# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 18 August 2023 Version : 1.01



# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : DIMETCOTE 9VOC LIQUID

Product code : 00335646

Product description :

Product type : Liquid.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Industrial applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

**Uses advised against**: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

1 dx 102-00000+00

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Supplier** 

+31 20 4075210

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

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## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. **Hazard statements** 

> Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot

surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid

release to the environment. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Response

**Storage** : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

P280, P210, P273, P264, P362 + P364, P501

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains trimethoxy(methyl)silane. May produce an allergic reaction.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

**Containers to be fitted** with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

**Product meets the criteria** for PBT or vPvB according

to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixture

#### 3.2 Mivturos

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
propan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119457558-25 EC: 200-661-7 CAS: 67-63-0 Index: 603-117-00-0	≥10 - ≤18	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
4-chloro- $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -trifluorotoluene	REACH #: 01-2119857280-40 EC: 202-681-1 CAS: 98-56-6	≥10 - ≤13	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	[1]
tetraethyl silicate	REACH #: 01-2119496195-28 EC: 201-083-8 CAS: 78-10-4 Index: 014-005-00-0	≥1.0 - ≤6.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	REACH #: 01-2119450011-60 EC: 252-104-2 CAS: 34590-94-8	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Not classified.	[2]

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

•	•			
toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3	≤1.4	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
	Index: 601-021-00-3		STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	
zinc chloride	EC: 231-592-0 CAS: 7646-85-7 Index: 030-003-00-2	<1.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1] [2]
trimethoxy(methyl)silane	REACH #: 01-2119517436-40 EC: 214-685-0 CAS: 1185-55-3	<1.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Sens. 1B, H317	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

## Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact**: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

## Potential acute health effects

**Eve contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
 Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

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## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion** products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides

halogenated compounds

carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

## **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

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# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

## **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
propan-2-ol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 1250 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 999 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
tetraethyl silicate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	TWA: 44 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
toluene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 384 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 191 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
zinc chloride	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 2 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume
	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
propan-2-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	26 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	89 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	319 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	888 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8.8 µg/cm <sup>2</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	17.6 µg/cm²	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.255 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.4 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.025 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
tetraethyl silicate	DNEL	Short term Dermal	3 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
•	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	14 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	14 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	56 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	56 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

		37.2 mg/m³		
	Dermal	121 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
EL Long term I	Dermal	283 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
EL Long term I	Inhalation	308 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
EL Long term (	Oral	8.13 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
EL Long term I	Inhalation	56.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
EL Long term I	Inhalation	56.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
EL Long term I	Inhalation	192 mg/m³	Workers	Local
EL Long term I	Inhalation	192 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
EL Long term I	Dermal	226 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
EL Short term	Inhalation	226 mg/m³	General population	Local
EL Short term	Inhalation	226 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
EL Long term I	Dermal	384 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
EL Short term	Inhalation	384 mg/m³	Workers	Local
EL Short term	Inhalation	384 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
EL Long term I	Inhalation	1.25 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
EL Long term (	Oral	0.83 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
EL Long term I	Inhalation	1 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
EL Long term I	Dermal	8.3 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
EL Long term I	Dermal	8.3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
EL Long term (	Oral	0.26 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
EL Long term I	Dermal	3.6 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
EL Long term I	Inhalation	6.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
EL Long term I	Dermal	7.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
EL Long term I	Inhalation	25.6 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	EL Long term   EL Short term   EL Short term   EL Long term	EL Long term Dermal EL Long term Dermal EL Long term Inhalation EL Short term Inhalation EL Short term Inhalation EL Short term Inhalation EL Long term Dermal EL Short term Inhalation EL Long term Dermal EL Long term Dermal EL Long term Dermal EL Long term Dermal EL Long term Inhalation EL Long term Dermal EL Long term Dermal EL Long term Inhalation EL Long term Dermal EL Long term Dermal	EL Long term Dermal Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation EL Short term Inhalation EL Short term Inhalation EL Long term Dermal EL Short term Inhalation EL Long term Dermal EL Short term Inhalation EL Long term Dermal EL Long term Inhalation EL Long term Dermal EL Long term Dermal EL Long term Inhalation EL Long term Dermal EL Long term Dermal EL Long term Inhalation EL Long term Dermal	EL Long term Dermal Long term Dermal Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation EL Short term Inhalation EL Short term Inhalation EL Long term Inhalation EL Long term Dermal EL Short term Inhalation EL Long term Dermal EL Long term

### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
propan-2-ol	Fresh water	140.9 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	140.9 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Secondary Poisoning	160 mg/kg	-
	Fresh water sediment	552 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	552 mg/kg dwt	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	2251 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Soil	28 mg/kg dwt	-
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	Fresh water	19 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	1.9 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment Plant	4168 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	70.2 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	7.02 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	2.74 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
toluene	Fresh water	0.68 mg/l	Sensitivity Distribution
	Marine water	0.68 mg/l	Sensitivity Distribution
	Sewage Treatment Plant		Sensitivity Distribution
	Fresh water sediment	16.39 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	16.39 mg/kg dwt	-

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Eye/face protection Skin protection : Chemical splash goggles.

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Gloves : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: nitrile rubber, butyl rubber

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3

**Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Not available.

Odour : Characteristic.

Odour threshold : Not available.

**Melting point/freezing point** : May start to solidify at the following temperature: 21.9°C (71.4°F) This is based on

data for the following ingredient: dimethyl succinate. Weighted average: -63.65°C

(-82.6°F)

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flammability (solid, gas)

i ammability (cond., gac)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 23% (tetraethyl silicate)

Flash point : Closed cup: 15.56°C (60°F)

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	207	404.6	EU A.15

**Decomposition temperature** 

pН : Not applicable.

Not applicable. insoluble in water.

**Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

Solubility in water : 33 g/l Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure : 3.8 kPa (28.2 mm Hg) **Evaporation rate** : 1.61 (butyl acetate = 1)

**Relative density** 

Vapour density : Highest known value: 7.22 (Air = 1) (tetraethyl silicate). Weighted average: 3.36

(Air = 1)

: The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of **Explosive properties** 

vapour or dust with air is possible.

**Oxidising properties** 

**Particle characteristics** 

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

Median particle size : Not applicable.

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: 10.5 Incompatible materials

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/

oxides

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
propan-2-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	72600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5045 mg/kg	-
4-chloro-α,α,α-	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	33080 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
trifluorotoluene	-		_	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13 g/kg	-
tetraethyl silicate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	10 to 16 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5.878 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6270 mg/kg	-
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	500 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	9.5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.23 g/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-
zinc chloride	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.35 g/kg	-
trimethoxy(methyl)silane	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>42.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>9500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11685 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

## **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
METCOTE 9VOC LIQUID	N/A	N/A	N/A	203.2	N/A
propan-2-ol	5045	12800	N/A	72.6	N/A
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	13000	N/A	N/A	33.08	N/A
tetraethyl silicate	6270	5878	N/A	11	N/A
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	5230	9500	N/A	N/A	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A
zinc chloride	350	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
trimethoxy(methyl)silane	11685	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## **Irritation/Corrosion**

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Skin
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Eyes
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
trimethoxy(methyl)silane	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising

## **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity** 

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
propan-2-ol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
tetraethyl silicate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
zinc chloride	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
toluene	Category 2	-	-

### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on likely routes**: Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation
 Skin contact
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Long term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: Not available.

enects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

General: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
propan-2-ol	Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	Acute EC50 1919 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
zinc chloride	Acute EC50 5.64 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Duckweed - Lemna minor	4 days
	Acute EC50 0.2 mg/l	Crustaceans	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.4 to 2.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 228.8 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Diatom - Phaeodactylum tricornutum - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Chronic EC10 58 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	21 days
trimethoxy(methyl)silane	Acute LC50 >110 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
toluene	-	-	Readily

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
propan-2-ol	0.05	-	Low
tetraethyl silicate	3.18	-	Low
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)	0.004	-	Low
propanol			
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Mobility : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Other adverse effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** 

: Within the present knowledge of the supplier, this product is not regarded as hazardous waste, as defined by EU Directive 2008/98/EC.

#### Waste catalogue

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 99	wastes not otherwise specified

## **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	Waste catalogue	
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging

### Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Marine pollutant Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. substances

#### **Additional information**

ADR/RID : None identified.

**Tunnel code** : (D/E)

**ADN** : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank

vessels

**IMDG** : None identified. : None identified. IATA

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk

according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture **UK (GB)/REACH**

## Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

### **Ozone depleting substances**

Not listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** : Not applicable.

on the manufacture. placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

## **Danger criteria**

Category

P<sub>5</sub>c

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

## Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

## **Full text of abbreviated H statements**

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Full text of classifications**

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

## **History**

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Prepared by : EHS Version : 1.01

### **Disclaimer**

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