# SAFETY DATA SHEET

**United Arab Emirates** 

#### Date of issue/Date of revision

: 18 August 2023

Version

: 4

SECTION 1: Identific undertaking	cation of the substance/mixture and of the company/
1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: AMERCOAT 450S BASE RAL 1028
Product code	: 00395580
Other means of identificat	ion
Not available.	
1.2 Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
1.3 Details of the supplier o	f the safety data sheet
Sigma Paint Saudi Arabia Lt PO Box 7509 Dammam 31472	d.
Saudi Arabia	
Tel: 00966 138 47 31 00 Fax: 00966 138 47 17 34	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: ndpic@sfda.gov.sa
1.4 Emergency telephone number	: 00966 138473100 extn 1001

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Fam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

# 2.2 Label elements **Hazard pictograms**

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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Mammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	Wear protective gloves. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	Collect spillage.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. P280, P210, P273, P391, P403 + P233, P501
Hazardous ingredients	<ul> <li>Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono(2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics</li> <li>Reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	Not applicable.
Special packaging requiren	<u>nts</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPv
Other hazards which do not result in classification	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Propenoic acid, 2-methyl- , methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono (2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	CAS: 37237-99-3	≥25 - ≤50	Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 CAS: 64742-95-6	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 20%	[1]
Reaction mass of bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate	REACH #: 01-2119491304-40 EC: 915-687-0 CAS: 1065336-91-5	≤1.0	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 2, H361 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Amines, C12-18-alkyldimethyl	REACH #: 01-2119485586-22 EC: 269-923-6 CAS: 68391-04-8	<0.10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/ kg M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid	d measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

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SECTION 4: First ai	d measures
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
4.2 Most important sympto	ms and effects, both acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	ects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skir reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any immed	diate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefigl	nting measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing : Do not use water jet. media

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain
	from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

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## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information i Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth an place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values					
parium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Notes: The value is for total dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica. TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction					
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).					
mesitylene	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [trimethyl benzene, isomers]</b> TWA: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.					
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.					
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.					

