## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 23 June 2023 Version : 1.01



# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : AMERSHIELD VOC SAFETY YELLOW 1979 RESIN

Product code : 00333840

Product description :

Product type : Liquid.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Industrial applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

**Uses advised against**: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311

Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person : Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com responsible for this SDS

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Supplier** 

+31 20 4075210

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture
Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Fam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Warning

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Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**Hazard statements** 

: Mammable liquid and vapour.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation.

Suspected of causing cancer.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** 

: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour.

Response : Mot applicable.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

P202, P280, P210, P273, P261, P501

Supplemental label elements

: Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not

breathe spray or mist.

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Mixture

#### 3.2 Mixtures :

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
Fert-butyl acetate	EC: 208-760-7 CAS: 540-88-5 Index: 607-026-00-7	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 EUH066	[1] [2]
methyl acetate	EC: 201-185-2 CAS: 79-20-9 Index: 607-021-00-X	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
4-chloro- $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -trifluorotoluene	REACH #: 01-2119857280-40 EC: 202-681-1 CAS: 98-56-6	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	[1]
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥1.0 - ≤4.2	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]

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### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, >1% naphthalene	EC: 926-273-4 CAS: 64742-94-5	≥1.0 - ≤4.5	Carc. 2, H351 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	REACH #: 01-2119491304-40 EC: 915-687-0 CAS: 1065336-91-5	≤1.0	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 2, H361 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

This mixture contains ≥ 1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Skin contact : Remove

: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion**: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear

gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin

reaction.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. Notes to physician

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion** products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds

carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

### **Protective measures**

Evit on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

To not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
rt-butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).  STEL: 1210 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 966 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
methyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).  STEL: 770 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 616 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).  STEL: 966 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 724 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, >1% naphthalene	EU OEL (Europe). TWA: 8 ppm TWA: 50 mg/m³
Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
<mark>te</mark> rt-butyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Oral	13.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
-	DNEL	Long term Dermal	13.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	22.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	47.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	159 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	710 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	714 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
methyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Oral	21.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
•	DNEL	Long term Dermal	21.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	43 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	64 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	133 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Oral	203 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	203 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	3777 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	3777 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	620 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8.8 µg/cm <sup>2</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	17.6 μg/cm²	Workers	Local

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.255 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.4 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.025 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Hydrocarbons, C10-		Long term Oral	2.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
aromatics, >1% nap					
	DMEL	Long term Inhalation	3.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10.2 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Dermal	23.4 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DMEL	Long term Dermal	42.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

#### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	<b>Compartment Detail</b>	Value	Method Detail
n-butyl acetate	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
•	Marine water	0.018 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0981 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	35.6 mg/l	-
	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg	-

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection
Skin protection
Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection :

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### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Gloves** : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

> May be used: butyl rubber Not recommended: nitrile rubber

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

> performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing

should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the Respiratory protection

hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate

filter P3

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment

will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

: Liquid. Physical state Colour : Yellow.

Odour Characteristic. : Not available. **Odour threshold** 

: May start to solidify at the following temperature: <-58°C (<-72.4°F) This is based on **Melting point/freezing point** 

data for the following ingredient: tert-butyl acetate. Weighted average: -81.35°C

(-114.4°F)

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flammability (solid, gas) : liquid

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Greatest known range: Lower: 3.1% Upper: 16% (methyl acetate)

Flash point Closed cup: 45.56°C (114°F)

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

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### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
2-[(2-methoxy-4-nitrophenyl)azo]-N- (2-methoxyphenyl)-3-oxobutyramide	180	356	VDI 2263

**Decomposition temperature** 

pН : Not applicable.

Not applicable, insoluble in water.

Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s **Viscosity** 

Solubility(ies)

Media Result Not soluble cold water

Solubility in water : 1 g/l Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

: 1.3 kPa (9.8 mm Hg) Vapour pressure : 0.28 (butyl acetate = 1) **Evaporation rate** 

**Relative density** 

: Mighest known value: 4 (Air = 1) (tert-butyl acetate). Weighted average: 3.44 (Air Vapour density

: The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of **Explosive properties** 

vapour or dust with air is possible.

**Oxidising properties** 

**Particle characteristics** 

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: 10.5 Incompatible materials

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl

halides metal oxide/oxides

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects **Acute toxicity** 

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
tert-butyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	4100 mg/kg	-
methyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.705 g/kg	-
4-chloro-α,α,α-	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	33080 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
trifluorotoluene				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
aromatics, >1% naphthalene				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Reaction mass of bis	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>3170 mg/kg	-
(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-				
4-piperidyl) sebacate and				
methyl				
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-				
4-piperidyl sebacate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	3230 mg/kg	-

## Conclusion/Summary Acute toxicity estimates

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
rt-butyl acetate	4100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
methyl acetate	3705	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	13000	N/A	N/A	33.08	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	3230	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitisation** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity** 

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary :

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### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
methyl acetate 4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	irritation Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
√ydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, >1% naphthalene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic

skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: **Eye contact** 

> pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** : Not available.

effects

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Reaction mass of bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l EC50 1.68 mg/l	Fish Algae	96 hours 72 hours
	LC50 0.9 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, >1% naphthalene	-	60.74 % - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
	-		Readily Readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
tert-butyl acetate	1.64	-	Low
methyl acetate	0.18	-	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13,	>4	99 to 5780	High
aromatics, >1% naphthalene			

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

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### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** 

: Within the present knowledge of the supplier, this product is not regarded as hazardous waste, as defined by EU Directive 2008/98/EC.

#### Waste catalogue

Waste code	Waste designation	
08 01 99	wastes not otherwise specified	

#### **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	Waste catalogue	
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging

### **Special precautions**

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

ADR/RID : None identified.

Tunnel code : (D/E)

ADN : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank

vessels.

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### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

**IMDG** : None identified. **IATA** : None identified.

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture **UK (GB)/REACH**

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

**Seveso Directive** 

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**Danger criteria** 

Category

P<sub>5</sub>c

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and** acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

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### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Classification	Justification
<b>F</b> lam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Carc. 2, H351	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

<b>⊬</b> 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### **Full text of classifications**

quatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

### <u>History</u>

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revision

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Prepared by : EHS Version : 1.01

### **Disclaimer**

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