SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 19 August 2023

Version 6.01

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : SIGMACOVER 630 BAS BLACK 8000
- : 153870L.20
- : Not available.
 - : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu Sumare / SP, Brasil 55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2

English (US)	Brazil	1/15

Section 2. Hazards identification			
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, spleen, brain, skin, bone marrow. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.		
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 45.8% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 79.2%		
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 66.4%		
GHS label elements			
Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Danger		
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 		
Precautionary statements			
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.		
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON		

INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off
contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON
CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or
rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with
water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

6.01

Section 2. Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F).

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
✓alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	20 - <30	14807-96-6
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	12.5 - <15	1675-54-3
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	12.5 - <15	14808-60-7
xylene	7 - <10	1330-20-7
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>7 - <10</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<>	7 - <10	25036-25-3
Phenol, methylstyrenated	7 - <10	68512-30-1
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	3 - <5	14808-60-7
benzyl alcohol	3 - <5	100-51-6
ethylbenzene	1 - <2	100-41-4
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1 - <2	78-83-1
carbon black	1 - <2	1333-86-4
4-nonylphenol, branched	1 - <2	84852-15-3
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, butylated	1 - <2	68002-19-7
Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched	0 - <0.1	91672-41-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
	English (US) Brazil 3/15

Section 4. First aid measures

Specific treatments	1	
		No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	÷	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	1	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	÷	Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, pre	otective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

English (US) Brazil	
---------------------	--

4/15

Code 153870L.20 Product name SIGM	Date of issue ACOVER 630 BAS BLACK 8000	19 August 2023	Version 6.0)1
Section 6. Acci	dental release measu	res		
For emergency respond	ers : If specialized clothing is requinformation in Section 8 on s information in "For non-emer	uitable and unsuitable materia		
	environmental pollution (sewe May be harmful to the enviror	erial and runoff and contact w e relevant authorities if the pro ers, waterways, soil or air). W nment if released in large quar	oduct has caused ater polluting material	
Methods and materials f	or containment and cleaning up			
Small spill	Alternatively, or if water-insolu	e containers from spill area. I nt. Dilute with water and mop uble, absorb with an inert dry r ontainer. Dispose of via a lice	up if water-soluble. naterial and place in a	
Large spill	sewers, water courses, baser effluent treatment plant or pro combustible, absorbent mate and place in container for dis Dispose of via a licensed was material may pose the same	e containers from spill area. I nt. Approach release from up nents or confined areas. Was oceed as follows. Contain and rial e.g. sand, earth, vermiculi cosal according to local regula ote disposal contractor. Conta hazard as the spilled product. on and Section 13 for waste di	wind. Prevent entry in sh spillages into an collect spillage with r te or diatomaceous ea ations (see Section 13 minated absorbent Note: see Section 1	into non- arth 3).

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Do not store above the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
		English (US) Brazil 5/1

1

6.01

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits					
Talc , not containing asbestife	orm fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).					
crystalline silica, respirable po	owder (>10 microns)	crystalline]	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Silica, crystalline]				
xylene		TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction Ministry of Labor and Employment (B 11/2001). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) TWA: 340 mg/m ³ 8 hours.					
crystalline silica, respirable po	owder (<10 microns)	TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [S crystalline] TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable	ilica,				
ethylbenzene		Ministry of Labor and Employment (B 11/2001).	razil,				
2-methylpropan-1-ol		TWA: 340 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Labor and Employment (B	razil.				
		11/2001). TWA: 115 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours.					
carbon black		Ministry of Labor and Employment (B 11/2001). TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	razil,				
Recommended monitoring procedures		appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to or methods for the determination of hazardous d.					
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineering contaminants below any recom also need to keep gas, vapor o	ion. Use process enclosures, local exhaust controls to keep worker exposure to airborne mended or statutory limits. The engineering cor r dust concentrations below any lower explosive tilation equipment					
 Environmental exposure controls limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. 							
ndividual protection measure	<u>es</u>						
Hygiene measures	before eating, smoking and us Appropriate techniques should Contaminated work clothing sh contaminated clothing before r showers are close to the works		thing. 1				
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles and	ace shield.					
		English (US) Brazil	6/15				

Version

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Date of issue

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Physical state Color Odor pH Melting point Boiling point	* * * *	Liquid. Not available. Not available. Not applicable. Not available.		
Color Odor pH Melting point	* * * *	Not available. Not available. Not applicable. Not available.		
Odor pH Melting point	: : : :	Not available. Not applicable. Not available.		
pH Melting point	::	Not applicable. Not available.		
Melting point	:	Not available.		
	:			
Boiling point				
	1.1	>37.78°C (>100°F)		
Flash point	1.1	Closed cup: 34.6°C (94	.3°F)	
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.		
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.		
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.		
Vapor density	:	Not available.		
Relative density	:	1.42		
		Media	Result	
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water	Not soluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.		

