

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2015.

Date of issue/Date of revision 8 September 2023

Version 9

## Section 1. Identification


**Product name** : K&L KOLORANE PENETRATING SEALER  
**Product code** : KL9129/01  
**Other means of identification** : Not available.  
**Product type** : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Industrial applications.  
**Use of the substance/ mixture** : Coating.  
**Uses advised against** : Not applicable.

**Supplier** : PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc.  
1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500  
Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4  
Canada  
+1 450-655-3121  
  
PPG Industries, Inc.  
One PPG Place  
Pittsburgh, PA 15272  
  
**Emergency telephone number** : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)  
(514) 645-1320 (Canada)  
SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México)  
SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)  
  
**Technical Phone Number** : 888-977-4762

## Section 2. Hazard identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** :  FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4  
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4  
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4  
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C  
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1A  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

## Section 2. Hazard identification

Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

### GHS label elements

#### Hazard pictograms



#### Signal word

: Danger

#### Hazard statements

: **H** Flammable liquid and vapor.  
 Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.  
 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.  
 May cause respiratory irritation.  
 Suspected of causing cancer.  
 May damage fertility or the unborn child.  
 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs, respiratory system)  
 Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### Precautionary statements

#### Prevention

: **P** Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### Response

: **R** If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

#### Storage

: **S** Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

#### Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### Supplemental label elements

: Moisture-sensitive material. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any

## Section 2. Hazard identification

process in which this product is used. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 23% (oral), 26.8% (dermal), 26.1% (inhalation)

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: K&L KOLORANE PENETRATING SEALER
Other means of identification	: Not available.

### CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -hydro- $\omega$ -hydroxy-, polymer with 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene	Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxy-, polymer with 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene; Polypropylene glycol, toluene diisocyanate polymer; Benzene, 1,3-diisocyanatomethyl-, polymer with .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxypoly(oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)) and 1,2-propanediol-2-propenoic acid, monoester; Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], alpha-hydro-omega-hydroxy-, polymer with 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene; Toluene diisocyanate, polypropylene glycol resin; Toluene diisocyanate, polypropylene glycol polymer; Polypropyleneoxydiols, toluenediisocyanate polymer; Poly(oxy(methyl-2-ethane)), toluene diisocyanate polymer; Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -hydro- $\omega$ -hydroxy-, 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene polymer	30 - 60*	9057-91-4
xylene	Benzene, dimethyl-; Xylol; xylene, mixed isomers, pure; xylene, crude; Benzene, dimethyl-; Xylene (mixed); Xylenes; Dimethylbenzene; XYLENES (Isomer Mixture); xylene (mixture), including m-xylene, o-xylene, p-xylene; XYLENE, mixture of isomers	10 - 30*	1330-20-7
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxy-, ether with 2,2-bis(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol (4:1), polymer with 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene	Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -hydro- $\omega$ -hydroxy-, ether with 2,2-bis(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol (4:1), polymer with 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene; $\alpha$ -Hydro- $\omega$ -hydroxypoly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)] ether with 2,2-bis(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol (4:1) polymer with 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene; Hydroxypoly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)]; Poly(oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)), alpha-	7 - 13*	51617-66-4

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester, polymer with 1,2-ethanediamine, 2-methyloxirane and 1,2-propanediol	hydro-omega-hydroxy-, ether with 2,2-bis (hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol (4:1), polymer with 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene	7 - 13*	67815-87-6
ethylbenzene	Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester, polymer with 1,2-ethanediamine, methyloxirane and 1,2-propanediol; Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester, propylene oxide, 1,2-propanediol, ethylenediamine polymer; Isocyanic acid polymethylenepolyphenylene ester polymer with 1,2-ethanediamine, methyloxirane and 1,2-propanediol	1 - 5*	100-41-4
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropoxyxycarbonyl or chloropropoxyxycarbonyl) benzene	1 - 5*	64742-95-6
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic; Light aromatic solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha, light aromatic; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic; Light aromatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) (C8 to C10); Aromatic hydrocarbon solvents - medium flashpoint; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light arom.; AROMATIC PETROLUUM DISTILLATE; SOLVENT, AROMATIC PETROLEUM	1 - 5*	101-68-8
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate; Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanato-; Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanato-; 4,4'-Diisocyanatodiphenylmethane; 4,4'- Diphenylmethane diisocyanate; 4,4-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; Isocyanic acid, methylenedi-p-phenylene ester; Methylenebis[4-phenyl isocyanate; Methylene 4,4'-diphenyl diisocyanate; Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate (MDI)	1 - 5*	95-63-6

