SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 6 July 2023 Version 12

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: SIGMAGLIDE 1290 BASE GREY	
Product code	: 00369788	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Manufacturer Emergency telephone	 PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272 (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) 	
<u>number</u>	(514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)	
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762	

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 21.8% (oral), 89.9% (dermal), 89.9% (inhalation)
	This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).
	United States Page: 1/15

Product name SIGMAGLIDE 1290 BASE GREY

Section 2. Hazards identification

ŝ,

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms



Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye damage. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Substance/mixture	1	Mixture
Product name	÷	SIGMAGLIDE 1290 BASE GREY

United States Page: 2/15

Product name SIGMAGLIDE 1290 BASE GREY

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, hydroxy-terminated	≥50 - ≤75	70131-67-8
cristobalite (<10 microns)	≥10 - ≤20	14464-46-1
cristobalite (>10 microns)	≥10 - ≤20	14464-46-1
2-methylpropan-1-ol	≥1.0 - ≤4.9	78-83-1
titanium dioxide	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	13463-67-7
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	<1.0	556-67-2

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health e	effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/s	<u>ymptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Product name SIGMAGLIDE 1290 BASE GREY

Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain or irritation
	redness
	dryness
	cracking
	blistering may occur
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	stomach pains
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
ndication of immediate	e medical attention and special treatment needed, if nece
	medical attention and special treatment needed, if need

Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Product name SIGMAGLIDE 1290 BASE GREY

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Product name SIGMAGLIDE 1290 BASE GREY

Section 7. Handling and storage

Special precautions	:	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits				
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, hydroxy-terminated	None.				
cristobalite (<10 microns)	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).				
	TWA: 250 mppcf / 2 x (%SiO2+5) 8 hours.				
	Form: Respirable				
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ / 2 x (%SiO2+2) 8 hours.				
	Form: Respirable				
	TWA: 30 mg/m ³ / 2 x (%SiO2+2) 8 hours.				
	Form: Total dust				
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica,				
	crystalline]				
	TWA: 50 µg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable				
	dust				
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Silica,				
	crystalline]				
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:				
	Respirable fraction				
cristobalite (>10 microns)	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).				
	TWA: 250 mppcf / 2 x (%SiO2+5) 8 hours.				
	Form: Respirable				
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ / 2 x (%SiO2+2) 8 hours.				
	Form: Respirable				
	TWA: 30 mg/m ³ / 2 x (%SiO2+2) 8 hours.				
	Form: Total dust				
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica,				
	crystalline]				
	TWA: 50 µg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable				
	United States Page: 6/15				

Product name SIGMAGLIDE 1290 BASE GREY

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Silica,
	crystalline]
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable fraction
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	TWA: 152 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable
	fraction, finescale particles
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	IPEL (-, 10/2017).
	TWA: 10 ppm
Ke	ey to abbreviations

А	 Acceptable Maximum Peak 	S = Potential skin absorption
ACGIH	 American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. 	SR = Respiratory sensitization
С	= Ceiling Limit	SS = Skin sensitization
F	= Fume	STEL = Short term Exposure limit values
IPEL	 Internal Permissible Exposure Limit 	TD = Total dust
OSHA	 Occupational Safety and Health Administration. 	TLV = Threshold Limit Value
R	= Respirable	TWA = Time Weighted Average

Z = OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Skin protection		

Product name SIGMAGLIDE 1290 BASE GREY

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: butyl rubber, nitrile rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	1	Gray.
Odor	:	Alcohol-like.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	1	Not applicable.
Melting point	1	Not available.
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 56°C (132.8°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Flammability	1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	1.13
Density(lbs / gal)	1	9.43

Product name SIGMAGLIDE 1290 BASE GREY

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

	Media	Result		
Solubility(ies)	cold water	Not soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.			
Viscosity		 Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s (>400 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt) 		
Volatility	: 6% (v/v), 4.515% (w/	/w)		
% Solid. (w/w)	: 95.485			

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Siloxanes and Silicones, di- Me, hydroxy-terminated	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	36 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2375 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>4800 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

United States Page: 9/15

Product name SIGMAGLIDE 1290 BASE GREY

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	(OSHA	IARC	NT	P
Classification					
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are	e no data	availa	able on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are	e no data	availa	able on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity					
Respiratory	:	There are	e no data	availa	able on the mixture itself.
Skin	:	There are	e no data	availa	able on the mixture itself.
Conclusion/Summary					
Sensitization					
Respiratory	:	There are	e no data	availa	able on the mixture itself.
Eyes	:	There are	e no data	availa	able on the mixture itself.
Skin	:	There are	e no data	availa	able on the mixture itself.
Conclusion/Summary					

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
cristobalite (<10 microns)	-		Known to be a human carcinogen.
cristobalite (>10 microns)	-		Known to be a human carcinogen.
titanium dioxide	-		-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	• •	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
cristobalite (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Product name SIGMAGLIDE 1290 BASE GREY

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Fotential acute health ener	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	utoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Lyccontact	pain
	watering
	redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain or irritation
	redness
	dryness
	cracking
	blistering may occur
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
0	stomach pains
	reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths
	skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product either contains
e en el a	formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain
	conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory
	sensitizer. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or
	silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from
	sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TiO2 which has
	been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification.
	For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In
	this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for
	human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush
	or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful
	depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate
	personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to
	component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure
	limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory
	system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system.
	Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness,
	drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some
	of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that
	repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise
	can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If
	United States Page: 11/15

Product name SIGMAGLIDE 1290 BASE GREY

Section 11. Toxicological information

may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.	I
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate : There are no data available on the mixture itself. effects	
Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate : There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
effects	
Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential chronic health effects	
General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.	
Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	
Numerical measures of toxicity	

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)		Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
SIGMAGLIDE 1290 BASE GREY	55072.4	6168.3	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	N/A	2500	N/A	36	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Siloxanes and Silicones, di- Me, hydroxy-terminated	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methylpropan-1-ol titanium dioxide	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours 48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product name SIGMAGLIDE 1290 BASE GREY

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	6.488		High

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	Ш	Ш
Environmental hazards Marine pollutant substances	No. Not applicable.		No. Not applicable.

Additional information

DOT

: This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials.

Date of issue 6 July 2023

Version 12

Product name SIGMAGLIDE 1290 BASE GREY

14. Transport information

IMDG

This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
 None identified.

IATA : None identified

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312 Classification

 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, hydroxy-terminated	≥50 - ≤75	HNOC - Defatting irritant
cristobalite (<10 microns)	≥10 - ≤20	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
cristobalite (>10 microns)	≥10 - ≤20	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
2-methylpropan-1-ol	≥1.0 - ≤4.9	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 HNOC - Defatting irritant
titanium dioxide octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	≥1.0 - ≤5.0 <1.0	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

United States Page: 14/15

Product name SIGMAGLIDE 1290 BASE GREY

Section 15. Regulatory information

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 * Flammability : 2 Physical hazards : 0

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 Flamma Date of previous issue Organization that prepared the SDS	bility : 2 Instability : 0 : 3/24/2023 : EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.