# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**SIGMAFAST 20** 



Date of issue 21 June 2023

Version 22

1. Product and company identification				
Product name	: SIGMAFAST 20			
Product code	: 00311404			
Product type	: Liquid.			
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.			
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.			
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.			
Supplier's details	: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777			
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777			

2. Hazards identification			
GHS Classification	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 2 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 2</li> </ul>		
GHS label elements			
Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Danger		
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs)</li> </ul>		

Japan

### 2. Hazards identification

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs, nervous system, respiratory organs) Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements					
Prevention		: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.			
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.			
Storage	1	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.			
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.			
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.			

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number: Not applicable.CSCL number: Not available.			
Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
Vylene Talc containing no asbestos or quartz Ethylbenzene titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle) zinc phosphate Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even-numbered)-alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	20 - <25 7 - <10 3 - <5 3 - <5 0.5 - <1 0.5 - <1	1330-20-7 14807-96-6 100-41-4 13463-67-7 7779-90-0 1474044-65-9	3-3; 3-60 Not available. 3-28; 3-60 1-558; 5-5225 1-1181; 1-526 Not available.
2-Butanone oxime 1-Butanol calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate) 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	0.1 - <0.2 0.1 - <0.2 0.1 - <0.2 0.1 - <0.2	96-29-7 71-36-3 136-51-6 22464-99-9	2-546 2-3049 2-611 2-615

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures			
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>		
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.		
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>		
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>		

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health ef	ifects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sy	<u>mptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate n	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

### 4. First aid measures

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures **Extinguishing media** Suitable extinguishing : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam. media Unsuitable extinguishing : Do not use water jet. media Specific hazards arising : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In from the chemical a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. **Hazardous thermal** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides decomposition products metal oxide/oxides Special protective actions : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if for fire-fighters there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. **Special protective** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. equipment for fire-fighters

### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.			

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

6. Accidental release measures			
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.		

## 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non- sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.			
	Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.			
Conditions for safe storage	e : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.			

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
₩ylene Talc containing no asbestos	or quartz	Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020). [xylene] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours. OEL-M: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 9/2022). [Class 1 dusts (Activated charcoal, Alumina, Aluminium, Bentonite, Diatomite, Graphite, Kaolinite, Pagodite, Pyrites, Pyrite cinder, Talc)] OEL-M: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust) OEL-M: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust (Class 1 Dust)
Ethylbenzene		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). Absorbed through skin. OEL-M: 87 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL-M: 20 ppm 8 hours. Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020).
1-Butanol		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). Absorbed through skin. OEL-C: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> OEL-C: 50 ppm Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures		priate monitoring standards. Reference to those for the determination of hazardous
Appropriate engineering controls	or other engineering controls to keep below any recommended or statutor	Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation o worker exposure to airborne contaminants y limits. The engineering controls also need to ons below any lower explosive limits. Use at.
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirements of	rocess equipment should be checked to ensure f environmental protection legislation. In some ineering modifications to the process equipment is to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavato Appropriate techniques should be us	roughly after handling chemical products, before bry and at the end of the working period. ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and station location.
Eye protection Skin protection	: Chemical splash goggles.	

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Not recommended: nitrile rubber Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Color	: Yellow.		
Odor	: Aromatic.		
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 29.3°C (84.7°F)		
Relative density	: 1.47		
Solubility(ies)	Media	Result	
	cold water	Not soluble	
Auto-ignition temperature	: 480°C (896°F)		
Viscosity	: 60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm	1)	

10. Stability and reactivity			
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.		
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.		

Product code 00311404 Product name SIGMAFAST	Date of issue 21 June 2023 Version 22 20
10. Stability and r	eactivity
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
. ,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
zinc phosphate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)- alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	528 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	570 mg/kg	-
2-Butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-
1-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

## **11. Toxicological information**

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
<b>⊠</b> ylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs Narcotic effects
Tale containing no cohostop or guartz	Category 3		
Talc containing no asbestos or quartz	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1-Butanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
<b>X</b> ylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory organs
Talc containing no asbestos or quartz	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Ethylbenzene	Category 1	-	hearing organs, nervous system
titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
zinc phosphate	Category 1	-	blood system
2-Butanone oxime	Category 1	-	haematopoietic system
1-Butanol	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), hearing organs

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	- 1	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	:	Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	:	Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

## 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	lot available.	
Potential delayed effects	lot available.	
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	lot available.	
Potential delayed effects	lot available.	
Potential chronic health eff		
General	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolor epeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or de	0
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and leve xposure.	el of
Mutagenicity	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	lay damage fertility or the unborn child.	

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
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### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

### **12. Ecological information**

#### Toxicity **Product/ingredient name** Result **Species Exposure** Ethylbenzene 48 hours Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Daphnia Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia titanium dioxide (excluding Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia magna 48 hours nanoparticle) zinc phosphate Fish 96 hours Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l Fish 30 days Quaternary ammonium EC50 0.14 mg/l Algae 72 hours compounds, C12-14 (evennumbered)alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates EC50 0.036 mg/l Daphnia 48 hours LC50 13.8 mg/l Fish 96 hours 72 hours NOEC 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Algae NOEC 7 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Daphnia 21 days NOEC 3.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Fish 28 days 1-Butanol Acute LC50 1376 mg/l Fish 96 hours 2-ethylhexanoic acid, Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fish 96 hours zirconium salt

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Ethylbenzene Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)- alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days 67.77 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

### **12. Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Vylene Ethylbenzene Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)- alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	-	-	Readily Readily Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Kylene Ethylbenzene Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)- alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	3.12 3.6 3.2	7.4 to 18.5 79.43 -	Low Low Low
2-Butanone oxime 1-Butanol	0.63 1	5.01 -	Low Low

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or

### 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

critical hazards.

## 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	
Packing group	III	III	III	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	

### **Additional information**

UN : This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
 IMDG : This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
 IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

# Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### **15. Regulatory information**

### Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<mark>K</mark> ylene	21	Class 1	80
Ethylbenzene	4.1	Class 1	53

### Industrial Safety and Health Act

### Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
Ethyl benzene		Group-2 Substances under Supervision	3-3

### Substance(s) requiring labelling

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## 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
<mark>X</mark> ylene	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	136
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Titanium(IV) oxide	≤10	Listed	191

### **Chemicals requiring notification**

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
<mark>X</mark> ylene Ethylbenzene	≥20 - ≤30 ≤10	Listed Listed	136 70
Titanium(IV) oxide	≤10	Listed	191
Butanol	≤10	Listed	477

### **Carcinogen**

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	-

### **Mutagen**

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid Occupational Safety and	<ul><li>Not listed</li><li>Inflammable, Combustible</li></ul>
Health Law Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable, Combustible
Lead regulation Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Not listed : Class 2

### **Poisonous and Deleterious Substances**

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

## 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<b>X</b> ylene	20.683	Priority assessment	125
Ethylbenzene	4.0811	Priority assessment	50
Butan-2-one oxime	0.19726	Priority assessment	262
1-Butanol	0.15	Priority assessment	124
Toluene	0.070916	Priority assessment	46
Benzene	0.0026597	Priority assessment	45
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol	0.0002745	Priority assessment	64
n-Hexane	0.0000067882	Priority assessment	3
Hydroquinone	0.00000258	Priority assessment	203

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

### **Explosives Control Law**

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

### Maritime Safety Law

#### Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

### **Container class**

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen	: Group 1
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed
Japan inventory	: At least one component is not listed.
Road law	: Not available.

## 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 21 June 2023
Date of previous issue	: 10/26/2022
Version	: 22
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	Japan Bago: 15/1

### 16. Other information

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

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