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Recommended monitoring procedures	<ul> <li>Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.</li> </ul>
8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measu	<u>res</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection Skin protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Odour threshold       : Not available.         Melting point/freezing point       : May start to solidify at the following temperature: -25.4°C (-13.7°F) This is data for the following ingredient: 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene. Weighted average (-72.4°F)         Initial boiling point and boiling range       : >37.78°C         Planmability       : Not available.         Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits       : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petr light aromatic)         Flash point       : Closed cup: 44°C         Auto-ignition temperature       : 22'((3.3'-dichtorone), 2-3-dimethylbenzene)         22':(3.3'-dichtorone)       : 22'(3.3'-dichtorone), 2-3-dimethylbenzene)         23':(3.3'-dichtorone)       : 22'(3.3'-dichtorone)         23':(3.3'-dichtorone)       : 22'(3.3'-dichtorone)         23':(3.3'-dichtorone)       : 22'(3.3'-dichtorone)         24':(3.3'-dichtorone)       : 22'(3.3'-dichtorone)         25':(3.3'-dichtorone)       : 22'(10.3'-dichtorone)         26':(3.3'-dichtorone)       : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section pH         10 so (JSD 6mm)       : Not applicable.         Solubility(ies)       :         Wedia       Result         cold water       Not soluble         Partition coefficient: n-octanol/       : Not applicable.         water	: Yellow.         : Aromatic. [Strong]         : Not available.         ing point         : May start to solidify at the following temperature: -25.4°C (-13.7°F) This is based i data for the following ingredient: 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene. Weighted average: -58°C (-72.4°F)         and       : >37.78°C         : Not available.       : Createst known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)         : Closed cup: 44°C       : Ingredient name       °C         : aperature       : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).         : Not applicable. insoluble in water.       : Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s         : > 100 s (ISO 6mm)       :         : tr -octanol/       : Not applicable.         : figredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°C         : Not applicable.       : Not soluble       : Not soluble         tt :n-octanol/       : Not applicable.       : ingredient name         : # (224 (mesitylene) compared with butyl acetate       : 1.45         : # (224 (mesitylene) compared with butyl acetate       : 1.45         : # (224 (mesitylene) compared with butyl acetate	Annoaranaa									
Colour       : Yellow.         Odour       : Aromatic. [Strong]         Odour threshold       : Not available.         Melting point/freezing point       : May start to solidify at the following temperature: -25.4°C (-13.7°F) This is data for the following ingredient: 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene. Weighted average (-72.4°F)         Initial boiling point and boiling range       : >37.78°C         Flammability       : Oreatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petr light aromatic)         Flash point       : Createst known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petr light aromatic)         Flash point       : Closed cup: 44°C         Auto-ignition temperature       : Method         vig/sid.3/closed/pibet/k/-(-choro-2.5-dmethopyhenyl)+4.4*       220       428         vig/sid.3/closed/pibet/k/-(-choro-2.5-dmethopyhenyl)+4.4*       220       428         Viscosity       : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section PH       : Not applicable. insoluble in water.         Viscosity       : > 100 s (ISO 6mm)       :       :         Solublity(res)       :       :       Not applicable.         Partition coefficient: n-octanol/       : Not applicable.       :         Water       :       Not applicable.       :         Vapour pressure       :       :       :       :	: Yellow:         : Aromatic. [Strong]         : Not available.         ing point       : May start to solidify at the following temperature: -25.4°C (-13.7°F) This is based data for the following ingredient: 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene. Weighted average: -58° (-72.4°F)         and       : >37.78°C         :       Not available.         ability or       : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)         :       Closed cup: 44°C         erature       :         :       Closed cup: 44°C         erature       :         :       Closed cup: 44°C         erature       :         :       Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).         :       Not applicable. insoluble in water.         :       Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s         :> > 100 s (ISO 6mm)       :         :       Not soluble         tt n-octanol/       : Not applicable.         :       :       Ingredient name mm Hg kPa Method mm kPa Method Hg motal data and method in the solution of an explosible wethod average 4.1 (Air = 1)         :       :       :         :       :       :			1 tau dal							
Odour: Aromatic. [Strong]Odour threshold: Not available.Melting point/freezing point: May start to solidify at the following ingredient: 1.2.3-trimethylbenzene. Weighted averation (-72.4*F)Initial boiling point and boiling range:>37.78°CFlammability: Not available.Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petr light aromatic)Flash point: Closed cup: 44°CAuto-Ignition temperature: Closed cup: 44°CAuto-Ignition temperature: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 2.2-4/emetrosphere).pH: Not available.viscosity: Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/sViscosity: Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/sViscosity: Vot available.viscosity: Not applicable.viscosity: Not applicable.vapour pressure: Ingredient nameingredient nameVapour Pressure at 20°CVapour pressure: Ingredient na	: Aromatic. [Strong] : Not available. ing point : May start to solidify at the following temperature: -25.4°C (-13.7°F) This is based data for the following ingredient: 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene. Weighted average: -58° (-72.4°F) and : Not available. ability or : Createst known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic) : Closed cup: 44°C erature : Ingredient name ?C ?F Method 2.2°(3,3°-dichlorof1,1°-biphenyl-4.4° 2.3°-dimethoryphenyl-4.4° 2.4°(3,3°-dichlorof1,1°-biphenyl-4.4° 2.5°-dimethosyphenyl : -3-oxobulyramide] nperature : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7). : Not applicable. insoluble in water. : Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm <sup>2</sup> /s : > 100 s (ISO 6mm) : Result Not soluble t: n-octanol/ : Not applicable. : : : : : : : : : : : : :			•							
