SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2015.

Date of issue/Date of revision 2 September 2023

Version 13.01

Section 1. Identification

Product name : PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3179

Product code : 00173948

Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Supplier : PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc.

1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500 Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4

Canada

+1 450-655-3121

PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272 : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)

Emergency telephone

<u>number</u>

(514) 645-1320 (Canada)

SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)

Technical Phone Number: 888-977-4762

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Effects on or via lactation

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

Canada Page: 1/20

Section 2. Hazard identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms







Signal word Hazard statements

: Danger

: Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May cause harm to breast-fed children.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage Disposal

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 24% (oral), 51.1% (dermal), 47.2% (inhalation)

Canada Page: 2/20

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product name : PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3179

Other means of : Not available.

identification

CAS number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name | Synonyms | % (w/w) | CAS number |
|---|---|----------|------------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic; Light aromatic solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha, light aromatic; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic; Light aromatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) (C8 to C10); Aromatic hydrocarbon solvents - medium flashpoint; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light arom.; AROMATIC PETROLUEM DISTILLATE; SOLVENT, AROMATIC PETROLEUM | 10 - 30* | 64742-95-6 |
| xylene | Benzene, dimethyl-; Xylol; xylene, mixed isomers, pure; xylene, crude; Benzene, dimethyl-,; Xylene (mixed); Xylenes; Dimethylbenzene; XYLENES (Isomer Mixture); xylene (mixture), including m-xylene, o-xylene, p-xylene; XYLENE, mixture of isomers | 10 - 30* | 1330-20-7 |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-; .pseudo Cumene; Pseudocumene; psi-Cumene; Asymmetrical trimethylbenzene; hemimellitene; Trimethylbenzene; unsym- Trimethylbenzene; Trialkyl(C1-4)benzene; Tri-or tetramethylbenzene; 1,3,4-Trimethylbenzene | 7 - 13* | 95-63-6 |
| titanium dioxide | Titanium oxide; Titanium oxide (TiO2); CI 77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide coated with isopropoxytitanium triisostearate, containing by weight 1,5 % or more but not more than 2,5 % of isopropoxytitanium triisostearate; glass flakes (CAS RN 65997-17-3): — of a thickness of 0,3 µm or more but not more than 10 µm, and — coated with titanium dioxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 18282- 10-5); titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00 | 5 - 10* | 13463-67-7 |
| iron hydroxide oxide yellow | C.I. Pigment Yellow 42; CI 77492; iron hydroxide oxide yellow; E 172; iron oxide | 3 - 7* | 51274-00-1 |