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	hemimellitene; Trimethylbenzene; unsym-Trimethylbenzene; Trialkyl(C1-4)benzene; Tri-or tetramethylbenzene; 1,3,4-Trimethylbenzene	0.5 - 1.5*	9016-87-9
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	Polymethylenepolyphenyl isocyanate; Polymeric diphenylmethane diisocyanate; PAPI; polymeric diphenylmethane diisocyanate; polymeric MDI; METHYLENE DIPHENYL DIISOCYANATE; pMDI; Isocyanuric acid polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate; polymeric MDI; MDI oligomers; DIPHENYLMETHANEDIISOCYANATE, isomers and homologues; Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate	0.1 - 1*	4083-64-1
dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane	tosyl isocyanate; p-toluenesulphonyl isocyanate; Benzenesulfonyl isocyanate, 4-methyl-; p-Toluenesulfonyl isocyanate; 4-Toluenesulphonyl isocyanate; 4-methylbenzenesulfonyl isocyanate; 4-isocyanatosulfonyltoluene; 4-TOLUENE-SULFONYL-ISOCYANATE; TOSYL ISOCYANATE, PARA-; 4-methyl-N-(oxomethylidene)benzenesulfonamide	0.1 - 1*	1185-81-5
methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Stannane, dibutylbis(dodecylthio)-; Dibutyltin bis(lauryl mercaptide); Stannane, dibutylbis(dodecylthio); dibutyl [bis(dodecylsulfanyl)]stannane; bis (dodecylthio)dibutyltin; Mono (or di) alkyl (C4-8) tin tris (or bis)(dodecylmercaptide); Dialkyl(C1-4) tin di [alkyl(C4-18) mercaptide]; Dibutyltin bis(dodecylsulfide); dibutyl-bis(dodecylsulfanyl)stannane	0.1 - 1*	26447-40-5
toluene	Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-; Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis(isocyanato-; Diphenylmethane diisocyanate; Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato]-; MDI; benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-; Ar,ar'-diphenylmethane diisocyanate (unspec.); Polymeric 4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; non-isomer-specific MDI; 4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate; 1,1'-Methylenebis[isocyanatobenzene]	0.1 - 1*	108-88-3

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	RN108-88-3); toluene, crude; preparation containing by weight: — 15 % or more but not more than 60 % of styrene butadiene copolymers or styrene isoprene copolymers and — 10 % or more but not more than 30 % of pinene polymers or pentadiene copolymers dissolved in: — methyl ethyl ketone (CAS RN 78-93-3) — heptane (CAS RN 142-82-5), and — toluene (CAS RN 108-88-3) or light aliphatic solvent naphta (CAS RN 64742-89-8); methacide; Cuminy alcohol		
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\*Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

**Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.**

### Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

##### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

##### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

## Section 4. First-aid measures

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
wheezing and breathing difficulties  
asthma  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking  
blistering may occur  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
nitrogen oxides  
Cyanate and isocyanate.  
hydrogen cyanide



## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
- Special provisions** : Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.



## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### Special precautions

: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO<sub>2</sub> will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-hydro-ω-hydroxy-, polymer with 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene xylene	<p>None.</p> <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Dimethylbenzene (o,m &amp; p isomers)]</b>            15 min OEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.            15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.            8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.            8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o, m &amp; p isomers)]</b></p>

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxy-, ether with 2,2-bis(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol (4:1), polymer with 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene  
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester, polymer with 1,2-ethanediamine, 2-methyloxirane and 1,2-propanediol

ethylbenzene

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic  
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).**

**[Xylene (o-,m-,p- isomers)]**

STEV: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

TWAEV: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).**

**[Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]**

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Xylene (o, m-, p-isomers)]**

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).**

**[Isocyanate oligomers] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.**

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).**

**[Isocyanate oligomers] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.**

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).**

15 min OEL: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.