Odour threshold: Not available.Meiting point/freezing point: May start to solidify at the following temperature: -25.4°C (-13.7°F) This is idat for the following ingredient: 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene. Weighted average (-72.4°F)Initial boiling point and boiling range: >37.78°CFlammability: Not available.Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petr light aromatic)Flam ability: Not available.Ingredient name°C22-(i3.3-dichloro(1,1'-biphenyl)4.4'- diylbis/azojbis/N44-chloro- 2.5-dimethoxybnerviy) -3-oxobutyramide]?2042822/(i3.3-dichloro(1,1'-biphenyl)4.4'- diylbis/azojbis/N44-chloro- 2.5-dimethoxybnerviy) -3-oxobutyramide]Decomposition temperature pH: Not applicable. insoluble in water.Viscosity: Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/sViscosity: Not applicable.Solubility(ies):MediaResultcoid waterNot solubleParition coefficient: n-octanol/ water: Not applicable.Vapour pressure:Ingredient nameVapour Pressure at 20°CVapour pressure::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	: Not available.         ing point         : May start to solidify at the following temperature: -25.4°C (-13.7°F) This is based data for the following ingredient: 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene. Weighted average: -58° (-72.4°F)         and       : >37.78°C         : Not available.         ability or       : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)         : Closed cup: 44°C         erature       : [Ingredient name * C * F * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *										
Melting point/freezing point <ul> <li>May start to solidify at the following temperature: -25.4°C (-13.7°F) This is data for the following ingredient: 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene. Weighted averation (-72.4°F)</li> <li>Soliding range</li> <li>Soliding range</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</li> <li>Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petrilight aromatic)</li> </ul> <li>Flash point</li> <li>Closed cup: 44°C</li> <li>Auto-ignition temperature</li> <li>Closed cup: 44°C</li> <li>Auto-ignition temperature</li> <li>Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section -3-oxobulyramide)</li> <li>Not applicable, insoluble in water.</li> <li>Viscosity</li> <li>Not applicable, insoluble in water.</li> <li>Viscosity</li> <li>Viscosity</li> <li>Viscosity</li> <li>Not soluble</li> <li>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/</li> <li>Not applicable.</li> <li>Vapour pressure at 20°C Vapour pressure at 20°C Vapour pressure at 20°C Vapour pressure informatics</li> <li>Ingredient name Ming kPa Method mm kPa I</li> <li>Widrocarbons, C9, 1.5 0.2</li> <li>Ingredient at 1.45</li> <li>Vapour density</li> <li>I, 41-5</li> <li>Vapour density</li> <li>I, 41-5</li> <li>Vapour density</li> <li>I, 41-5</li> <li>Vapour density</li> <li>The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixt vapour or dust with air is possible.</li> <li>Oxo</li>	ing point       : May start to solidify at the following temperature: -25.4°C (-13.7°F) This is based data for the following ingredient: 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene. Weighted average: -58° (-72.4°F)         and       : >37.78°C         :       Not available.         ability or       : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)         :       : Closed cup: 44°C         erature       :         :       : <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>										
data for the following ingredient: 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene. Weighted average (-72.4°F)         Initial boiling point and boiling range       : >37.78°C         Flammability       : Not available.         Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits       : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petr light aromatic)         Flash point       : Closed cup: 44°C         Auto-ignition temperature       : Ingredient name       °C       °F       Method         2,2*(13,3*dichloro[1,1*biphenyl]4,4*-       220       428       data for the following in water.         2,3-dinetbroxphenyl)       : Not applicable. insoluble in water.       : Not applicable. insoluble in water.         Viscosity       : Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s       : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section to applicable. insoluble in water.         Viscosity       : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section Not applicable. insoluble in water.         Solubility(ies)       :         Media       Result         cold water       Not soluble         Partition coefficient: n-octanol/       : Not applicable.         water Vapour pressure       :         Wapour pressure       :         Ungredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure         Vapour pressure       :       <	data for the following ingredient: 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene. Weighted average: -58° (-72.4°F)         and       : >37.78°C         :       Not available.         ability or       : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)         :       Closed cup: 44°C         erature       :         :       Ingredient name       °C         :       2.2-((3.3°-dichloro(1,1°-biphenyl)-4.4°-(20)       428         :       2.3-dichloro(1,1°-biphenyl)-4.4°-(20)       428         :       2.5-dimethoxyphenyl)       :         :       3-oxobutyramide)       :         :       3-oxobutyramide)       :         :       :       Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).         :       Not applicable. insoluble in water.         :       Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s         :       > 100 s (ISO 6mm)         :       Ingredient name         mm Hg kPa       Method         ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         :       Ingredient name       mm Hg kPa       Method         if wide average       :       :       :         :       :       0:2       :										
boiling range       Fiammability       : Not available.         Flammability       : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petr light aromatic)         Flash point       : Closed cup: 44°C         Auto-ignition temperature       : Ingredient name       °C       °F       Method         2.2-{(G.3,*-dichloro[1,1,*-biphenyl]-4,4'- diylbis[az0][bis[N-4,4-chloro- 2.2-dineth0xyphenyl]       220       428       428         Decomposition temperature       : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section pH       : Not applicable, insoluble in water.         Viscosity       : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section pH       : Not applicable, insoluble in water.         Viscosity       : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section pH       : Not applicable.         Viscosity       : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section pH       : Not applicable.         Viscosity       : Viscosity       : Not applicable.         Viscosity       : > 100 s (ISO 6mm)	: Not available.         ability or       : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)         : Closed cup: 44°C         erature       : Ingredient name       °C       °F       Method         .2.*(3.3*-dichloro[1,1*-biphenyl]-4,4*-       220       428       428         adviluity of 2.5-difference       2.4(3.3*-dichloro[1,1*-biphenyl]-4,4*-       220       428         adviluity of 2.5-difference       2.4(3.3*-dichloro[1,1*-biphenyl]-4,4*-       220       428         adviluity of 2.5-difference       2.5(3.3*-dichloro[1,1*-biphenyl]-4,4*-       220       428         adviluity of 2.5-difference       Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).         https://docalbolity.2.5-difference       Not applicable.       100 s (ISO 6mm)         :       Not soluble       .       .         t: n-octanol/       : Not applicable.       .         :       Ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapou	Melting point/freezing point		data for the following		•	•	· ·	,		
