SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue

13 September 2023

Version 1.01

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name Product code Other means of identification Product type

: SIGMARINE 28 RED-BROWN 2008CO2200 : 00210339CO

- tification : Not available.
 - : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:

Supplier	:	PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)
Email address:	:	HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	:	Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

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Product nan	ne SIGMARINE 28 RED-BROWN 200	8CO2200			

Section 2. Hazards	s identification
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 71.1%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 24.9%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	namini to aquate the with ong lasting effects.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

CAS number

: Mixture

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
m-xylene	10 - <12.5	108-38-3
Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres	7 - <10	14807-96-6
diiron trioxide	5 - <7	1309-37-1
xylene	5 - <7	1330-20-7
o-xylene	3 - <5	95-47-6
p-xylene	3 - <5	106-42-3
ethylbenzene	2 - <3	100-41-4
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	0.5 - <1	7779-90-0
Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even-numbered)- alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	0.5 - <1	1474044-65-9
2-butanone oxime	0.1 - <0.2	96-29-7
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	0.1 - <0.2	22464-99-9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first	st a	id measures	
Eye contact	;	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.	
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.	
Skin contact	1	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.	
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
Indication of immediate med	ica	I attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician Specific treatments		Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	
Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.	
		English (US) Colombia 3/15	

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Product nam	ie S	GMARINE 28 RED-BROWN 2008CO2200			

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Section 6. Accidental release measures		
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.	

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
	Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name			Exposure limits			
m-xylene			ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [xylene all isomers]			
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres			TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable			
diiron trioxide			ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable			
xylene			fraction ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.			
o-xylene			ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [xylene all isomers] TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.			
p-xylene			ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.			
ethylbenzene			ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.			
Recommended monitoring procedures	:		priate monitoring standards. Reference to hods for the determination of hazardous			
Appropriate engineering controls	:	ventilation or other engineering contro contaminants below any recommend	Jse process enclosures, local exhaust ols to keep worker exposure to airborne ed or statutory limits. The engineering control concentrations below any lower explosive n equipment.			
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensu they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.				
dividual protection measur	es					
Hvgiene measures	1	Wash hands, forearms and face thor	oughly after handling chemical products,			

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products,
	before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.
	Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.
	Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection Skin protection	: Chemical splash goggles.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Not recommended: nitrile rubber Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Date of issue

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>					
Physical state	1	Liquid.			
Color	1	Not available.			
Odor	1	Not available.			
рН	1	Not applicable.			
Melting point	1	Not available.			
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)			
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 29.3°C (84.7	Closed cup: 29.3°C (84.7°F)		
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.			
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.			
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.			
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.			
Vapor density	1	Not available.			
Relative density	:	1.52			
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result		
	1	cold water	Not soluble		

English (US)

Colombia

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Design of the second		
Partition coefficient: n-	÷	Not applicable.
octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
•		Natavallahla
Decomposition temperature	÷	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Viscosity	÷	> 100 s (ISO 6mm)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following material carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

_			
Ac	ute	tox	icit\

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
m-xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	27124 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12126 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3523 mg/kg	-
diiron trioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
o-xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	27124 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12126 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3523 mg/kg	-
p-xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	27124 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12126 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3523 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	528 mg/kg	-
		English (U	S) Colombia	8/1

ode 00210339CO oduct name STGMARINE 2	28 RED-BRO		te of issue 2200		13 Sept	tember	2023 Ver	r <mark>sion</mark> 1.01
ection 11. Toxico	logical	infor	nation					
alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates								
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal R LD50 Oral R		Rabbit 1 [°] Rat 10		570 mg/kg 1100 mg/kg 100 mg/kg		- -	
zirconium salt	LD50 Derm LD50 Oral	lai		Rabbit Rat		>5 g/	-	-
		e no data :	available on		ure itse	-	ing	
Product/ingredient name	Result		Spec	ies	Score	9	Exposure	Observation
\$	Skin - Mode Skin - Mode				-		24 hours 500 mg 24 hours 500	
Aylerie .				ii.	–		mg	, -
Respiratory Sensitization Not available. Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory			available on available on					
Mutagenicity Not available.								
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity Not available.	: There ar	e no data :	available on	the mixtu	ure itse	lf.		
Conclusion/Summary Classification	: There are	e no data :	available on	the mixtu	ure itse	lf.		
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP					
m-xylene	-	3 3	-					

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
m-xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
o-xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
p-xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-butanone oxime	Category 1	-	upper respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2		hearing organs
2-butanone oxime	Category 2		blood system

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
m-xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
o-xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
p-xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	1	Not available.		
Potential acute health effects	<u>;</u>			
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Inhalation	1	May cause respiratory irritation.		
Skin contact	:	Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.	Defatting to the skin.	
		English (US)	Colombia	10/15

Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Symptoms related to	the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths	

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

skeletal malformations

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nce oue ne

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMARINE 28 RED-BROWN 2008CO2200	12881.6	1514.7	N/A	36.2	15.0
m-xylene	3523	1100	N/A	11	N/A
diiron trioxide	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
o-xylene	3523	1100	N/A	11	N/A
p-xylene	3523	1100	N/A	11	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)-alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	570	528	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-butanone oxime	100	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
diiron trioxide	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/I Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Fish	30 days
Quaternary ammonium	EC50 0.14 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
compounds, C12-14 (even-			
numbered)-			
alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl			
sulphates			
	EC50 0.036 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 13.8 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	NOEC 10 mg/m ³	Algae	72 hours
	NOEC 7 mg/m ³	Daphnia	21 days
	NOEC 3.2 mg/m ³	Fish	28 days
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

English (U	S) Colombia	12/15

Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
m-xylene o-xylene p-xylene ethylbenzene Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)- alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	OECD 301F OECD 301F OECD 301F - -	94 % - Rea 90 % - Rea 79 % - Rea	dily - 28 days dily - 28 days dily - 28 days dily - 10 days Readily - 28 days	- - -		
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	ıradability
m-xylene xylene o-xylene p-xylene ethylbenzene Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)- alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	- - - - -				Readily Readily Readily Readily Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
m-xylene	3.2	14.79	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
o-xylene	3.12	14.13	Low
p-xylene	3.15	14.79	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14 (even- numbered)- alkylethyldimethyl, ethyl sulphates	3.2	-	Low
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

- **Disposal methods**
- : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group		III		III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: None identified.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: None identified.
IATA	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Version

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of previous issue	9/12/2023	
Version	: 1.01	
	EHS	
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemical IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods 	S
References	UN = United Nations ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014	
	ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.