# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 6 May 2023

Version 8

Date of issue 6 May 2023

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	: AMERCOAT 229T CURE
Product code	: AT229B/01
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Industrial applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
<b>Technical Phone Number</b>	: 888-977-4762

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 9% (oral), 16% (dermal), 30.6% (inhalation)</li> </ul>
---	--

#### **GHS label elements**

Product name AMERCOAT 229T CURE

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>H303 + H313 - May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.</li> <li>H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H332 - Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H350 - May cause cancer.</li> <li>H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.</li> <li>H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapor.</li> <li>P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> <li>P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P312, P352 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> </ul>
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up. P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture
Product name
Other means of

: Mixture : AMERCOAT 229T CURE

identification

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
<b>X</b> lene	≥20 - ≤43	1330-20-7
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	≥20 - ≤22	68082-29-1
benzyl alcohol	≥5.0 - ≤9.6	100-51-6
Cyclohexanemethanamine, 5-amino-1,3,3-trimethyl-, reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether homopolymer	≥5.0 - ≤10	68609-08-5
ethylbenzene	≥5.0 - ≤10	100-41-4
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	≥5.0 - ≤10	64742-94-5
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	≥1.0 - ≤4.8	2855-13-2
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	≤1.1	112-24-3
naphthalene	<1.0	91-20-3
toluene	<1.0	108-88-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect	<u>ets</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Indication of immediate me	edica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms ma The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance	
		Mexico	Page: 3/15

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	:		
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up			
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	:	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ylene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Xylenes (mixed)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	None.
benzyl alcohol	IPEL (-).
	TWA: 5 ppm STEL: 10 ppm
Cyclohexanemethanamine, 5-amino-1,3,3-trimethyl-, reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether homopolymer	None.
ethylbenzene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	None.
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	None.
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	IPEL (-). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 1 ppm
naphthalene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
toluene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

Key to abbreviations

#### C = Ceiling Limit IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit

STEL = Short term exposure limit

TLV = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Time Weighted Average

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring sprocedures	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering : controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure : controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Version 8

#### Product name AMERCOAT 229T CURE

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Eye/face protection	4	Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	÷	butyl rubber
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### **Appearance**

Appearance					
Physical state	1	Liquid.			
Color	1	Not available.			
Odor	1	Characteristic.			
Odor threshold	:	Not available.			
Molecular weight	4	Not applicable.			
рН	4	Not applicable.			
Melting point	1	Not available.			
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)			
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 26.67°C (80°F)			
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.			
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	:	Not available.			
Flammability	4	Not available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.			
Evaporation rate	1	0.55 (butyl acetate = 1)			
Vapor pressure	1	0.77 kPa (5.8 mm Hg)			
Vapor density	:	Not available.			
Relative density	:	0.92			
Density(Ibs / gal)	1	7.68			
		Media Result			
Solubility(ies)	ł	cold water Not soluble			

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Solubility in water	: 0 g/l
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	: 67% (v/v), 64.971% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	: 35.029

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	<ul> <li>When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.</li> <li>Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.</li> </ul>
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following material carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>X</b> lene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd.,	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
dimers, oligomeric reaction				
products with tall-oil fatty				
acids and				
triethylenetetramine				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>4178 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.23 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
heavy arom.				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
3-aminomethyl-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.01 mg/l	4 hours
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine				
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1030 mg/kg	-
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1465 mg/kg	-
			Mex	kico Page: 8/1