8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).**

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).**

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).**

TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**

STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

None.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).**

8 hrs OEL: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

8 hrs OEL: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Inhalation sensitizer.**

C: 0.01 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.**

TWAEV: 0.051 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

TWAEV: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**

STEL: 0.015 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).**  
**[Isocyanates, organic compounds]**

Ceiling Limit: 0.02 ppm  
 TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).**  
**[Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)]**

8 hrs OEL: 123 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  
 8 hrs OEL: 25 ppm 8 hours.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).** [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)]

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).**  
**[Trimethyl benzene (mixture of isomers)]**

**Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.**

TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).**  
**[Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)]**

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).** [Trimethyl benzene mixed isomer]

STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).**

8 hrs OEL: 0.07 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

8 hrs OEL: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).**  
**[Isocyanates, organic compounds]**

Ceiling Limit: 0.02 ppm

TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).**  
**[Isocyanate oligomers] Skin sensitizer.**

**Inhalation sensitizer.**

4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).**  
**[Isocyanate oligomers] Skin sensitizer.**

**Inhalation sensitizer.**

dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).**  
**[Tin Organic compounds as Sn]**

**Absorbed through skin.**

15 min OEL: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Sn) 15 minutes.

8 hrs OEL: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Sn) 8 hours.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).** [Tin - Organic compounds as Sn]  
**Absorbed through skin.**

TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Sn) 8 hours.

STEL: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Sn) 15 minutes.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).**  
**[Tin Organic compounds] Absorbed through skin.**

TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Sn) 8 hours.

STEV: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Sn) 15 minutes.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).**  
**[Tin (Organic compounds) as Sn]**

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

**Absorbed through skin.**TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Sn) 8 hours.**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Tin organic compounds as Sn]****Absorbed through skin.**STEL: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (measured as Sn) 15 minutes.TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (measured as Sn) 8 hours.

toluene

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Diisocyanates, not elsewhere specified, NOS]**

C: 0.01 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Isocyanates, organic compounds]**

Ceiling Limit: 0.02 ppm

TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Isocyanate oligomers] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.****CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).****Absorbed through skin.**8 hrs OEL: 188 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).**

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).**

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).**


TWA/EV: 20 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin.**

STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** :  Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Gloves** : nitrile neoprene
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air-fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- Restrictions on use** : Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Colorless.
- Odor** : Characteristic.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not applicable.
- Melting point** : Not available.
- Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 32°C (89.6°F)
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Flammability** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor pressure : Not available.

Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 1.03

Density ( lbs / gal ) : 8.6

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : ☒ Not applicable.

Viscosity : ☒ Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>21 cSt)

Volatility : 38% (v/v), 32.194% (w/w)

% Solid. (w/w) : 67.806

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.  
Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.

Hazardous decomposition products : ☒ Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials:  
Cyanate and isocyanate. carbon oxides nitrogen oxides hydrogen cyanide

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-hydro-ω-hydroxy-, polymer with 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene xylene	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	9200 mg/kg	-

## Section 11. Toxicological information

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>9400 mg/kg	-
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	LD50 Oral	Rat	49 g/kg	-
dibutylbis(dodecylthio)	LD50 Oral	Rat	2234 mg/kg	-
stannane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>1000 mg/kg	-
methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>9400 mg/kg	-
toluene	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary**

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Eyes** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Respiratory	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
	Respiratory	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Positive - Inhalation - TC	Rat	0 to 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 years; 5 days per week

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Classification**



## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
xylene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	-	3	-
Isocyanic acid,	-	3	-
polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	-	3	-
toluene	-	3	-

## Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-hydro-ω-hydroxy-, polymer with 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxy-, ether with 2,2-bis(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propanediol (4:1), polymer with 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Category 2	inhalation	respiratory system
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	Category 2	inhalation	-
dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane	Category 1	-	immune system
methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Category 2	-	-
toluene	Category 2	-	-

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Target organs** : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).  
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea.

### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

**Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
wheezing and breathing difficulties  
asthma  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking  
blistering may occur  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Potential chronic health effects

**General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

K&L KOLORANE PENETRATING SEALER	887.2	1461.7	N/A	12.1	1.6
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-hydro-ω-hydroxy-, polymer with 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene	500	1100	N/A	11	1.5
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	9200	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	49000	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.5
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	2234	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	1.5
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours -
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane	Acute EC50 0.11 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
toluene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	4.51	-	High
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
dibutylbis(dodecylthio)stannane	3.11	-	Low
methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	4.51	-	High
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient ( $K_{oc}$ ) : Not available.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

### Additional information

TDG : None identified.  
IMDG : None identified.  
IATA : None identified.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Product code KL9129/01

Date of issue 8 September 2023 Version 9

Product name K&L KOLORANE PENETRATING SEALER

## Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not applicable.

Proof of classification statement : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### National Inventory List

Canada inventory ( DSL ) : At least one component is not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 \* Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 1  
( \* ) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 Flammability : 3 Instability : 1

Date of issue/Date of revision 8 September 2023

Organization that prepared the SDS : EHS

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
N/A = Not available  
SGG = Segregation Group  
UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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