SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 10 August 2023

Version 8.04

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

: AMERLOCK 2 C CURE

- : 00325466
- : Not available.
 - : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu Sumare / SP, Brasil 55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart,
	brain, skin, central nervous system (CNS).
	Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs

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Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the reproductive system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, bones, eye, lens or cornea.

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 14.1%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 59.8%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 70.1%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 69.9%

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	anger	
Hazard statements	ammable liquid and vapor. ay be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin. auses severe skin burns and eye damage. ay cause an allergic skin reaction. armful if inhaled. ay cause respiratory irritation. uspected of causing cancer. uspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. ery toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	btain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective cl ad eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, ope ames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electric entilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to pre atic discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor.	n cal, event
Response	blect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. HALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWE mediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT indu- omiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothin nse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Was ontaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER octor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash- et medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for inutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing mediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.	D: ice ing. sh or occurs: r several
Storage	ore in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.	
Disposal	spose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national international regulations.	onal

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Section 2. Hazards identification

result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
🔽 alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	30 - <60	14807-96-6
4-methylpentan-2-one	10 - <12.5	108-10-1
Polyaminoamide	7 - <10	68082-29-1
benzyl alcohol	3 - <5	100-51-6
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	3 - <5	90-72-2
cyclohexanone	3 - <5	108-94-1
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	3 - <5	2855-13-2
4-nonylphenol, branched	3 - <5	84852-15-3
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	3 - <5	38294-64-3
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2 - <3	78-83-1
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich	2 - <3	68515-49-1
Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with diethylenetriamine salicylic acid	0.5 - <1 0.2 - <0.5	61790-69-0 69-72-7

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There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention. 			
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. 			
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. 			
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.			
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary				
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.			
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Section 4. First aid measures

Specific treatments	1	
-		No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	÷	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	;	May be harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, pro	otective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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Section 6. A	ccidental relea	se measures			
For emergency resp			e and unsuitable material		
Environmental preca	environmenta	ewers. Inform the relevant pollution (sewers, wa	nd runoff and contact wi vant authorities if the pro aterways, soil or air). Wa if released in large quan	duct has caused ater polluting ma	d aterial.
Methods and materia	als for containment and	<u>l cleaning up</u>			
Small spill	and explosio Alternatively,	n-proof equipment. Di or if water-insoluble, a	ainers from spill area. U lute with water and mop bsorb with an inert dry m er. Dispose of via a licen	up if water-solut naterial and plac	ble. ce in an
Large spill	and explosion sewers, wate effluent treat combustible, and place in Dispose of vi material may	n-proof equipment. Ap r courses, basements ment plant or proceed absorbent material e.g container for disposal a a a licensed waste dispose the same hazard	ainers from spill area. Upproach release from upw or confined areas. Was as follows. Contain and g. sand, earth, vermiculite according to local regulat posal contractor. Contar d as the spilled product. Section 13 for waste dis	vind. Prevent en h spillages into a collect spillage v e or diatomaceo tions (see Section ninated absorbe Note: see Section	ntry into an with non- ous earth on 13). ent

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits			
▼alc , not containing asbesti	iform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable			
4-methylpentan-2-one		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.			
cyclohexanone		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.			
2-methylpropan-1-ol		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil 11/2001). TWA: 115 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours.			
Recommended monitoring procedures	national guida	build be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to nce documents for methods for the determination of hazardous ill also be required.			
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or o contaminants also need to k	adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls eep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive plosion-proof ventilation equipment.			
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from they comply w cases, fume s	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
ndividual protection measu	ires				
Hygiene measures	before eating, Appropriate te Contaminated contaminated showers are c	forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. chniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety lose to the workstation location.			
Eye protection Skin protection	: Chemical spla	sh goggles and face shield.			
Hand protection	be worn at all this is necessa check during u should be note different for di several substa	stant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates ary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It ed that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be fferent glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of ances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately			
	estimated.				

