SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 11 August 2023

Version

: 2



pPG

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: SIGMACOVER 456 BASE APS
Product code	: 00419433
Other means of identification	ion
Not available.	
1.2 Relevant identified uses	s of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Product use Use of the substance/ mixture	Professional applications, Used by spraying.Coating.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Sigma Paints Egypt Villa#8, street 279 New Maadi, Cairo Egypt Tel: 00202 516 223 797 Fax: 00202 516 38 04 e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: PS.ACEMEA@ppg.com
1.4 Emergency telephone	: +20 2 6840902

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
Product definition : Mixture
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
Fam. Liq. 3, H226
Skin Irrit. 2, H315
Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Skin Sens. 1, H317
STOT SE 3, H335
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

number

SIGMACOVER 456 BASE APS SECTION 2: Hazards Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements	; ic	Warning Mammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation.
Hazard pictograms	:	Warning Mammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation.
Signal word		Fammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation.
		Fammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation.
		Fammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation.
		May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	:	F INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	 Spose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. P280, P210, P273, P304 + P312, P403 + P233, P501
Hazardous ingredients	:	xylene epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100) Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine</mw<=1100)
Supplemental label elements	1	Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requiren	nen	<u>ts</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
x ylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	REACH #: 01-2119456619-26 EC: 500-033-5 CAS: 25068-38-6	≥5.0 - ≤10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Skin Irrit. 2, H315: C ≥ 5% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: C ≥ 5%	[1]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l	[1] [2]
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw <=1100)</mw 	CAS: 25036-25-3	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	REACH #: 01-2119979085-27 EC: 309-629-8 CAS: 100545-48-0	≤0.30	Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	-	[1]
toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3	≤0.30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	-	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Kylene: Several REACH registrations cover the REACH registered substance with xylene isomers, ethylbenzene (and toluene). The other REACH Registrations include: 01-2119555267-33 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene, 01-2119486136-34 Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8, 01-2119539452-40 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene. Type

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

This mixture contains \geq 1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

English (GB)

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid m	easures
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health	neffects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/	/symptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any in	nmediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

•	-
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	m the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to Europear standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	•	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and

explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	 See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

proceduresStandard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required2 Exposure controlsAppropriate engineering: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or	Product/ingredient	t name	E	Exposure limit values	
barium sulfate ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Notes: The value is for total dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica. TWA: 5 mg/m ² 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 2 mg/m ² 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles ethylbenzene ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Ottos: cont. Notes: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices 2002 Adoption. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Recommended monitoring procedures Feference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by Inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with Imit values and measurement strategy). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the application to chemical agents for comparison with Imit values and measurement strategy). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the application to chemical agents for comparison with Imit values and measurement strategy). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the application ad use of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. ndividual protection <td< th=""><th colspan="2">kylene</th><th colspan="3">containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant.</th></td<>	k ylene		containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant.		
Taic , not containing asbestiform fibres ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 2 mg/m ² 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction, finescale particles ethylbenzene ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Totoxicant. Notes: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices 2002 Adoption. TWA: 2.0 mg/m ² 8 hours. Recommended monitoring procedures : Feference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 869 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhelation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy). European Standard EN 1402 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure biological agents). European Standard EN 442 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents). European Standard EN 442 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents). European Standard EN 442 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). European Standard EN 442 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. 22 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. ndividual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after hand	barium sulfate		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Notes: The value is for total dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica.		
titanium dioxide ACGHT TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles ACGHT TLV (United States, 1/2022). Ototoxicant. Notes: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices 2002 Adoption. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Recommended monitoring : Feference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the asplication and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 2.2 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. ndividual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work tothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stati	Talc , not containing asbestifor	m fibres	ACGIH TLV (United Sta	tes, 1/2022).	
ethylbenzene Particles ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Ototoxicant. Notes: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices 2002 Adoption. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 22 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. ndividual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eyefface protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be w	titanium dioxide		ACGIH TLV (United Sta	ites, 1/2022).	cale
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controlsother engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.Individual protection measures:Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection:Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6	.2 Exposure controls				
Individual protection measuresHygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection: Chemical splash goggles.: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6	Appropriate engineering controls	other engineering recommended of vapour or dust co	other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof		
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Skin protection Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6	Hygiene measures	eating, smoking Appropriate tech Contaminated w contaminated clo	and using the lavatory and iniques should be used to ork clothing should not be othing before reusing. Ens	at the end of the working period. remove potentially contaminated of allowed out of the workplace. Was sure that eyewash stations and saf	clothing. ash
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English (GB) Egypt 7/15	Hand protection	worn at all times necessary. Cons during use that th noted that the tin glove manufactu protection time o	worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or		
			English (GB)	Egypt	7/15

