SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 10 August 2023 Version : 22



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : AMERLOCK 2 C CURE

Product code : 00285557

Other means of identification

Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying, Application by non spray methods...

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number: Poison Information Centre; emergency telephone, public + 45 82 12 12 (health

sector +45 35 31 55 55)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 2, H361fd Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms











Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from

heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.

Response : Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

P280, P210, P273, P391, P304 + P310, P501

Polyaminoamide

3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine

4-nonylphenol, branched

4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-

2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine

Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

: Not applicable.

articles

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

: Not applicable.

fastenings

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria

for PBT or vPvB

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

May cause endocrine disruption.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % by weight | Classification | Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs | Туре |
|--|---|----------------|--|---|---------|
| ∡ -methylpentan-2-one | REACH #: 01-2119473980-30 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4 | ≥10 - ≤16 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066 | ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l EUH066: C ≥ 20% | [1] [2] |
| Polyaminoamide | EC: Polymer CAS: 68082-29-1 | ≥5.0 - ≤10 | Eye Dam. 1, H318 | - | [1] |
| benzyl alcohol | REACH #: 01-2119492630-38 EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | ATE [Oral] = 1230 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 1.5 mg/l | [1] |
| 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol | REACH #: 01-2119560597-27 EC: 202-013-9 CAS: 90-72-2 Index: 603-069-00-0 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 | ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1280 mg/kg | [1] |
| cyclohexanone | EC: 203-631-1 CAS: 108-94-1 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 | ATE [Oral] = 1800 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = 8000 ppm | [1] [2] |
| 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | REACH #: 01-2119514687-32 EC: 220-666-8 CAS: 2855-13-2 Index: 612-067-00-9 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 | ATE [Oral] = 1030 mg/ kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.001% | [1] |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | REACH #: 01-2119510715-45 EC: 284-325-5 CAS: 84852-15-3 Index: 601-053-00-8 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361fd Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | ATE [Oral] = 1300 mg/ kg M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 10 | [1] [3] |
| 4,4'-lsopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction | EC: 500-101-4 CAS: 38294-64-3 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 | - | [1] |

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| SECTION 3. Compo | Sition/illioilliat | | igredients | | |
|--|--|-------------|---|--|---------|
| products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | | | Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | | |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1 | ≥1.0 - ≤3.7 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 | - | [1] [2] |
| Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with diethylenetriamine | EC: 263-160-2 CAS: 61790-69-0 | <1.0 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/ kg M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1 | [1] |
| Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction | REACH #: 01-2119487919-13 EC: 292-588-2 CAS: 90640-67-8 | <1.0 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | ATE [Oral] = 1716 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1465 mg/kg | [1] |
| salicylic acid | REACH #: 01-2119486984-17 EC: 200-712-3 CAS: 69-72-7 Index: 607-732-00-5 | ≤0.30 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361d | ATE [Oral] = 891 mg/ kg | [1] |
| | | | the full text of the H statements declared above. | | |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

Inhalation

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for

at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness

dryness cracking

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|-------------------------|---|
| rmethylpentan-2-one | Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. |
| | TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| | STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. |
| cyclohexanone | Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 11/2021). Absorbed |
| | through skin. TWA: 41 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Butanol, all isomers] Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 150 mg/m³ CEIL: 50 ppm |

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs

| Product/ingredient name | Type | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
|------------------------------|------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|----------|
| ¼ -methylpentan-2-one | DNEL | Long term Oral | 4.2 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 4.2 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 11.8 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 14.7 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 14.7 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 83 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 83 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 155.2 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 155.2 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 208 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 208 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| benzyl alcohol | DNEL | Long term Oral | 4 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 4 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 5.4 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 8 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Oral | 20 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 20 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 22 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 27 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 40 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 110 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| 2,4,6-tris | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.075 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | | | | | |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 0.075 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.075 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 0.13 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.13 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.15 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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|---|--------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.53 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 0.6 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 2.1 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| cyclohexanone | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 1 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| ey elementamente | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 1 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Oral | 1.5 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 1.5 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 4 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 4 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 10 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 20 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | | General population | |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 20 mg/m ³ | | Systemic |
| | | | 40 mg/m ³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 40 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 40 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 80 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| 2 | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 80 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| 3-aminomethyl- | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 0.073 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | D. 151 | | 0.070 / 3 | 147 | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.073 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| 1, | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.526 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.08 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Oral | 0.4 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.4 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.5 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 0.8 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 1 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 3.8 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 7.5 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 7.6 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 15 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 74 μg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| oligomeric reaction products | | | | | |
| with 1-chloro- | | | | | |
| 2,3-epoxypropane, reaction | | | | | |
| products with 3-aminomethyl- | | | | | |
| 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | | | | | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.493 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | | Long term Oral | 50 μg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 50 μg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.14 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 55 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 310 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| Amines, polyethylenepoly-, | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.096 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| triethylenetetramine fraction | | | | | |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.14 mg/kg bw/day | General population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.54 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| salicylic acid | DNEL | Long term Oral | 1 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 1 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 2.3 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Oral | 4 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 4 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 5 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 5 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| Product/ingredient name | Type | Compartment Detail | Value | Method Detail |
|-------------------------|------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | - | Fresh water | 0.6 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | - | Marine water | 0.06 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | - | Sewage Treatment Plant | 27.5 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | - | Fresh water sediment | 8.27 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | - | Marine water sediment | 0.83 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | - | Soil | 1.3 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | - | Fresh water | 0.4 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | - | Marine water | 0.04 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | - | Sewage Treatment Plant | 10 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | - | Fresh water sediment | 1.56 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | - | Marine water sediment | 0.156 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | - | Soil | 0.076 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this