English (US)

Brazil

Code	153870L.20	Date of issue	19 August 2023	Version	6.01
Product nam	e SIGMACOVER 6	30 BAS BLACK 8000			

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Decomposition temperature	4	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Viscosity	3	> 100 s (ISO 6mm)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materia carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
øís-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	23000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
2	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw <=1100)</mw 	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Phenol, methylstyrenated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>4178 mg/m ³	4 hours
5	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.23 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
carbon black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product name

Section 11. Toxicological information

				<u>.</u>			•	
Product/ingredient name	Result		Species	Scor	e	Exposure	Observation	
s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)	Eyes - Mild	l irritant	Rabbit	-		24 hours	-	
	Eyes - Red conjunctiva		he Rabbit	0.4		24 hours	-	
	Skin - Eder		Rabbit	0.5		4 hours	-	
	Skin - Erytl			0.8		4 hours	-	
	Skin - Mild		Rabbit	-		4 hours	-	
xylene	Skin - Mod	erate irrit	ant Rabbit	-		24 hours 500	-	
4-nonylphenol, branched	Skin - Erytl	nema/Eso	char Rabbit	4		mg -	-	
Conclusion/Summary			ŀ					
Skin	: There ar	e no data	a available on the	mixture itse	elf.			
Eyes	: There ar	e no data	a available on the	mixture itse	elf.			
Respiratory	: There ar	e no data	a available on the	mixture itse	elf.			
Sensitization								
Product/ingredient name	Route of	S	pecies		Resu	lt		
3	exposure							
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)	skin	N	louse		Sensi	tizina		
phenyl]propane						5		
Conclusion/Summary	4	•						
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
Respiratory	: There ar	e no data	a available on the	mixture itse	elf.			
Mutagenicity								
Not available.								
Conclusion/Summary	• There ar	e no data	a available on the	mixture itse	۱f			
Carcinogenicity	, more a	o no date						
Not available.								
Not available.								
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no data	a available on the	mixture itse	elf.			
Classification								
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP					
▶ís-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)	-	3	-					
phenyl]propane				L				
crystalline silica, respirable	-	1	Known to be a	numan car	cinoger	1.		
powder (>10 microns) xylene	_	3						
crystalline silica, respirable	-	1	- Known to be a	human car	cinoaer	۱.		
powder (<10 microns)								
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-					
carbon black	-	2B	-					

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

19 August 2023

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 1	inhalation	-
	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, spleen, brain, skin, bone marrow. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

IRATION HAZARD - Category 1 IRATION HAZARD - Category 2 IRATION HAZARD - Category 1 IRATION HAZARD - Category 2
I

Information on the likely routes of exposure	1	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

English (US)	Brazil
	,	

Date of issue

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon blacks contain trace guantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be released in biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for biological activity. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal

Section 11. Toxicological information

	routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMACOVER 630 BAS BLACK 8000	5435.2	3329.7	N/A	20.9	2.0
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15000	23000	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<>	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phenol, methylstyrenated	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1230	2000	N/A	N/A	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
4-nonylphenol, branched	1300	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

English (US)

Brazil

.20 Date of issue SIGMACOVER 630 BAS BLACK 8000

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
4-nonylphenol, branched	Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l	Crustaceans - Moina macrocopa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched	Acute LC50 0.017 mg/l	Fish - Pleuronectes americanus	96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
e thylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	adily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life)	Photolysis		Biodeg	gradability
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	-		-		Not rea	
xylene benzyl alcohol ethylbenzene	-		- - -		Readily Readily Readily	/

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3.627	-	Low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
4-nonylphenol, branched	5.4	251.19	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product

English (US)	Brazil	13/1

13/15

Section 13. Disposal considerations

residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΑΤΑΙ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane, 4-nonylphenol, branched)	Not applicable.

Additional information

IATA : The enviro		ne pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. ronmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation	
Special precauti	regulation	 Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. 	
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments		: Not applicable.	
Section 15	5. Regula	tory information	
Safety, health an		: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product	

environmental regulations specific for the product

(including its ingredients).

6.01

Date of issue

Toduct hame SIG

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of previous issue	: 5/18/2021
Version	: 6.01
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

Brazil