# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue	19 August 2023
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Version 7

### Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name	1
Product code	1
Other means of identification	1
Product type	:

### AMERCOAT 235 BUFF 235B1642 RESIN

AT235-1

: Not available.

Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason	
Not applicable.		

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)</li> </ul>
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: 🗾 AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

English (US) Colombia
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Section 2. Hazards	s identification
Target organs	<ul> <li>Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).</li> <li>Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, liver, peripheral nervous system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea.</li> </ul>
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 41%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Mammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>May cause cancer.</li> <li>Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.</li> <li>Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	
alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	30 - <60	14807-96-6	
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15 - <20	1675-54-3	
Mica-group minerals	5 - <7	12001-26-2	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	5 - <7	64742-95-6	
butan-1-ol	5 - <7	71-36-3	
titanium dioxide	5 - <7	13463-67-7	
Polyisocyanate, Alkyl Phenol Blocked	3 - <5	SUB104447	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3 - <5	95-63-6	
Epoxy Resin (MW<=700)	2 - <3	67924-34-9	
heptan-2-one	1 - <2	110-43-0	
4-nonylphenol, branched	0.1 - <0.2	84852-15-3	
cumene	0.1 - <0.2	98-82-8	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fir	st aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large</li> <li>quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.</li> </ul>
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health offect	

#### Potential acute health effects

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# Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides Cyanate and isocyanate. hydrogen cyanide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	•	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools Small spill and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits		
▼alc , not containing asbestife	orm fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).		
Mica-group minerals		TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).</b> TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable		
butan-1-ol		fraction ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.		
titanium dioxide		<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).</b> TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles		
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.		
heptan-2-one		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 233 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.		
Recommended monitoring procedures		o appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to for methods for the determination of hazardous red.		
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineerin contaminants below any reco	lation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ng controls to keep worker exposure to airborne ommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls or dust concentrations below any lower explosive entilation equipment.		
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or they comply with the requirer cases, fume scrubbers, filters	work process equipment should be checked to ensur- nents of environmental protection legislation. In some s or engineering modifications to the process to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
ndividual protection measur	<u>es</u>			
Hygiene measures	before eating, smoking and u Appropriate techniques shou Contaminated work clothing s	ace thoroughly after handling chemical products, using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Id be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety kstation location.		
Eye protection <u>Skin protection</u>	: Chemical splash goggles and	d face shield.		
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.			

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	• •
Body protection Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.</li> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be</li> </ul>
other skin protection	selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance							
Physical state	4	iquid.					
Color	4	lot available.					
Odor	4	ot available.					
рН	4	t applicable.					
Melting point	4	Not available.					
Boiling point	4	>37.78°C (>100°F)					
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 36.67°C (98°F)					
Evaporation rate	1	0.35 (butyl acetate = 1)					
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.					
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Lower: 1%					
Vapor pressure	4	).8 kPa (6 mm Hg)					
Vapor density	4	Not available.					
Relative density	1	1.42					
Solubility(ies)		Media Result					
Usidbinty(ics)	ľ	cold water Not soluble					
Water Solubility at room temperature	:	0.5 g/l					
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.					
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.					
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.					
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)					

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials		Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: Cyanate and isocyanate. carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds hydrogen cyanide metal oxide/oxides

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
pis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	23000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
heptan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10.206 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.6 g/kg	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2260 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Score	e	Exposure	Observation
ofs-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) henyl]propane	Eyes - Mild	irritant		Rabbit	-		24 hours	-
	Eyes - Red conjunctiva		ie	Rabbit	0.4		24 hours	-
	Skin - Eder			Rabbit	0.5		4 hours	_
	Skin - Eryth		har	Rabbit	0.8		4 hours	-
	Skin - Mild	irritant		Rabbit	-		4 hours	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	Skin - Eryth	nema/Esc	har	Rabbit	4		-	-
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin	: There ar	e no data	availal	ole on the mi	xture itse	lf.		
Eyes	: There ar	e no data	availal	ole on the mi	xture itse	lf.		
Respiratory	: There ar	e no data	availal	ole on the mi	xture itse	lf.		
Sensitization								
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Sp	oecies			Resu	ilt	
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	skin	М	ouse			Sens	itizing	
Conclusion/Summary		•						
Skin	: There ar	e no data	availal	ole on the mi	xture itse	lf.		
Respiratory	<ul> <li>There are no data available on the mixture itself.</li> <li>There are no data available on the mixture itself.</li> </ul>							
<u>Mutagenicity</u>								
Not available.								
Conclusion/Summary	I here ar	e no data	availal	ole on the mi	xture itse	lt.		
Carcinogenicity								
Not available.								
Conclusion/Summary Classification	: There ar	e no data	availal	ole on the mi	xture itse	lf.		
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP					
s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)	-	3	-					
phenyl]propane								
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-		in stad to	h		
cumene	-	2B	Reas	sonably antic	ipaled to	be a r	uman carcino	igen.
Carcinogen Classification of	code:							
IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be OSHA: + Not listed/not regula	a human carci	nogen; Rea	sonably	anticipated to	be a huma	n carcii	nogen	
Reproductive toxicity								
Not available.								
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no data	availal	ole on the mi	xture itse	lf.		
Teratogenicity								

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)** 

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Polyisocyanate, Alkyl Phenol Blocked	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
heptan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	•••	Route of exposure	Target organs
cumene	Category 2	-	-

#### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, liver, peripheral nervous system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

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Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
heptan-2-one	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

nformation on the likely	: Not available.
outes of exposure	

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to	the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

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Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	Phere are no data available on the mixture itself. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause anusea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure	

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	e <u>cts</u>
Not available.	
General	<ul> <li>Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> </ul>

Carcinogenicity : May caus	e cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
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- Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Reproductive toxicity** : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MERCOAT 235 BUFF 235B1642 RESIN	9359.4	12554.8	N/A	130.4	11.2
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15000	23000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
butan-1-ol	790	3400	N/A	24	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
heptan-2-one	1600	10206	N/A	16.7	1.5
4-nonylphenol, branched	1300	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A
cumene	2260	12300	N/A	39	N/A

### **Other information**

: Not available.

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic		Fish	96 hours
butan-1-ol	Acute LC50 1376 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
heptan-2-one	Acute LC50 131 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
4-nonylphenol, branched	Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l	Crustaceans - <i>Moina macrocopa</i> Fish	48 hours 96 hours

### Persistence/degradability

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### Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
heptan-2-one	OECD 310	69 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane heptan-2-one	-		-		Not readily Readily	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
butan-1-ol	1	-	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
heptan-2-one	2.26	-	Low
4-nonylphenol, branched	5.4	251.19	Low
cumene	3.55	35.48	Low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
English (US) Colombia 13/15				

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Product nam	e	AMERCOAT 235 BUFF 235B1642 RESIN				

## Section 14. Transport information

	•			
Packing group				
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(bis-[4- (2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN	: None identified.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$ .
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according	1	Not applicable.
to IMO instruments		

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and	: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product
environmental regulations	(including its ingredients).
specific for the product	

## Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

Date of previous issue Version		3/13/2022 7 EHS
Key to abbreviations	:	ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

English (US)	Colombia

### Section 16. Other information

	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods
	by Rail
	UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014
	ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency
Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.	

**Disclaimer** 

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.