SAFETY DATA SHEET

SIGMADUR 550Y BASE APS(2003)



Date of issue 9 August 2023

Version 5

1. Product and company identification

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Product name	: SIGMADUR 550Y BASE APS(2003)	
Product code	: 00426967	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777	
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777	

2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements
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Signal word
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms

Product code 00426967 Product name SIGMADUR 55	Date of issue 9 August 2023 Version 5 0Y BASE APS(2003)		
2. Hazards identifi	2. Hazards identification		
	May cause damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), hearing organs, immune system, kidneys, nervous system, respiratory organs) Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Precautionary statements			
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.		
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.		
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.		
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.		
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.		

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
CSCL number	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer	25 - <50	9003-01-4	6-898
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	15 - <20	64742-95-6	Not available.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	12.5 - <15	14808-60-7	1-548
Xylene	7 - <10	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	3 - <5	108-65-6	2-3144
titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	3 - <5	13463-67-7	1-558; 5-5225
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1 - <2	95-63-6	3-3427; 3-7
crystalline silica (quartz)	1 - <2	14808-60-7	1-548
Ethylbenzene	1 - <2	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.2 - <0.5	41556-26-7	5-5501

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

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4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures			
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. 		
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.		
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. 		
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. 		

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health	effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/s	symptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Accidental release measures

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b. Accidental release measures		
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.	

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure handling obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only nonsparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Image: Systalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns) Japan Society for Occupa (Japan, 9/2022). [Respirab silica] OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m³ Form: Industrial Safety and Heals Sylene 6/2020). [xylene] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupa (Japan, 9/2022).	
OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours. OEL-M: 217 mg/m³ 8 hours	e crystalline Respirable dust n Act (Japan, onal Health

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022).
crystalline silica (quartz)	OEL-M: 120 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL-M: 25 ppm 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health
	(Japan, 9/2022). [Respirable crystalline silica]
Ethylbenzene	OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m ³ Form: Respirable dust Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	OEL-M: 87 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL-M: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring	: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to
procedures	national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous
	substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use
	explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure

nissions from enulation of work process equipment should be checked to ensure ure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some controls cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection me	easures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: May be used: nitrile rubber, Chloroprene Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), butyl rubber, Viton®
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
	Japan Page: 6/15

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Viscosity	: 60 - 100 s (ISO 6m		
Solubility(ies)	cold water	Not soluble	
Solubility(icc)	Media	Result	
Relative density	: 1.15		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 35°C (95°F)	
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)		
Odor	: Aromatic. [Strong]		
Color	: Orange.		
Physical state	: Liquid.		
<u>Appearance</u>			

10. Stability and reactivity

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Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/ oxides

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects **Acute toxicity**

Product name SIGMADUR 550Y BASE APS(2003)

11. Toxicological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-Propenoic acid,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3 g/kg	-
homopolymer				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2500 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
light aromatic				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Propylene glycol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
monomethyl ether acetate				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
4-piperidyl) sebacate				

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Kylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Xylene	Category 3 Category 1	-	Narcotic effects central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
		Ja	apan Page: 8/15

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11. Toxicological information

<u> </u>			
Ethylbenzene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-	irritation Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Propenoic acid, homopolymer	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory organs
titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), respiratory organs
crystalline silica (quartz)	Category 1	-	immune system, kidneys, respiratory organs
Ethylbenzene	Category 1	-	hearing organs, nervous system

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes	of	exposure	
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Potential acute health effects

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	 May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to	the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Product code 0042696 Product name SIGMAD	57 DUR 550Y BASE APS(2003)	Date of issue 9 August 2023	Version 5
11. Toxicologi	cal information		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms ma irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal death skeletal malformations	5	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms ma reduced fetal weight increase in fetal death skeletal malformations	5	

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMADUR 550Y BASE APS(2003)	77696.6	4397.8	N/A	79.0	N/A
2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer	2500	3000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	N/A
Ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

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Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Product name SIGMADUR 550Y BASE APS(2003)

12. Ecological information

Toxicity Product/ingredient name Result **Species Exposure** Fish Solvent naphtha (petroleum), Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l 96 hours light aromatic Propylene glycol Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 hours monomethyl ether acetate titanium dioxide (excluding Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia magna 48 hours nanoparticle) Ethylbenzene Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Daphnia 48 hours Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate Ethylbenzene	-	83 % - Readily - 28 days 79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	Jradability
▼ylene Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate Ethylbenzene			- -		Readily Readily Readily	/

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
X ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	1.2	-	Low
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or

> Page: 11/15 Japan

13. Disposal considerations

grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

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	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
IMDG	 This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
✓olymer of acrylic acid	30	Class 1	565
Xylene	7.9	Class 1	80
Trimethylbenzene	2.5	Class 1	691
Ethylbenzene	1.4	Class 1	53

Industrial Safety and Health Act

Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

Product name SIGMADUR 550Y BASE APS(2003) 15. Regulatory information			
			Ingredient name
₽ thyl benzene	≤10	Group-2 Substances under Supervision	3-3
Substance(s) requiring labelling			
Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference

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Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	165-2
Petroleum naphtha	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	330
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Titanium(IV) oxide	≤10	Listed	191
Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	404
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70

Chemicals requiring notification

Product code 00426967

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
✔rystalline silica	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	165-2
Petroleum naphtha	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	330
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Titanium(IV) oxide	≤10	Listed	191
Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	404
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70

Carcinogen

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	-

<u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid	: Not listed
Occupational Safety and Health Law	: Inflammable, Combustible
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable, Combustible
Lead regulation Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Not listed : Class 2

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

Product name SIGMADUR 550Y BASE APS(2003)

15. Regulatory information

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Polymer of acrylic acid	29.508	Priority assessment	234
Xylene	7.8816	Priority assessment	125
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1.9372	Priority assessment	49
Ethylbenzene	1.4205	Priority assessment	50
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.32286	Priority assessment	201
Cumene	0.065487	Priority assessment	126
Toluene	0.04318	Priority assessment	46
Benzene	0.0071886	Priority assessment	45
Naphthalene	0.0058115	Priority assessment	76
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-Octamethyl-	0.00050068	Monitoring	40
1,3,5,7,2,4,6,8-tetraoxatetrasilocane		C C	
1-Butanol	0.00016748	Priority assessment	124
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol	0.00012307	Priority assessment	64
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8,10,10,12,12-Dodecamethyl-	0.000071082	Monitoring	41
1,3,5,7,9,11-hexaoxa-2,4,6,8,10,12-hexasilacyclododecane			
Sodium alkyl(C8-18) sulfate	0.00001176	Priority assessment	214

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

Explosives Control Law

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

Maritime Safety Law

Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

Container class

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen	: Group 1
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed
Japan inventory	: At least one component is not listed.
Road law	: Not available.

16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9 August 2023
Date of previous issue	: 12/4/2022
Version	: 5
Prepared by	: EHS

16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous
-	Goods by Inland Waterway
	ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
	Dangerous Goods by Road
	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods
	by Rail
	UN = United Nations

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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