product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Gloves

: butyl rubber

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the

hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and

particulate filter P3

Environmental exposure

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Colour : Colourless.

Odour : Amine-like. [Strong]

Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : May start to solidify at the following temperature: 8°C (46.4°F) This is based on data

for the following ingredient: 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine.

Weighted average: -40.99°C (-41.8°F)

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: >37.78°C

Flammability : Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 13% (benzyl alcohol)

Flash point : Closed cup: 39°C

Auto-ignition temperature

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|-----------------------|-----|-------|------------|
| nonylphenol, branched | 372 | 701.6 | ASTM E 659 |

Decomposition temperature

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

pН

: Not applicable, insoluble in water.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s

: 40 - <60 s (ISO 6mm) **Viscosity** Solubility(ies)

| Media | Result |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

| | Vapou | Vapour Pressure at 20°C | | | Vapour pressure at 50° | | |
|----------------------|-------|-------------------------|--------|----------|------------------------|--------|--|
| Ingredient name | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method | |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | 15.75 | 2.1 | | | | | |

Evaporation rate: If ighest known value: 1.7 (4-methylpentan-2-one) Weighted average:

0.93compared with butyl acetate

Relative density : 1.36

Vapour density : Mighest known value: 15.4 (Air = 1) (1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich). Weighted average: 4.88 (Air = 1)

Explosive properties: The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of

vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties : Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Mot applicable.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Acute toxicity

| ame Result | | Dose | Exposure | |
|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 11 mg/l | 4 hours | |
| LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - | |
| LD50 Oral | Rat | 2.08 g/kg | - | |
| LC50 Inhalation Dusts and | Rat | >4178 mg/m ³ | 4 hours | |
| mists | | | | |
| LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2000 mg/kg | - | |
| LD50 Oral | Rat | 1.23 g/kg | - | |
| LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.28 g/kg | - | |
| LD50 Dermal | Rat | 1280 mg/kg | - | |
| LD50 Oral | Rat | 1200 mg/kg | - | |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Dermal LD50 Dermal | LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rat LD50 Dermal Rabbit Rat | LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal LD50 Dermal Rat | |

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| cyclohexanone | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 8000 ppm | 4 hours |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|-------------|---------|
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1100 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1800 mg/kg | - |
| 3-aminomethyl- | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and | Rat | >5.01 mg/l | 4 hours |
| 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | mists | | | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1030 mg/kg | - |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2.14 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1300 mg/kg | - |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 24.6 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2460 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2830 mg/kg | - |
| Amines, polyethylenepoly-, | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1465 mg/kg | - |
| triethylenetetramine fraction | | | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1716 mg/kg | - |
| salicylic acid | LD50 Oral | Rat | 0.891 g/kg | - |
| | | | | |

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|---------|-------|----------|-------------|
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | | Rabbit | - | 4 hours | 7 days |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | Skin - Erythema/Eschar | Rabbit | 4 | - | - |

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|--|-------------------|------------|-------------|
| 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | skin | Guinea pig | Sensitising |

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|--|-------------------|---|
| rethylpentan-2-one cyclohexanone 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects |

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|--------------|---------|-------|
| • , , | | |

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with diethylenetriamine | Category 2 | oral | - |

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary :

General

: Not available.

: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently

exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Other information : Not available.

Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--|--|---|----------|
| rethylpentan-2-one | Acute LC50 >179 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | Acute LC50 175 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l | Crustaceans - Moina macrocopa | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Acute EC50 1100 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction | Acute EC50 20 mg/l | Aquatic plants - Daphnia magna | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 31.1 mg/l | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia</i> magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 330 mg/l | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Acute NOEC 2.5 mg/l | Crustaceans | 72 hours |
| salicylic acid | Acute EC50 1147.57 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia Iongispina</i> - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 5.6 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia</i> magna - Neonate | 21 days |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | Dose | Inoculum |
|-------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|------|----------|
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | OECD 301F | 83 % - Readily - 28 days | 1 | - |

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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|--------------|---------|-------|
| | | |

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| | - | - | Readily |
| benzyl alcohol | - | - | Readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|---|--------------|--------|-----------|
| ✓methylpentan-2-one | 1.9 | - | Low |
| benzyl alcohol | 0.87 | - | Low |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | 0.219 | - | Low |
| cyclohexanone | 0.86 | - | Low |
| 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | 0.99 | - | Low |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | 5.4 | 251.19 | Low |
| 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction | - | 5.13 | Low |
| products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, reaction | | | |
| products with 3-aminomethyl- | | | |
| 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | | | |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | 1 | - | Low |
| Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine | -2.65 | - | Low |
| fraction | | | |
| salicylic acid | 2.21 to 2.26 | - | Low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility

: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

May cause endocrine disruption.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Yes European waste catalogue (EWC)

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

| Waste code | Waste designation |
|------------|---|
| 08 01 11* | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |

Packaging

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

| Type of packaging | European waste catalogue (EWC) | |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| Container | 15 01 06 | mixed packaging |

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number | UN3470 | UN3470 | UN3470 | UN3470 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE | PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE | PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE | PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 8 (3) | 8 (3) | 8 (3) | 8 (3) |
| 14.4 Packing group | II | II | II | II |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | (4-nonylphenol, branched) | Not applicable. |

Additional information

ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or

≤5 kg.

Tunnel code : (D/E)

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or **ADN**

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation **IATA**

regulations.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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14. Transport information

14.7 Maritime transport in : No bulk according to IMO

: Not applicable.

instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

 $\textbf{15.1 Safety}, \ \textbf{health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or \ \textbf{mixture}$

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

| Intrinsic property | Ingredient name | Status | Reference number | Date of revision |
|---|--|-----------|------------------|------------------|
| Endocrine disrupting properties for environment | 4-nonylphenol, branched and linear substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, covering also UVCB- and well-defined substances which include any of the individual isomers or a combination thereof | Candidate | ED/169/2012 | 12/19/2012 |

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category
P5c
E1

National regulations

Product registration : PR-4088266

number

Danish fire class : II-1 Executive Order No. 1795/2015

| Ingredient name | Annex I Section A | Annex I Section B |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| rethylpentan-2-one | - | Carc. 2, H351 |

MAL-code : 3-5

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|---------------------------|--------------|---------|-------|
|---------------------------|--------------|---------|-------|

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Protection based on MAL

: According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/ protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 3-5

Application: When using scraper or knife, brush, roller etc. for pre- and post-treatments in a spray booth where the operator is outside the spray zone and when working in similar new* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When spraying in new* booths and cabins with non-atomizing guns.

- Protective clothing must be worn.

During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.

- Air-supplied half mask, protective clothing and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in new* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone. During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask and protective clothing must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, protective clothing and hood must be worn.

Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

*See Regulations.

Restrictions on use

: Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

List of undesirable substances

Listed

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification | Justification |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226 | On basis of test data |
| Skin Corr. 1B, H314 | Calculation method |
| Eye Dam. 1, H318 | Calculation method |
| Skin Sens. 1, H317 | Calculation method |
| Carc. 2, H351 | Calculation method |
| Repr. 2, H361fd | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Acute 1, H400 | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | Calculation method |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

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|--------------|---------|-------|

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SECTION 16: Other information

| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
|--------|--|
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer. |
| H361d | Suspected of damaging the unborn child. |
| H361fd | Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated |
| | exposure. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

| Full text of classifications [CLP/GH5] | |
|--|--|
| Acute Tox. 4 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 |
| Aquatic Acute 1 | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 |
| Carc. 2 | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |
| Eye Dam. 1 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 3 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| Repr. 2 | REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 |
| Skin Corr. 1B | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B |
| Skin Corr. 1C | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 |
| Skin Sens. 1A | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A |
| STOT RE 2 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - |
| | Category 2 |
| STOT SE 3 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - |
| | Category 3 |

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AMERLOCK 2 C CURE

SECTION 16: Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

English (GB) Denmark 22/22