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	1	Liquid.	
Color	4	Colorless.	
Odor	1	Amine-like. [Strong]	
рН	1	Not applicable.	
Melting point	:	Not available.	
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 39°C (102.2°F	-)
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.36	
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result
Colubility(ICS)	1	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)):	>21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Viscosity	:	40 - <60 s (ISO 6mm)	

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materia carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
<i>.</i>	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>4178 mg/m ³	4 hours
2	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.23 g/kg	-
2,4,6-tris	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.28 g/kg	-
(dimethylaminomethyl)				
phenol				
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1280 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	-
3-aminomethyl-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.01 mg/l	4 hours
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine			Ŭ	
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1030 mg/kg	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	16000 mg/kg	-
acid, di-C9-11-branched				
alkyl esters, C10-rich				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>60000 mg/kg	-
salicylic acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.891 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Score	Exposur	e Observation
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	Skin - Visible necr		sis	Rabbit	-	4 hours	7 days
4-nonylphenol, branched	Skin - Eryth	nema/Es	char	Rabbit	4	-	-
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There ar	e no data	a availa	able on the mi	xture itsel	f.	
Eyes				able on the mi			
Respiratory	: There ar	e no data	a availa	able on the mi	xture itsel	f.	
Sensitization							
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	S	Species	5		Result	
3 -aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	skin	C	Guinea	pig		Sensitizing	
Conclusion/Summary					_		
Skin	: There ar	e no data	a availa	able on the mi	xture itsel	f.	
Respiratory	: There ar	e no data	a availa	able on the mi	xture itsel	f.	
<u>Mutagenicity</u>							
Not available.							
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity Not available.	: There ar	e no data	a availa	able on the mi	xture itsel	f.	
Conclusion/Summary <u>Classification</u>	: There ar	e no data	a availa	able on the mi	xture itsel	f.	
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTF	>			
#-methylpentan-2-one cyclohexanone	-	2B 3					
Carcinogen Classification IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be OSHA: + Not listed/not regul	4 a human carci	nogen; Re	asonabl	y anticipated to	be a humar	ı carcinogen	
Reproductive toxicity Not available.							
Conclusion/Summary <u>Feratogenicity</u> Not available.	: There ar	e no data	a availa	able on the mi	xture itsel	f.	

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
cyclohexanone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with diethylenetriamine	Category 2	oral	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, brain, skin, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the reproductive system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, bones, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
4-methylpentan-2-one	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
benzyl alcohol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2

Information on the likely routes of exposure Potential acute health effects		Not available.
Eye contact		Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	May be harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Symptoms related to the phy	sic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following:

t	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
	redness	

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of
	short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential chronic health effe	ects	
Not available.		

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MERLOCK 2 C CURE	3803.3	2842.0	55794.4	32.0	3.0
4-methylpentan-2-one	2080	N/A	N/A	11	1.5
benzyl alcohol	1230	2000	N/A	N/A	1.5
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1200	1280	N/A	N/A	N/A
cyclohexanone	1800	1100	8000	N/A	N/A
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	1030	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-nonylphenol, branched	1300	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich	N/A	16000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with diethylenetriamine	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
salicylic acid	891	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
✓-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2,4,6-tris	Acute LC50 175 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol			
4-nonylphenol, branched	Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l	Crustaceans - Moina macrocopa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
salicylic acid	Acute EC50 1147.57 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia longispina -	48 hours
-		Neonate	
	Chronic NOEC 5.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
4-methylpentan-2-one	OECD 301F	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

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Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	-	Readily
benzyl alcohol	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	Low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	Low
2,4,6-tris	0.219	-	Low
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol			
cyclohexanone	0.86	-	Low
3-aminomethyl-	0.99	-	Low
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine			
4-nonylphenol, branched	5.4	251.19	Low
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol,	-	5.13	Low
oligomeric reaction products			
with 1-chloro-			
2,3-epoxypropane, reaction			
products with 3-aminomethyl-			
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine			
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic	8.8	-	High
acid, di-C9-11-branched			
alkyl esters, C10-rich			
salicylic acid	2.21 to 2.26	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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English (US)	Brazil	

Section 14. Transport information

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3470	UN3470	UN3470
UN proper shipping name	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE
Transport hazard class(es)	8 (3)	8 (3)	8 (3)
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(4-nonylphenol, branched)	Not applicable.

Additional information

Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 83
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of previous issue	: 10/4/2022
Version	: 8.04
Prepared by	: EHS

English ((US)	

Code	00325466		Date of issue	10 August 2023	Version	8.04
Product nam	ie	AMERLOCK 2 C CURE				

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
	ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
	UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.