SAFETY DATA SHEET



Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 23 May 2023

Version 4

Date of issue 23 May 2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	: AMERSHIELD VOC OCEAN GRAY F/S 26173 RESIN
Product code	: 00452387
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 64.9% (oral), 80.4% (dermal), 51% (inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.
	H350 - May cause cancer.
	H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Precautionary statements	

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Prevention	:	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Response	:	P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
Storage	1	P405 - Store locked up.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	May form explosive peroxides. Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: AMERSHIELD VOC OCEAN GRAY F/S 26173 RESIN
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Wollastonite	≥20 - ≤50	13983-17-0
tert-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤20	540-88-5
titanium dioxide	≥5.0 - ≤10	13463-67-7
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	763-69-9
n-butyl acetate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	123-86-4
4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	<1.0	98-56-6
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	<1.0	41556-26-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	<1.0	14808-60-7
naphthalene	<1.0	91-20-3
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	<1.0	82919-37-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of necess	sary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact	1	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and
		water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	1	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.
		Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
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Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician Specific treatments	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.
opecific treatments	. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Product name AMERSHIELD VOC OCEAN GRAY F/S 26173 RESIN

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. May form explosive peroxides. Keep away from combustible materials. Avoid shock and friction. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not	Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
	including any	accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Wollastonite	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
tert-butyl acetate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
litanium dioxide	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	IPEL (-).
	TWA: 50 ppm
	STEL: 100 ppm
n-butyl acetate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	IPEL (-).
	TWA: 0.57 ppm
	STEL: 1.71 ppm
pis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	None.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
naphthalene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	None.

Key to abbreviations

С = Ceiling Limit IPEL

= Internal Permissible Exposure Limit

STEL = Short term exposure limit TLV = Threshold Limit Value

TWA = Time Weighted Average

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous procedures substances will also be required.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	s	
Hygiene measures		Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection		.
Hand protection	•	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	:	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
		May be used: butyl rubber Not recommended: nitrile rubber
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	:	Liquid.	
Color	:	Gray.	
Odor	:	Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	:	Not available.	
Molecular weight	1	Not applicable.	
рН	1	Not applicable.	
Melting point	1	Not available.	
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 45°C (113°F)	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Flammability	1	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	1	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.39	
Density(lbs / gal)	:	11.6	
• • • • • • •		Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	-	cold water	Not soluble
Solubility in water	:	Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	;	Not applicable.	
Viscosity Volatility		Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 34% (v/v), 21.844% (w/w)	>21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
% Solid. (w/w)	:	78.156	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

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Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Product name AMERSHIELD VOC OCEAN GRAY F/S 26173 RESIN

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Dose	Exposure
tert-butyl acetate	LD50 Oral			Rat	4100 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inha	lation Dus	ts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Derr	nal		Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral			Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	LD50 Derr	nal		Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral			Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inha	lation Vap	or	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inha	lation Vap	or	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Derr	nal		Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral			Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
4-chloro-α,α,α-	LC50 Inha	lation Vap	or	Rat	33080 mg/m ³	4 hours
trifluorotoluene						
	LD50 Dern	nal		Rabbit	>2.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral			Rat	13 g/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral			Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
4-piperidyl) sebacate					00	
naphthalene	LD50 Derr	nal		Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral			Rat	490 mg/kg	-
methyl	LD50 Oral			Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-					0.0	
4-piperidyl sebacate						
Conclusion/Summary	: There a	re no data	available on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Irritation/Corrosion						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	. There e	ra na data	available en	the mixture itse		
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Sensitization						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
<u>Mutagenicity</u>						
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Carcinogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: There a	re no data	available on	the mixture itse	elf.	
Classification						
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP			
Wollastonite	-	3	-			
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-			
4-chloro-α,α,α-	-	2B	-			
trifluorotoluene						
crystalline silica, respirable	-	1	Known to b	e a human carc	cinogen.	
powder (<10 microns)					0	
carbon black	-	2B	-			
naphthalene	-	2B	Reasonably	anticipated to	be a human carcin	ogen.
				,		- 3

Carcinogen Classification code:

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4
NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen
OSHA: +
Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary :

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

<u>Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)</u>

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) naphthalene	Category 1 Category 2	inhalation -	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
		irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Inhalation	ł	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	m	<u>2</u>
Ingestion	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	1	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Inhalation	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eye contact	;	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Product name AMERSHIELD VOC OCEAN GRAY F/S 26173 RESIN

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon black particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon blacks contain trace quantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be released in biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for biological activity. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of component
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	ects	
General	:	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	:	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Denneductive feurieitu	_	Currents and a demonstrate for this way the supher making

Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
AMERSHIELD VOC OCEAN GRAY F/S 26173 RESIN	9283.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
tert-butyl acetate	4100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	13000	2500	N/A	33.08	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
naphthalene	490	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Acute LC50 60.9 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days		-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	\$	Biodegradability
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate n-butyl acetate	-		-		Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
tert-butyl acetate	1.64	-	low
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	1.47	-	low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
naphthalene	3.4	85.11	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not : coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Product name AMERSHIELD VOC OCEAN GRAY F/S 26173 RESIN

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

SECTION 14: Transport information

	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

Mexico: None identified.IMDG: None identified.IATA: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

<u>Mexico</u>								
Classification								
Flammability	1	2	Health	1	2	Reactivity :	0	
International regu	ilat	<u>ions</u>						
<u>Montreal Protoc</u>	<u>ol</u>							
Not listed.								
Stockholm Conv	<u>en</u>	tion o	<u>n Persist</u>	ent	Org	anic Pollutants		
Not listed.								
Rotterdam Conv	<u>en</u>	tion o	n Prior In	for	med	Consent (PIC)		

Product name AMERSHIELD VOC OCEAN GRAY F/S 26173 RESIN

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 * Flammability : 2 Physical hazards : 0

(*) - Chronic

effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

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Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.