Product code AT229B/01				Date of issue 6 May 2023 Version 8				Version 8		
Product name AMERCOAT 229T CURE										
SECTION 11: Toxic		al in	forma	tio	า					
	LD50 Oral				∎ Rat		1716	mg/kg	-	
naphthalene	LD50 Dermal				Rabbit		>20 g/kg -		-	
		LD50 Oral			Rat		490 m		-	
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal				Rat Rabbit		49 g/r 8.39 g		4	hours
	LD50 Oral				Rat			mg/kg	-	
Conclusion/Summary	: There a	re no da	ata availab	le on	the mixtu	re itsel	f.			
Irritation/Corrosion										
Product/ingredient name	Result			Spe	cies	Scor	<b>e</b>	Exposure		Observation
xylene	Skin - Mo	derate i	rritant	Rab	oit	-		24 hours 5	00	-
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd.,	Eyes - Se	vere irri	tant	Rab	hit	_		mg -		_
dimers, oligomeric reaction	2,00 00		un	1 (GD	510					
products with tall-oil fatty										
acids and triethylenetetramine										
	Skin - Irrit	ant		Hum	an	-		-		-
Conclusion/Summary										
Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.										
Eyes		: There are no data available on the mixture itself.								
Respiratory	: There a	re no da	ata availab	le on	the mixtu	re itsel	f.			
<u>Sensitization</u>							1			
Product/ingredient name	Route of		Species	Species		Result				
Etty aside C10 upsetd	exposure		Maura		Sensitizing					
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction	skin		Mouse			Sensitizing				
products with tall-oil fatty										
acids and										
triethylenetetramine 3-aminomethyl-	skin		Guinea p	ia			Sensi	tizina		
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine			Cantoa p	.9			_			
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	skin		Guinea p	ig			Sensitizing			
Conclusion/Summary										
Skin	: There a									
Respiratory	: There a	re no da	ata availab	le on	the mixtu	re itsel	f.			
Mutagenicity		-				•	_			
Conclusion/Summary	: There a	re no da	ata availab	le on	the mixtu	re itsel	t.			
Carcinogenicity	. Thore -	ro no d-			the minter		f			
Conclusion/Summary	Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.									
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP							
viene	-	3	-							
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-							
naphthalene	-	2B	Reaso	onably	/ anticipate	ed to b	e a hu	man carcino	oge	n.
toluene	- n code:	3	-							

Carcinogen Classification code:

Mexico Page: 9/15

#### Product name AMERCOAT 229T CURE

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

IARC: 1, 24	A, 2B, 3, 4	
NTP: Know	wn to be a hun	nan carcino

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. toluene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	• •	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
naphthalene	Category 2	-	-
toluene	Category 2	-	-

#### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, brain.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
benzyl alcohol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Over-exposure signs/s	<u>ymptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness

	229T CURE
SECTION 11: Toxid	ological information
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effect	<u>s and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u>
Conclusion/Summary	There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, wher known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components fron short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential immediate effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effect	t <u>s</u>
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MERCOAT 229T CURE	3128.5	2147.5	N/A	17.0	1.8
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1230	2000	N/A	N/A	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	1030	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	1716	1465	N/A	N/A	N/A
naphthalene	490	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Toxicity			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Atty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	EC10 1.78 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
ethylbenzene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia Daphnia	48 hours - 21 days

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	79 % - Readily - 10 days		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic h	alf-life	Photoly	/sis	Biodegradability
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine benzyl alcohol ethylbenzene toluene	- - - -		- - - - -		Readily Not readily Readily Readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	2.8 to 6.5	-	high
heavy arom.			0
3-aminomethyl-	0.99	-	low
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine			
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	-1.66 to -1.4	-	low
naphthalene	3.4	85.11	low
toluene	2.73	8.32	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known

#### s : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,
	waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3470	<b>UN3470</b>	<b>U</b> N3470
UN proper shipping name	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE
Transport hazard class(es)	8 (3)	8 (3)	8 (3)
Packing group		► II	
1	1	1	Mexico Page: 13/15

#### Date of issue 6 May 2023

### Product name AMERCOAT 229T CURE

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Not applicable.	(Polyamide, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic)	Not applicable.
Not applicable. Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable. Not applicable.
	hazardous substance mark is not required. Not applicable.	hazardous substance mark is not required.(Polyamide, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic)Not applicable.Not applicable.

Additional inf	formation
Mexico	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg.
IATA	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### <u>Mexico</u>

#### Classification

Flammability : 3 Health : 3 Reactivity : 0

#### International regulations

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	:	3	*	Flammability	1	3	Physical hazards	1	0
(*)- Ch effects	iron	nic							

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Date of previous issue : 11/9/2021

Mexico Page: 14/15

Product name AMERCOAT 229T CURE

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Organization that prepared the SDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.