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits       : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petr light aromatic)         Flash point       : Closed cup: 44°C         Auto-ignition temperature       : Ingredient name       °C       °F       Method         2.2*(13.3*dichlorof1.1*biphenyl)=4.4*       220       428       428       428         Juppis (2.3*dichlorof.1.1*biphenyl)=4.4*       220       428       428       428         Decomposition temperature       : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 2.5-dimethoxyphenyl)       : 3-oxobutyramide]       2.5*dimethoxyphenyl)         -3-oxobutyramide]       : Not applicable. insoluble in water.       Viscosity       : Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s         Viscosity       : Xinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s       :       Viscosity       : > 100 s (ISO 6mm)         Solubility(ies)       :       :       Not soluble       :       :         Partition coefficient: n-octanol/       : Not applicable.       :       :       :       :         Vapour pressure       :       :       :       :       :       :       :         Partition coefficient: n-octanol/       : Not applicable.       :       :       :       :       :       :       :       :       :       :	ability or       : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)         : Closed cup: 44°C         erature       : Ingredient name       °C       °F       Method         .2.'-(7.3.3-dichlorof1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-       220       428       428         diylbilisacu)bisN(-4c-hloro-2,5-dimethoxybenyl)       -3-oxobutyramide]       20       428         nperature       : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).       : Not applicable. insoluble in water.         : Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s       :> 100 s (ISO 6mm)       :         :       Not soluble		:	>37.78°C							
explosive limits       light aromatic)         Flash point       :       Closed cup: 44°C         Auto-ignition temperature       :       Ingredient name       °C       °F       Method         2.2-r(3.3°-dichoro(1,1°-biphenyl)-4.4°       220       428       428       428         divibing action temperature       :       Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 2.5-dimethoxyphenyl)	ight aromatic)       :       Closed cup: 44°C         erature       :       Ingredient name       °C       °F       Method         2,2-[[3,3'-dichloro[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-       220       428       428         diylbis(acc)[bis[N-(4-chloro- 2,3-odimethoxyphenyl]       20       428       428         nperature       :       Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).         :       Not applicable, insoluble in water.       :       Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s         :       > 100 s (ISO 6mm)       :       .         :       Result       Not soluble       .         Not soluble       .       .       .         t: n-octanol/       :       Not applicable.       .         :       .       .       .       .         .       .       .       .       .       .         .       .       .       .       .       .       .         .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .         .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .         .       .       .       .       .       .	Flammability	:	Not available.							
Auto-ignition temperature       ingredient name       °C       °F       Method         2.2-f(3,3-dichloro[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-       220       428       428         div/jbis(azo)[bis[N-(4,chloro- 2,5-doubutyramide]       220       428       428         Decomposition temperature       :       Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section PH       :         Decomposition temperature       :       Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section PH       :         Viscosity       :       Not applicable. insoluble in water.       :       :         Viscosity       :       > 100 s (ISO 6mm)       :       :         Solubility(ies)       :       .       .       .       .         Media       Result       .       .       .       .         Cold water       Not soluble       .       .       .       .         Partition coefficient: n-octanol/       :       Not applicable.       .       .       .         water       :       .	erature       Ingredient name       °C       °F       Method         2.2-((3.3'-dichloro[1,1'-biphenyl]-4.4'- div(bis(az)[bis[N-(4-chloro- 2.3-dimethoxyphenyl)       220       428         absolution       2.5-dimethoxyphenyl)       20       428         absolution       Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).         Not applicable. insoluble in water.       Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s         :       > 100 s (ISO 6mm)         :       Not soluble         t:       nor cotanol/         :       Not applicable.         :       Ingredient name         Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         ingredient name       Vapour pr		:		ge: Lower:	1.4%	Upper: 7.6	% (Solvent	naphtha (p	etroleum),	
2.2*[(3.3*:dichloro[1,1*:biphenyl]-4,4*:       220       428       1         2.2.*[(3.3*:dichloro[1,1*:biphenyl]-4,4*:       220       428       1         2.2.*[(3.3*:dichloro[1,1*:biphenyl]-4,4*:       220       428       1         Decomposition temperature       :       Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 2.5:dimethoxyphenyl)         -3-oxobutyramide]       :       Not applicable. insoluble in water.         Viscosity       :       Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s         Viscosity       :       > 100 s (ISO 6mm)         Solubility(ies)       :	Important Provide the second state of the second state	Flash point	:	Closed cup: 44°C							