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	(breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u> Physical state	1.	Liquid.					
		•	-				
Colour		Blue.					
Odour		Aromatic. [Slight]	romatic. [Slight]				
Odour threshold		Not available.	Not available.				
Melting point/freezing point	:	May start to solidify at the following temperature: -94.9°C (-138.8°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: ethylbenzene. Weighted average: -94.95°C (-138.9°F)					
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	>37.78°C					
Flammability	:	Not available.					
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 0.8% Upper: 6.7% (xylene)					
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 27°C					
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method		
		99H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29, N30,N31,N32 copper	356	672.8	EU A.16		
Decomposition temperature	:	Stable under recommended sto	rage and h	andling cond	itions (see Section 7).		
ЭΗ	:	Not applicable. insoluble in wate	er.				
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s	>400 mm²/	/s			
Viscosity	1	> 100 s (ISO 6mm)					
Solubility(ies)	:						
Media		Result					
cold water		Not soluble					
Partition coefficient: n-octano	1/:	Not applicable.					

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Vapour pressure	:		Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2				
Evaporation rate	:	Highest known value butyl acetate	e: 0.84 (etl	nylbenze	ene) Weighted	d average	e: 0.78co	mpared with
Relative density	:	1.34						
Vapour density	:	Highest known value	e: 3.7 (Air	= 1) (x	ylene). Weigh	ted avera	age: 3.7	(Air = 1)
Explosive properties	:	The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible.						
Oxidising properties	:	Product does not pre	esent an o	xidizing	hazard.			
Particle characteristics								

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stabilit	y and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	 Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/ oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
epoxy resin (MW \leq 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>LD50 Dermal</td><td>Rat</td><td>>2000 mg/kg</td><td>-</td></mw<=1100)<>	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	5.05 mg/l	4 hours
<u>.</u>	English (GB)	•	Egypt	9/15

Conforms 2020/878	to Regulation (EC) No. 1907	/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission	n Regulation (EU)
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

products with ethylenediamine	mists			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<mark>ky</mark> lene epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit	- -	24 hours 500 mg - -	- - -

Conclusion/Summary

Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Constituention	

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Poxy resin (MW ≤ 700) Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	skin skin	Mouse Guinea pig	Sensitising Sensitising

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Specific target organ toxic	<u>ity (single exposure)</u>

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
₩ylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
toluene	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2 Category 2	-	hearing organs -

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result	
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

English (GB)	Egypt	10/15
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SECTION 11: Toxico	logical information
Information on likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effec	<u>ts</u>
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms related to the ph	nysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Delayed and immediate effe	ects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	• Not available
Potential chronic health eff	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	: Not available.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

English (GB)

headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia	48 hours
	water		
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia -	-
	water	Ceriodaphnia dubia	
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae -	72 hours
with ethylenediamine		Pseudokirchneriella	
		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 >10 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia</i>	48 hours
		magna	
	Acute LC50 >10 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus	96 hours
		mykiss	

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Poxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	-	5 % - 28 days 79 % - Readily - 10 days 22 % - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
ylene epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products	- - -	- - -	Readily Not readily Readily Inherent
with ethylenediamine toluene	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	3	31	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	>5.86	-	High
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

English (GB)

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

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Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal<br/>of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the<br/>requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any<br/>regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products<br/>via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to<br/>the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.Hazardous waste: Yes.
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European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)			
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging		
Special precautions	taken when Empty conta residues ma Do not cut, v	al and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. ainers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product by create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly word dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, newers.		

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IAI	Ά
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	
14.4 Packing group	Ш			
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	
	1	English (GB)	Egypt	13/15

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SECTION 14: Transport information				
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	
Additional information	1			
ADR/RID : T	This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.			
Tunnel code : (E	D/E)			
IMDG : T	his class 3 viscous liquid is	s not subject to regulation in pack	agings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.	
IATA : N	one identified.			
14.6 Special precautions and the second s	upright and se		nsport in closed containers that are orting the product know what to do in the	
14.7 Transport in bull according to IMO instruments	K : Not applicable			
SECTION 15: R	egulatory informa	tion		
15.1 Safety, health an	d environmental regulati	ons/legislation specific for the	substance or mixture	
	<u>No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>			
	substances subject to a	uthorisation		
Annex XIV				
None of the compor				
Substances of ver				
None of the compor				
Annex XVII - Restri on the manufacture				
placing on the mar	•			
and use of certain				
dangerous substar mixtures and article				
	nternational regulations.			
Ozone depleting su Not listed.	<u>bstances (1005/2009/EU)</u>			
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: No Chemical S	afety Assessment has been carri	ed out.	
SECTION 16: O	ther information			
Indicates information	on that has changed from r	previously issued version.		
	in that had onlying ou holling			

Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
Full text of abbreviated H statements	

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SECTION 16: Other	information
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H373 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Kcute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 Aquatic Chronic 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Repr. 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SKIN Sens. 1B SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 2 STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
<u>History</u> Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 11 August 2023
Date of previous issue	: 30 March 2020
Prepared by	: EHS
Version	: 2
<u>Disclaimer</u>	

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