Canada Page: 3/20

Canada

Page: 4/20

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Section 3. Composition | /information on ingredient | ıs | |
|-------------------------|---|--------|------------|
| | yellow; C.I. 77492; iron hydroxide oxide yellow; C.I. 77492; E 172; iron oxide yellow; Iron oxide; Iron Oxide Yellow; Transparent iron oxide yellow; C.I. pigment yellow 042; FERRIC OXIDE, FERRIC HYDROXIDE, CALCIUM CARBONATE; C.I. PIGMENT YELLOW 42, (IRON OXIDE (YELLOW)); SYNTHETIC YELLOW IRON OXIDE | | |
| alkanes, C14-17, chloro | chlorinated paraffins, C14-17; alkanes, C14-17, chloro; Alkanes, C14-17, chloro-; Alkanes, C14-17-chloro; Chlorinated paraffin (C14-17); Chloroalkanes (C=14-17); chloroalkanes(C=14~17); PARAFFIN, C14-17 CHLORINATED; C 14-17 alkanes, chlorinated, Chlorinated paraffin; C14-17 Chlorinated Paraffin; chloroalkanes (C14-17) | 1 - 5* | 85535-85-9 |
| ethylbenzene | Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropyloxycarbonyl orchloropropyloxycarbonyl) benzene | 1 - 5* | 100-41-4 |
| mesitylene | 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene; Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl-; 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene; sym-Trimethylbenzene; Symmetrical trimethylbenzene; solution of more than 61 % but not more than 63 % by weight of methylcyclopentadienyl manganese tricarbonyl (CAS RN 12108-13-3) in an aromatic hydrocarbon solvent, containing by weight not more than: — 4,9 % of 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (CAS RN 95-63-6), — 4,9 % of naphthalene (91-20-3), and — 0,5 % of 1,3,5-trimethylbenzenes; 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE; Trialkyl (C1-4)benzene; Tri-or tetramethylbenzene; MESITYLENE (1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE) | 1 - 5* | 108-67-8 |
| propylbenzene | Benzene, propyl-; N-PROPYLBENZENE; Phenylpropane; 1-Propylbenzene; n- Alkylbenzene (C3-36); Isocumol | 1 - 5* | 103-65-1 |
| 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene | Benzene, 1,2,3-trimethyl-; Hemellitol; hemimellitene; Trialkyl(C1-4)benzene; Trior tetramethylbenzene; Vicinal trimethyl | 1 - 5* | 526-73-8 |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| | benzene | | |
|---------|--|----------|----------|
| cumene | Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-; Isopropylbenzene; 2-Phenyl propane; Cumol; 1-methylethylbenzene; Cumene (I); Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- (I); Benzene, 1-methylethyl-; isopropylbenzol; (1-methyl/ ethyl)benzene; (1-Methylethyl)benzene | 0.1 - 1* | 98-82-8 |
| toluene | Benzene, methyl-; Methylbenzene; Toluol; Phenyl methane; Methyl benzol; toluene, pure; preparation consisting of: — 80 % or more but not more than 90 % by weight of (S)-hydroxy-3-phenoxy-benzeneacetonitrile (CAS RN 61826-76-4) and — 10 % or more but not more than 20 % by weight of toluene (CAS RN108-88-3); toluene, crude; preparation containing by weight: — 15 % or more but not more than 60 % of styrene butadiene copolymers or styrene isoprene copolymers and — 10 % or more but not more than 30 % of pinene polymers or pentadiene copolymers dissolved in: — methyl ethyl ketone (CAS RN 78-93-3) — heptane (CAS RN 142-82-5), and — toluene (CAS RN 108-88-3) or light aliphatic solvent naphta (CAS RN 64742-89-8); methacide; Cuminyl alcohol | 0.1 - 1* | 108-88-3 |

^{*}Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation

: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Skin contact

: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Canada Page: 5/20

Date of issue 2 September 2023 Version 13.01

Product code 00173948

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3179

Section 4. First-aid measures

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contactIngestionCauses skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Canada Page: 6/20

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Canada Page: 7/20

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact during pregnancy or while nursing. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Special precautions

: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Canada

Page: 8/20

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| None. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). |
|--|
| CA Alborta Provincial (Canada 6/2018) |
| CA Alberta Floviliciai (Callada, 0/2010). |
| [Dimethylbenzene (o,m & p isomers)] |
| 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, |
| 6/2022). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] |
| STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). |
| [Xylene (o-,m-,p- isomers)] |
| STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| |

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3179

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

[Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Xylene (o, m-, p-isomers)]

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

titanium dioxide

iron hydroxide oxide yellow

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)]

8 hrs OEL: 123 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 25 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)]

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Trimethyl benzene (mixture of isomers)] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.

TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)]

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Trimethyl benzene mixed isomer]

STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Titanium dioxide]

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total

ust

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Skin sensitizer.

8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: total dust **CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**

STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Iron oxide dust as Fe]

TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Fe) 8 hours. Form: Dust CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Iron oxide Fume, as Fe]

TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Fe) 8 hours. Form:

Fume

Canada Page: 9/20

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Fe) 15 minutes. Form: Fume

alkanes, C14-17, chloro ethylbenzene

None.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

15 min OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).

TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)]

8 hrs OEL: 123 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 25 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)]

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Trimethyl benzene (mixture of isomers)] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.

TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)]

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Trimethyl benzene mixed isomer]

STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

None.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)]

8 hrs OEL: 123 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 25 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)]

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Trimethyl benzene (mixture of isomers)] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.

TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)]

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

mesitylene

propylbenzene 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene

Canada Page: 10/20

cumene

toluene

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Trimethyl benzene mixed isomer]

STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

8 hrs OEL: 246 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).

STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).

TWAEV: 246 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 74 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin.

8 hrs OEL: 188 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).

TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

procedures

Recommended monitoring: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Canada Page: 11/20

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles.

- : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- **Gloves** : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

May be used: nitrile rubber

Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®

- **Body protection**
- : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection
- : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection
- : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Color : Yellow. Odor : Aromatic. : Not available. **Odor threshold** pН : Not applicable. **Melting point** : Not available. **Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F) Flash point : Closed cup: 37°C (98.6°F)

: Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** : Not available. **Flammability** : Not available. Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Not available.

