# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue/Date of revision18 August 2023Version 7.02

Section 1. Identification	
Product code	: 00271353
Product name	: SIGMACOVER 630 BASE RED 6188
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Supplier's details	: PPG Industries (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., No. 1 Tuas Basin Close, Singapore 638803. Tel +65 68653737
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC +(65)-31581349 (CCN 17704)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3         ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4         SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2         SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1         SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3         AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2     </li> </ul>
--	--

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Descention of statements	

### **Precautionary statements**

Singapore	English (US)	Page: 1/14
-----------	--------------	------------

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	Not applicable.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F).

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable.
EC number	: Mixture.

#### Ingredient name % CAS number $\overline{\mathbf{v}}$ alc , not containing asbestiform fibres 25 - <50 14807-96-6 Epoxy resin (MW $\leq$ 700) 10 - <20 25068-38-6 Epoxy Resin (700<MW<=1100) 5 - <10 25036-25-3 5 - <10 xylene 1330-20-7 Phenol, methylstyrenated 5 - <10 68512-30-1 benzyl alcohol 3 - <5 100-51-6 2-methylpropan-1-ol 1 - <3 78-83-1 ethylbenzene 1 - <3 100-41-4 4-nonylphenol, branched 1 - <3 84852-15-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contac	t	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation		: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Singapore	English (US)	Page: 2/14

							Pa	ge	
-									
-	•								
U		U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U							
		- J -	· J ·						
1 4 9 0 1	1 4 9 6 1					i agei i			
i ugoi i	i ugoi i	1 4901	1 490.	1 490.	i ugo.	i ugoi i			
i ugo. /	i ugo. /	i ugo.	i ugo.	i ugo.	i ugo.	i ugo.			
i age	i age. /	i uge.	i age.	i age.	i ago	i ugo.			
i age	i age. /	i uge.	i age.	i age.	i ago	i ugo.			
i age.	i aye	i aye.	i aye.	i aye.	i aye.	i aye.			
raye.	raye.	raye.	гаус.	гаус.	гаус.	гаус.			
Faye.	Faye.	Faye.	raye.	raye.	raye.	гауе.			
Faye.	Faye.	raye.	raye.	raye.	raye.	гауе.			
Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:			
Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:			
Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:			
Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:			
Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:			
Page:	Page: 2	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:			
Page: 2	Page: 2	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:			
Page: 2	Page: 2	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:			
Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page:			
Page:	Page:	Page:	Page: :	Page:	Page: :	Page: :			
Page: 2	Page: 2	Page:	Page:	Page:	Page: 1	Page: 1			
Page:	Page:	Page:	Page: 1	Page: 1	Page: 1	Page: 1			
Page: :	Page: :	Page: 1	Page: 1	Page: 1	Page: 1	Page: 1			

## Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Most important symptoms/e	ffects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	t <u>s</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>toms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate me	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protecti	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Product name SIGMACOVER 630 BASE RED 6188

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
	(Singapore, 2/2006).		
xylene	PEL (long term): 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). [Xylene] PEL (short term): 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min PEL (short term): 150 ppm 15 minut PEL (long term): 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.	es.	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (long term): 152 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (long term): 50 ppm 8 hours.		
ethylbenzene	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (short term): 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min PEL (short term): 125 ppm 15 minut PEL (long term): 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours.	es.	
Recommended monitoring procedures	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardou substances will also be required.		
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosi limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	controls	
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
ndividual protection measu	2		
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated of Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wa contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and sat showers are close to the workstation location.	clothing. ash	
Eye/face protection	Chemical splash goggles and face shield.		
Skin protection			

Product name SIGMACOVER 630 BASE RED 6188

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	_iquid.		
Color	Red.		
Odor	Aromatic.		
рН	nsoluble in water.		
Boiling point	>37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	Closed cup: 31°C (87.8°F)		
Evaporation rate	Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.58compared with butyl acetate		
Flammability (solid, gas)	liquid		
Vapor pressure	Highest known value: <1.6 kPa (<12 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (2-methylpropan-1-ol). Weighted average: 0.52 kPa (3.9 mm Hg) (at 20°C)		
Vapor density	Highest known value: 7.59 (Air = 1) (4-nonylphenol, branched). Weighted average: 3.9 (Air = 1)		
Relative density	1.44		
	Media Result		
Solubility(ies)	cold water Not soluble		
Auto-ignition temperature	_owest known value: 372°C (701.6°F) (4-nonylphenol, branched).		
Viscosity	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)		

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

	-
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw &lt;=1100)</mw 	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Phenol, methylstyrenated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>4178 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.23 g/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result		Species	Scor	e	Exposure	Observation
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Mild irritan	t	Rabbit	-		-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant		Rabbit	-		-	-
xylene	Skin - Moderate i	rritant	Rabbit	-		24 hours 50	0 -
4-nonylphenol, branched	Skin - Erythema/E	Eschar	Rabbit	4		mg -	-
Conclusion/Summary			•	•			
Skin :	There are no data	available o	on the mixtur	e itself.			
Eyes :	There are no data	available o	on the mixtur	e itself.			
Respiratory :	There are no data	available o	on the mixtur	e itself.			
Sensitization							
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species			Resul	t	
Epoxy resin (MW  ≤ 700)	skin	Mouse			Sensit	izing	
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin :	There are no data	available o	on the mixtur	e itself.			
Respiratory :	There are no data	here are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Mutagenicity							
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data	available	on the mixtu	re itself.			
Carcinogenicity							
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data	available	on the mixtu	re itself.			
Reproductive toxicity							
	There are no data	There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Feratogenicity							
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data	available	on the mixtu	re itself.			
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>y (single exposure</u>	<u>e)</u>					
Namo			Category		Pouto o	f T	arget organs

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
✓alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

### Aspiration hazard

Singapore English (US)	Page: 9/14
------------------------	------------

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Symptoms related to the ph	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Eye contact	pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Singapore

English (US)

Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Mutagenicity** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Øral	19819.55 mg/kg
Dermal	8463.92 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	21.89 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	2.05 mg/l

### **Other information**

Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F). Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

		Exposure
Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l	Crustaceans - Moina macrocopa	48 hours
Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l Acute EC50 1100 mg/l Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/lDaphniaAcute EC50 1100 mg/lDaphniaAcute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh waterDaphniaChronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh waterDaphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubiaAcute EC50 0.044 mg/lCrustaceans - Moina macrocopa

### Conclusion/Summary

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene	OECD 301F -	5 % - 28 days 79 % - Readily - 10 day	- /S -	-
Conclusion/Summary         : There are no data available on the mixture itself.				
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-li	fe Pt	notolysis	Biodegradability
₽poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	-	-		Not readily

			riotroadily	
xylene	-	-	Readily	
benzyl alcohol	-	-	Readily	
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily	

## Section 12. Ecological information

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	3	31	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3.627	-	Low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	Low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
4-nonylphenol, branched	5.4	251.19	Low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water	partition
coefficient	(Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and
	sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III

Singapore	English (US)	Page: 12/14
-----------	--------------	-------------

## Section 14. Transport information

Environmental	Yes. The environmentally	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally
hazards	hazardous substance mark is not required.		hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Epoxy resin (MW  ≤ 700), 4-nonylphenol, branched)	Not applicable.

### **Additional information**

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

Ingredient name	Status
ronylphenol and nonylphenol ethoxylates	Listed

### International regulations

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

### **History**

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 18 August 2023
Date of previous issue	: 8/24/2021
Version	: 7.02
Prepared by	: EHS

## Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.