2.2-[(3,3'-dichloro[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'- divylbis(azo)[bis[N-(4-chloro- 2.5-oxobutyramide]       220       428         Decomposition temperature pH       : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section pH       : Not applicable. insoluble in water.         Viscosity       : Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s         Viscosity       : Vinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s         Viscosity       : > 100 s (ISO 6mm)         Solubility(ies)       :         Media       Result         cold water       Not soluble         Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ vapour pressure       : Not applicable.         Wapour pressure       :         ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure Hg         Wigdrocarbons, C9, aromatics       1.5       0.2       u       u         Evaporation rate Relative density       : 1.45       224 (mesitylene) compared with butyl acetate         Relative density       : 1.45       : Ingredient is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixt vapour or dust with air is possible.         Oxidising properties       : Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.	2.2*(13.3*-dichloro[1,1*-biphenyl]-4,4*- div[bis(azc)]bis[N-(4-chloro- 2.5-dimethoxyphenyl)       220       428         anperature       :       Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).         :       Not applicable. insoluble in water.         :       Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s         :       > 100 s (ISO 6mm)         :       Result         Not soluble         tt: n-octanol/       :         Not soluble         tt: n-octanol/       :         Not applicable.         :       Ingredient name         Wapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         ingredient name       Vapour pressure at 20°C       Vapour pres	Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name		°C	°	F	Method		
pH       : Not applicable. insoluble in water.         Viscosity       : Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s         Viscosity       : > 100 s (ISO 6mm)         Solubility(ies)       :         Media       Result         cold water       Not soluble         Partition coefficient: n-octanol/       : Not applicable.         water       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure         vapour pressure       :       Ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure         Fydrocarbons, C9, aromatics       1.5       0.2       u       u       u         Evaporation rate       :       0.224 (mesitylene) compared with butyl acetate       testate       testate         Relative density       :       1.45       .45       .41 (Air = 1) (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted at 4.1 (Air = 1)         Explosive properties       :       The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixt vapour or dust with air is possible.         Oxidising properties       :       Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.	<ul> <li>Not applicable. insoluble in water.</li> <li>Kinematic (40°C): &gt;21 mm²/s</li> <li>&gt; 100 s (ISO 6mm)</li> <li>Result</li> <li>Not soluble</li> <li>t: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.</li> <li>Ingredient name Vapour Pressure at 20°C Vapour pressure at 50° mm Hg kPa Method mm kPa Method</li> <li>Fodrocarbons, C9, 1.5 0.2</li> <li>if 0.224 (mesitylene) compared with butyl acetate</li> <li>1.45</li> <li>fighest known value: 4.1 (Air = 1) (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average 4.1 (Air = 1)</li> <li>The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible.</li> <li>Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.</li> <li>ics</li> <li>Not applicable.</li> </ul>			2,2'-[(3,3'-dichloro[1,1'-bi diyl)bis(azo)]bis[N-(4-chl 2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)		220	42	8			
pH       : Not applicable. insoluble in water.         Viscosity       : Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s         Viscosity       : > 100 s (ISO 6mm)         Solubility(ies)       :         Media       Result         cold water       Not soluble         Partition coefficient: n-octanol/       : Not applicable.         water       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure         vapour pressure       :       Ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure         Wdrocarbons, C9, aromatics       1.5       0.2       u       u       u         Wdrocarbons, C9, aromatics       i.5       0.2       u       u       u         Evaporation rate       : 0.224 (mesitylene) compared with butyl acetate       :       1.45         Vapour density       : 1.45       :       :       :       :         Vapour density       : 1.45       :       :       :       :       :         Explosive properties       : The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixt vapour or dust with air is possible.       :       Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.         Oxidising properties       : Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.       :       :       : <td><ul> <li>Not applicable. insoluble in water.</li> <li>Kinematic (40°C): &gt;21 mm²/s</li> <li>&gt; 100 s (ISO 6mm)</li> <li>Result</li> <li>Not soluble</li> <li>t: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.</li> <li>Ingredient name Vapour Pressure at 20°C Vapour pressure at 50° mm Hg kPa Method mm kPa Method</li> <li>Fodrocarbons, C9, 1.5 0.2</li> <li>if 0.224 (mesitylene) compared with butyl acetate</li> <li>1.45</li> <li>fighest known value: 4.1 (Air = 1) (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average 4.1 (Air = 1)</li> <li>The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible.</li> <li>Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.</li> <li>ics</li> <li>Not applicable.</li> </ul></td> <td>Decomposition temperature</td> <td></td> <td>Stable under recomr</td> <td>nended st</td> <td>orage a</td> <td>and handlin</td> <td>a conditior</td> <td>is (see Sec</td> <td>tion 7).</td>	<ul> <li>Not applicable. insoluble in water.</li> <li>Kinematic (40°C): &gt;21 mm²/s</li> <li>&gt; 100 s (ISO 6mm)</li> <li>Result</li> <li>Not soluble</li> <li>t: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.</li> <li>Ingredient name Vapour Pressure at 20°C Vapour pressure at 50° mm Hg kPa Method mm kPa Method</li> <li>Fodrocarbons, C9, 1.5 0.2</li> <li>if 0.224 (mesitylene) compared with butyl acetate</li> <li>1.45</li> <li>fighest known value: 4.1 (Air = 1) (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average 4.1 (Air = 1)</li> <li>The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible.</li> <li>Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.</li> <li>ics</li> <li>Not applicable.</li> </ul>	Decomposition temperature		Stable under recomr	nended st	orage a	and handlin	a conditior	is (see Sec	tion 7).	
Viscosity       :       Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s         Viscosity       :       > 100 s (ISO 6mm)         Solubility(ies)       :	:       Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s         :       > 100 s (ISO 6mm)         :       Not soluble         t: n-octanol/       :         Ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         ingredient name       Method       mm       kPa         Wethod       Hg       Nethod       Hg         Wethod       Hg       Nethod       Hg         :       0.2       1.5       0.2         :       :       :       :         :       :       :       :         :       :       :       :         :       :       :       :         :       :       :       :         :       :       :       :         :       :       :       :         :       :       :       :         :       :       :       :         :       :       :       :         :       :       :       :         :       :       :       :         :       :       :       :         :       :       :       :					-		0	,	/	
