# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2015.

Date of issue/Date of revision5 September 2023Version 7

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: THINNER 91-09 / AMERCOAT 65E THINNER	
Product code	: AT765E/05	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Industrial applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Thinner.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc. 1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500 Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4 Canada +1 450-655-3121</li> </ul>	
	PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272	
Emergency telephone number	<ul> <li>(412) 434-4515 (U.S.)</li> <li>(514) 645-1320 (Canada)</li> <li>SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México)</li> <li>SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)</li> </ul>	
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762	

## Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
substance or mixture	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1
GHS labol elements	

**GHS label elements** 

Product name THINNER 91-09 / AMERCOAT 65E THINNER

## Section 2. Hazard identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Fighly flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Øbtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	: Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: THINNER 91-09 / AMERCOAT 65E THINNER
Other means of identification	: Not available.

**CAS number/other identifiers** 

#### Product name THINNER 91-09 / AMERCOAT 65E THINNER

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
butanone	ethyl methyl ketone; 2-Butanone; Methyl ethyl ketone; MEK; 2-Butanone (Methyl ethyl ketone); Methyl acetone; butane- 2-one; 2-oxobutane; methyl ethyl ketone; butanone-2; ketobutan; MEC; MEETCO; MEK; methyl acetone; methylethylketone; oxobutane; ethylmethylketone;; butan- 2-one; Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK) (I,T)	30 - 60*	78-93-3
n-butyl acetate	Acetic acid, butyl ester; Butyl Acetate; n- Butyl-acetate; Butyl ethanoate; n-Butyl ester of acetic acid; product composed of hydrocarbons (predominantly paraffinic and naphthenic) and n-butyl acetate; 1-butyl acetate; 1-Acetoxybutane; Butyl ester, Acetic acid; normal butyl acetate; Acetic acid, n-butyl ester	10 - 30*	123-86-4
toluene	Benzene, methyl-; Methylbenzene; Toluol; Phenyl methane; Methyl benzol; toluene, pure; preparation consisting of: — 80 % or more but not more than 90 % by weight of (S)-hydroxy-3-phenoxy- benzeneacetonitrile (CAS RN 61826-76-4) and — 10 % or more but not more than 20 % by weight of toluene (CAS RN108-88-3); toluene, crude; preparation containing by weight: — 15 % or more but not more than 60 % of styrene butadiene copolymers or styrene isoprene copolymers and — 10 % or more but not more than 30 % of pinene polymers or pentadiene copolymers dissolved in: — methyl ethyl ketone (CAS RN 78-93-3) — heptane (CAS RN 142-82-5), and — toluene (CAS RN 108-88-3) or light aliphatic solvent naphta (CAS RN 64742-89-8); methacide; Cuminyl alcohol		108-88-3

\*Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.</li> <li>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

Most important symptoms/effects	<u>, acute and delayed</u>

Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Over-exposure signs/sympton	on	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

#### Product name THINNER 91-09 / AMERCOAT 65E THINNER

## Section 4. First-aid measures

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

#### Product name THINNER 91-09 / AMERCOAT 65E THINNER

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	:	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Futanone	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 15 min OEL: 885 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). STEV: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWAEV: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>Skin sensitizer.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>[butyl acetates, all isomers]</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>[butyl acetates (all isomers]</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>[butyl acetates (all isomers)]</li> <li>STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
toluene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 188 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	Canada Page: 7/15

Product name THINNER 91-09 / AMERCOAT 65E THINNER

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
7/2013). Absorbed through skin.
STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

		Canada Page: 8/15
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Body protection		Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
		Recommended: butyl rubber Not recommended: nitrile rubber
Gloves		this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates
Skin protection	1	Chemical spidsh yoyyics.
Hygiene measures Eye/face protection		Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Chemical splash goggles.
Individual protection measur		
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### Product name THINNER 91-09 / AMERCOAT 65E THINNER

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state		Liquid.	
Color	÷	Clear.	
Odor	4	Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	1	Not available.	
рН	÷	Not applicable.	
Melting point	4	Not available.	
Boiling point	4	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	1	Closed cup: -4°C (24.8°F)	
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.	
Flammability	1	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapor density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	0.83	
Density(lbs / gal)	:	6.93	
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result
Solubility(les)	ľ	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)):	<14 mm²/s (<14 cSt)
Volatility	:	100% (v/v), 100% (w/w)	
% Solid. (w/w)	:	0	

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

	Canada Page: 9/15
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

#### Product name THINNER 91-09 / AMERCOAT 65E THINNER

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>b</b> utanone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available	e on the mixture i	tself.	
Irritation/Corrosion				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data available	e on the mixture i	tself.	
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Sensitization				
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			

<b>Mutagenicity</b>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### <u>Carcinogenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

<u>Classification</u>			
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
toluene	-	3	-

Carcinogen Classification	on code:	
IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, NTP: Known to OSHA: + Not listed/not reg	be a human carcinogen;	en; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>		
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no d	o data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>		
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: There are no d	data available on the mixture itself.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (single ex	<u>posure)</u>		
Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ቓutanone n-butyl acetate toluene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	- - -	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	• •	Route of exposure	Target organs
<b>to</b> luene	Category 2	-	-

**Target organs** 

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, the nervous system, the reproductive system, liver, heart, peripheral nervous system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs	<u>s/symptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Product name THINNER 91-09 / AMERCOAT 65E THINNER

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effect	cts :	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure	_	There are no data available on the minimum itself
Potential immediate effects	-	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>S</u>
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Numerical measures of toxic	:ity	
Acute toxicity estimates		

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
HINNER 91-09 / AMERCOAT 65E THINNER	4805.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
butanone	2737	6480	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

Т	oxi	c	itv	
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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<b>n</b> -butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
<b>p</b> -butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28	days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	\$	Biodegradability
n-butyl acetate toluene	-		-		Readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
butanone	0.3	-	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do

Canada Page: 13/15

#### Product name THINNER 91-09 / AMERCOAT 65E THINNER

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards Marine pollutant substances	No. Not applicable.	No. Not applicable.	No. Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

TDG	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
IATA	: None identified.

- Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
- Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments
- Proof of classification<br/>statement: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous<br/>Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### National Inventory List

Canada inventory (DSL)

: All components are listed or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 \* Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 0

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 Flammabili Date of issue/Date of revision	ity: 3 Instability: 0 5 September 2023	
Organization that prepared : the SDS	EHS	
Key to abbreviations :	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations	

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.