		
Potential chronic health effects General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	Potential immediate	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	-		There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. 	Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>	
exposure.	General	:	or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when
Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.	Carcinogenicity	:	
	Mutagenicity	- :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Product name PSX ONE PEARL GRAY

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity

: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SX ONE PEARL GRAY	5717.0	3402.1	212.3	1.7	4.9
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	7010	4300	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl isocyanate	878	1190	15	0.128	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
trimethoxyvinylsilane	6899	3158	N/A	16.8	1.5
2-ethylaminoethanol	1000	360	N/A	N/A	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
trimethoxy(methyl)silane	11685	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
organofunctional silane	8400	16.32	N/A	0.05	N/A
organoalkoxysilane	500	1100	N/A	0.05	N/A
dibutyltin dilaurate	2071	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]	Acute LC50 324 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
trimethoxysilane	_		
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
trimethoxy(methyl)silane	Acute LC50 >110 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
dibutyltin dilaurate	EC50 0.463 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
e thylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 c	lays	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	5	Biodegradability
kylene ethylbenzene	-	-			Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
₩ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low
dibutyltin dilaurate	4.44	-	high

Mobility in soil

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

SECTION 14: Transport information

	•		
	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	VN3469	UN3469	UN3469
UN proper shipping name	AINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	AINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE
Transport hazard class(es)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)
Packing group	П	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

Mexico	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Product name PSX ONE PEARL GRAY

SECTION 14: Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

<u>Mexico</u>

Classification

Flammability : 3 Health : 4 Reactivity : 1

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 4 * Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 1 (*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Date of previous issue Organization that prepared the SDS	: 11/21/2022 : EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

SECTION 16: Other information

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.