Solubility(ies)       :         Media       Result         cold water       Not soluble         Partition coefficient: n-octanol/       : Not applicable.         water       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure         Vapour pressure       :       Ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure         Vapour pressure       :       Ingredient name       Wapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure         Evaporation rate       :       0.2       Immedia       Immedia         Evaporation rate       :       0.224 (mesitylene) compared with butyl acetate         Relative density       :       1.45         Vapour density       :       Fighest known value: 4.1 (Air = 1) (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted a 4.1 (Air = 1)         Explosive properties       :       The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixt vapour or dust with air is possible.         Oxidising properties       :       Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.	Result         Not soluble         t: n-octanol/       Not applicable.         :       Ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         ingredient name       mm Hg kPa       Method       mm kPa       Method         ingredient name       0.2       ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         ingredient name       mm Hg kPa       Method       mm kPa       Method         ingredient name       ingredient name       0.2       ingredient name       Method         ingredient name       ingredient name       ingredient name       Method       Hg         ingredient name <t< td=""><td>Viscosity</td><td></td><td>••</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Viscosity		••							
Media       Result         cold water       Not soluble         Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ :       Not applicable.         water       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure         Vapour pressure       :       Ingredient name       Wapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure         Wapour pressure       :       Ingredient name       Wapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure         Wapour pressure       :       Ingredient name       Method       mm       kPa       Ingredient name         Wapour pressure       :       :       Method       mm       kPa       Ingredient name       Ingredient name       Ingredient name       Method       mm       kPa       Ingredient name       In	Not soluble         t: n-octanol/       Not applicable.         Ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         Imgredient name       Mathin       Method       mm       kPa       Method         Wydrocarbons, C9, aromatics       1.5       0.2       Imgredient       Method       mm       kPa       Method         Wydrocarbons, C9, aromatics       1.5       0.2       Imgredient       Imgredient       Method	Viscosity	. :	> 100 s (ISO 6mm)							
cold water       Not soluble         Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ :       Not applicable.         water       Vapour pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure         Vapour pressure       :       Ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure         Vapour pressure       :       Ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure         Evaporation rate       :       .       Image: Compared with butyl acetate       .         Evaporation rate       :       .       .       0.2       .       .         Evaporation rate       :       .        .        . </td <td>Not soluble         t: n-octanol/       Not applicable.         Ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         Imgredient name       Mathin       Method       mm       kPa       Method         Wydrocarbons, C9, aromatics       1.5       0.2       Imgredient       Method       mm       kPa       Method         Wydrocarbons, C9, aromatics       1.5       0.2       Imgredient       Imgredient       Method       Method</td> <td>Solubility(ies)</td> <td>:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Not soluble         t: n-octanol/       Not applicable.         Ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         Imgredient name       Mathin       Method       mm       kPa       Method         Wydrocarbons, C9, aromatics       1.5       0.2       Imgredient       Method       mm       kPa       Method         Wydrocarbons, C9, aromatics       1.5       0.2       Imgredient       Imgredient       Method	Solubility(ies)	:								
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water       Not applicable.         Vapour pressure       Ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure         Ingredient name       Ingredient name       Ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure         Evaporation rate       Imgredient name       Imgredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure         Evaporation rate       Imgredient name       Imgredient name       Imgredient name       Imgredient name       Imgredient name         Evaporation rate       Imgredient name       Imgredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure         Evaporation rate       Imgredient name       Imgredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure         Evaporation rate       Imgredient name       Imgredient name       Imgredient name       Vapour at 20°C       Vapour pressure         Evaporation rate       Imgredient name       Imgredient name       Imgredient name       Vapour at 20°C       Vapour at 20°C       Vapour at 20°C         Evaporation rate       Imgredient name       Imgredient name       Imgredient name       Vapour at 20°C       Vapour at 20°C <td>t: n-octanol/       : Not applicable.         :       Ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         mm Hg       kPa       Method       mm       kPa       Method         if ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics       1.5       0.2       aromatics       indicate and the second and</td> <td>Media</td> <td></td> <td>Result</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	t: n-octanol/       : Not applicable.         :       Ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20°C       Vapour pressure at 50°         mm Hg       kPa       Method       mm       kPa       Method         if ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics       1.5       0.2       aromatics       indicate and the second and	Media		Result							