Canada Page: 12/20

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3179

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Evaporation rate: Not available.Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.

Relative density : 1.09 Density (lbs / gal) : 9.1

Solubility(ies) : Media Result

cold water Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

Volatility : 68% (v/v), 54.919% (w/w)

% Solid. (w/w) : 45.081

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 3.48 g/kg | - |
| light aromatic | | | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8400 mg/kg | - |
| xylene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.7 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | - |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 18000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| • | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5 g/kg | - |
| titanium dioxide | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >6.82 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| iron hydroxide oxide yellow | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >5.05 mg/l | 4 hours |
| , | LD50 Oral | Rat | >10 g/kg | - |

Canada Page: 13/20

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3179

Section 11. Toxicological information

| alkanes, C14-17, chloro | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | >48.17 g/m ³ | 1 hours |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-------------------------|---------|
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5 g/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 17.8 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 17.8 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3.5 g/kg | - |
| mesitylene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 24000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5000 mg/kg | - |
| propylbenzene | LD50 Oral | Rat | 6040 mg/kg | - |
| 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene | LD50 Oral | Rat | 11.4 g/kg | - |
| cumene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 39000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 12.3 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2260 mg/kg | - |
| toluene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 49 g/m³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 8.39 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5580 mg/kg | - |
| 1 | | | | |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------|-------------|
| xylene | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Eyes: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|--|
| xylene | - | 3 | - |
| titanium dioxide | - | 2B | - |
| ethylbenzene | - | 2B | - |
| cumene | _ | 2B | Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. |
| toluene | - | 3 | - |

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Canada Page: 14/20

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| mesitylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| propylbenzene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| cumene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| toluene | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | • | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | - | hearing organs |
| cumene | Category 2 | - | - |
| toluene | Category 2 | - | - |

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea, thyroid.

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| propylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| cumene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| toluene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

Canada Page: 15/20

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3179

Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary

There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatique, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from shortterm and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

Canada Page: 16/20

Section 11. Toxicological information

General

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity

: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3179 | 11406.3 | 3670.4 | N/A | 26.3 | 2.8 |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | 8400 | 3480 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| xylene | 4300 | 1700 | N/A | 11 | 1.5 |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 5000 | N/A | N/A | 18 | 1.5 |
| ethylbenzene | 3500 | 17800 | N/A | 17.8 | 1.5 |
| mesitylene | 5000 | N/A | N/A | 24 | N/A |
| propylbenzene | 6040 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene | 11400 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| cumene | 2260 | 12300 | N/A | 39 | N/A |
| toluene | 5580 | 8390 | N/A | 49 | N/A |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| titanium dioxide | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| iron hydroxide oxide yellow | Acute LC50 >100000 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia | - |

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | Inoculum |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------|------|-------------------------------|
| ethylbenzene | - | 79 % - Readily - 10 o | days | - | - |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | | Photolysis | s | Biodegradability |
| xylene ethylbenzene toluene | - | | - - - | | Readily Readily Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3179

Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------|
| xylene | 3.12 | 7.4 to 18.5 | Low |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 3.63 | 120.23 | Low |
| alkanes, C14-17, chloro | 4.7 to 8.3 | - | High |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | 79.43 | Low |
| mesitylene | 3.42 | 186.21 | Low |
| propylbenzene | 3.69 | - | Low |
| 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene | 3.66 | 194.98 | Low |
| cumene | 3.55 | 35.48 | Low |
| toluene | 2.73 | 8.32 | Low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Canada

Page: 18/20

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL

PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

Section 14. Transport information

| | TDG | IMDG | IATA |
|-----------------------------|--------|--------|--|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class (es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | III | III | III |
| Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |

Product code 00173948 Date of issue 2 September 2023 Version 13.01

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3179

Section 14. Transport information

Marine pollutant (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), Not applicable. light aromatic, light aromatic, substances 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene)

Additional information

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. **IMDG**

IATA The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

Proof of classification

statement

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous

Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

Section 15. Regulatory information

National Inventory List

Canada inventory (DSL) : At least one component is not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Flammability: 3 Physical hazards: Health:

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Date of issue/Date of 2 September 2023

revision

Organization that prepared : EHS

the SDS

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

Canada Page: 19/20

Date of issue 2 September 2023 Version 13.01

Product name PPG VIKOTE 56 BUFF 3179

Section 16. Other information

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

Canada Page: 20/20