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Ingredient nameTopout Procession of the original processionIngredient name $mm$ Hg $kPa$ Method $mm$ Market Mark	Ingredient name       Vapour Pressure at 20 C       Vapour pressure at 30 C         mm Hg       kPa       Method       mm       kPa       Method         Work       With the state       1.5       0.2       1.5       0.2         aromatics       0.2       1.5       0.2       1.5       0.2         With the state       1.45       0.2       1.45       1.45         With the state       1.45       1.45       1.45         With the state       1.45       1.45       1.45         With the state       1.10       1.2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average 4.1 (Air = 1)         With the state       1.45       1.45       1.45         With the state       1.10       1.2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average 4.1 (Air = 1)         With the state       1.10       1.2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average 4.1 (Air = 1)         With the state       1.10       1.10		I/ :	Not applicable.							
Image: Constraint of the second structureImage: Constraint of the second structureImage: Constraint of the second structureEvaporation rateImage: Constraint of the second structureImage: Constraint of the second structureImage: Constraint of the second structureEvaporation rateImage: Constraint of the second structureImage: Constraint of the second structureImage: Constraint of the second structureEvaporation rateImage: Constraint of the second structureImage: Constraint of the second structureImage: Constraint of the second structureRelative densityImage: Constraint of the second structureImage: Constraint of the second structureImage: Constraint of the second structureVapour densityImage: Constraint of the second structureImage: Constraint of the second structureImage: Constraint of the second structureVapour densityImage: Constraint of the second structureImage: Constraint of the second structureImage: Constraint of the second structureVapour densityImage: Constraint of the second structureImage: Constraint of the second structureImage: Constraint of the second structureVapour of dust with air is possible.Image: Constraint of the second structureImage: Constraint of the second structureOxidising propertiesImage: Constraint of the second structureImage: Constraint of the second structurearticle characteristicsImage: Constraint of the second structureImage: Constraint of the second structure<	Imm Hg       kPa       Method       mm       kPa       Method         Indextrematics       1.5       0.2       1.5       0.2       1.5       0.2         Indextrematics       1.5       0.2       1.5       0.2       1.5       1.5       1.5         Indextrematics       1.5       0.2       1.5       1.5       1.5       1.5       1.5         Indextrematics       1.5       0.2       1.5       1.5       1.5       1.5       1.5         Indextrematics       1.45       1.45       1.45       1.45       1.45       1.45       1.1       1.2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average 4.1 (Air = 1)       1.2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average 4.1 (Air = 1)         Indextrematical Answer (Air = 1)       1.2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average 4.1 (Air = 1)       1.5       1.5         Indextrematical Answer (Air = 1)       1.1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average 4.1 (Air = 1)       1.1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average 4.1 (Air = 1)         Indextrematical Answer (Air = 1)       1.1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average 4.1 (Air = 1)       1.1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average 4.1 (Air = 1)         Indextrematical Answer (Air = 1)       1.1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average 4.1 (Air = 1)       1.1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average 4.1 (Air = 1)         Indextrematical Answ	Vapour pressure	:		Vapour Pressure at 20°C			°C Va	Vapour pressure at 50°		
Evaporation rate       : 0.224 (mesitylene) compared with butyl acetate         Relative density       : 1.45         Vapour density       : 1.45         Explosive properties       : 1.45         Oxidising properties       : The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixt vapour or dust with air is possible.         Oxidising properties       : Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.	<ul> <li>aromatics</li> <li>224 (mesitylene) compared with butyl acetate</li> <li>1.45</li> <li>Fighest known value: 4.1 (Air = 1) (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average 4.1 (Air = 1)</li> <li>The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible.</li> <li>Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.</li> <li>Not applicable.</li> </ul>			Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method		kPa	Method	
Relative density       : 1.45         Vapour density       : Fighest known value: 4.1 (Air = 1) (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted a 4.1 (Air = 1)         Explosive properties       : The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixt vapour or dust with air is possible.         Oxidising properties       : Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.	<ul> <li>1.45</li> <li>Fighest known value: 4.1 (Air = 1) (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average 4.1 (Air = 1)</li> <li>The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible.</li> <li>Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.</li> <li>Not applicable.</li> </ul>				1.5	0.2					
Vapour density       : Fighest known value: 4.1 (Air = 1) (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted a 4.1 (Air = 1)         Explosive properties       : The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixt vapour or dust with air is possible.         Oxidising properties       : Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.	<ul> <li>Fighest known value: 4.1 (Air = 1) (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average 4.1 (Air = 1)</li> <li>The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible.</li> <li>Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.</li> <li>Not applicable.</li> </ul>		1	224 (mesitylene) c	ompared	vith but	yl acetate				
<b>Explosive properties</b> 4.1 (Air = 1) <b>Explosive properties</b> The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixt vapour or dust with air is possible. <b>Oxidising properties</b> Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.	<ul> <li>4.1 (Air = 1)</li> <li>The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible.</li> <li>Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.</li> <li>ics</li> <li>e : Not applicable.</li> </ul>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
vapour or dust with air is possible.Oxidising propertiesarticle characteristics	<ul> <li>vapour or dust with air is possible.</li> <li>Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.</li> <li>ics</li> <li>e : Not applicable.</li> </ul>			✓ighest known value: 4.1 (Air = 1) (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average: 4.1 (Air = 1)							
article characteristics	e : Not applicable.	Explosive properties									
Next sectors and the sector of the sector black and			:	Product does not pre	esent an o	xidizing	hazard.				
Median particle size : Not applicable.	n	Median particle size	:	Not applicable.							

No additional information.

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## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/ oxides

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### **11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono (2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat - Female	>3160 mg/kg 3492 mg/kg	-
Reaction mass of bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>3170 mg/kg	-
··,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,,-,,-,,-,,-,,-,,-,,-,	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	3230 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

#### Conclusion/Summary

Skin

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Eyes

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, ethenylbenzene, 1,2-propanediol mono(2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid	skin	Mouse	Sensitising

#### Conclusion/Summary

Skin

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Reproductive toxicity				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Teratogenicity				
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)				

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
₩ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name		Result	
₩ydrocarbons, C9, aromat	ics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Information on likely routes of exposure	: Not available.		
Potential acute health effe	<u>ects</u>		
Inhalation	: Zan cause central nervous system dizziness. May cause respiratory	n (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness irritation.	or
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system	n (CNS) depression.	
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause a reaction.	skin dryness and irritation. May cause an alle	ergic skin
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or cri	tical hazards.	
Symptoms related to the	physical, chemical and toxicological	characteristics	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	ne following:	
Ingestion	: No specific data.		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include th irritation redness dryness cracking	ne following:	
Eye contact	: No specific data.		
Delayed and immediate e	ffects as well as chronic effects from	<u>short and long-term exposure</u>	
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.		
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Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	: Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1	Endocrine	disrupting	properties
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Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
₩ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	EC50 3.2 mg/l LC50 9.2 mg/l	Daphnia Fish	48 hours 96 hours
Reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	EC50 1.68 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	LC50 0.9 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
₩ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics -		75 % - Readily - 28 days		-	-
Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photo	lysis	Biodegradability	
₩ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics		-	-		Readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Mines, C12-18-alkyldimethyl	2.4	-	Low

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

	Waste code	Waste designation
08	3 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Pac	kaging	

## Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)	
Container	15 01 06 mixed packaging	
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly	

drains and sewers.

internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	Ш	Ш
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene)	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

ADR/RID Tunnel code IMDG IATA	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. D/E) The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation	
14.6 Special pre user	<ul> <li>regulations.</li> <li>ions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.</li> </ul>	÷
14.7 Transport i	lk : Not applicable.	

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according to IMO instruments
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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

- 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>
  - Annex XIV List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other national and international regulations.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

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SECTION 15: Regul	
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.
SECTION 16: Other	information
Indicates information that	has changed from previously issued version.
Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number</li> </ul>
Full text of abbreviated H statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H302 Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</li> <li>H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H318 Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H335 May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.</li> <li>H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.</li> <li>H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> <li>H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> <li>EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.</li> </ul>
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	<ul> <li>Acute Tox. 4</li> <li>Aquatic Acute 1</li> <li>Aquatic Chronic 1</li> <li>Aquatic Chronic 2</li> <li>Asp. Tox. 1</li> <li>Eye Dam. 1</li> <li>Flam. Liq. 3</li> <li>Repr. 2</li> <li>Skin Sens. 1</li> <li>Skin Sens. 1A</li> <li>STOT SE 3</li> <li>ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4</li> <li>ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4</li> <li>SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1</li> <li>LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1</li> <li>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1</li> <li>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B</li> <li>SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1</li> <li>SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1</li> <li>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE</li> <li>EXPOSURE - Category 3</li> </ul>
<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 18 August 2023
Date of previous issue	: 30 March 2023
Prepared by	: EHS
Version	: 4
Disclaimer	

#### <u>Disclaimer</u>

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