# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



### The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2015.

Date of issue/Date of revision 11 October 2023 Version 18.02

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: AMERSHIELD VOC BAS PEARL GRAY	
Product code	: 00333829	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Industrial applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Architectural Coatings Canada, Inc. 1550, rue Ampère, bureau 500 Boucherville (Québec) J4B 7L4 Canada +1 450-655-3121</li> </ul>	
	PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272	
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)	
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762	

# Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1
	This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen
	Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized
	as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are
	bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound
	particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the
	coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the
	duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal
	protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).
	protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section o).
<u>GHS label elements</u>	

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Product name AMERSHIELD VOC BAS PEARL GRAY

## Section 2. Hazard identification

Hazard pictograms	:	$\bigwedge \land \land$
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements		Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention		Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Response		IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal		Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements		Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 64.9% (oral), 73.3% (dermal), 49.3% (inhalation)

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: AMERSHIELD VOC BAS PEARL GRAY
Other means of identification	: Not available.

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
Wollastonite	Calcium silicate; calcium silicate, naturally occurring as wollastonite; Wollastonite (Ca (SiO3)); Fibres-Natural Mineral Fibres, Wollastonite; Aedelforsite; CALCIUM METASILICATES; wollastonite dust; wollastonie; calcium,dioxido(oxo)silane	10 - 30*	13983-17-0
tert-butyl acetate	Acetic acid, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester; tert- Butyl-acetate; tert-Butyl ester of acetic acid; Acetic acid, tert-butyl ester; 1,1-Dimethylethyl ester acetic acid; T- BUTYL ACETATE; tertiary butyl acetate;	5 - 10*	540-88-5
			Canada Page: 2/18

### Product name AMERSHIELD VOC BAS PEARL GRAY

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

77891; Titanium peroxide; Rulie; C.L <sup>1</sup> Pigment White 6; Itanium dioxide coated with isoproposylitanium titisostearate, containing by weight 15 % or more but not more than 25 % of isoproposylitanium titisostearate; glass fakes (CAS RN 6399-17-3): — of a thickness of 0.3 µm or more but not more than 10 µm, and — coated with titanium dioxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 15428-10-5); Itanium (IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00.       3 - 7*       79-20-9         methyl acetate       Acetic acid, methyl ester, Methyl ester of acetic acid; Methyl ester, ACETATE, METHYL; Acetic methylester       3 - 7*       79-20-9         4-chloro-q.q.qtrifluorotoluene       Berzene, 1-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl);       1 - 5*       98-56-6         4-chloro-q.q.qtrifluorotoluene; p.ara-chloroberzotrifluoride; Foluene, p.chloroberzotrifluoride; POETF;       1 - 5*       98-56-6         n-butyl acetate       Acetic acid, putyl etanoate; n-Butyl acetate; n-Butyl acetate; h-Acetox oxitinore; p.ara-chloroberzotrifluoride; POETF;       1 - 5*       123-96-4         bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidityl) cester; Decanedioic acid, pib etarc; Butyl acetate; in-Acetic acid; normal butyl acetate; in-Butyl acetate; in-Acetox oxitic acid, n-butyl acetate; in-Acetox oxitic acid, is point (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) decanedioate; Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamet				
77891; Titanium peroxide; Rulie; C.L <sup>1</sup> Pigment White 6; Itanium dioxide coated with isoproposylitanium titisostearate, containing by weight 15 % or more but not more than 25 % of isoproposylitanium titisostearate; glass fakes (CAS RN 6399-17-3): — of a thickness of 0.3 µm or more but not more than 10 µm, and — coated with titanium dioxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 15428-10-5); Itanium (IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00.       3 - 7*       79-20-9         methyl acetate       Acetic acid, methyl ester, Methyl ester of acetic acid; Methyl ester, ACETATE, METHYL; Acetic methylester       3 - 7*       79-20-9         4-chloro-q.q.qtrifluorotoluene       Berzene, 1-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl);       1 - 5*       98-56-6         4-chloro-q.q.qtrifluorotoluene; p.ara-chloroberzotrifluoride; Foluene, p.chloroberzotrifluoride; POETF;       1 - 5*       98-56-6         n-butyl acetate       Acetic acid, putyl etanoate; n-Butyl acetate; n-Butyl acetate; h-Acetox oxitinore; p.ara-chloroberzotrifluoride; POETF;       1 - 5*       123-96-4         bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidityl) cester; Decanedioic acid, pib etarc; Butyl acetate; in-Acetic acid; normal butyl acetate; in-Butyl acetate; in-Acetox oxitic acid, n-butyl acetate; in-Acetox oxitic acid, is point (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) decanedioate; Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamet				
acetic acid; Methyl ethanoate; Ácetic acid methyl ester; ACETATE, METHYL; Acetic methylester       1 - 5*         4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene       Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-; Benzene, 1-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl)-; 4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride; Toluene, p- chloro-a,α,α-trifluorotoluene; para- chlorobenzotrifluoride; PCBTF; 4-trifluoromethylchorobenzene; 1-chloro- 4-(trifluoromethylchorobenzene; 1-chloro- 4-(trifluoromethyl)) ester of acetic acid; product composed of hydrocarbons (predominantly paraffinic and naphthenic) and n-butyl acetate; 1-butyl acetate; 1-Acetoxybutane; Butyl ester, Acetic acid, n-butyl ester; Decanedioic acid, bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; DecAnvEDIOATE, BIS (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; DECANVEDIOATE, BIS (1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL-4-       1 + 1*	titanium dioxide	77891; Titanium peroxide; Rutile; C.I. Pigment White 6; titanium dioxide coated with isopropoxytitanium triisostearate, containing by weight 1,5 % or more but not more than 2,5 % of isopropoxytitanium triisostearate; glass flakes (CAS RN 65997-17-3): — of a thickness of 0,3 $\mu$ m or more but not more than 10 $\mu$ m, and — coated with titanium dioxide (CAS RN 13463-67-7) or iron oxide (CAS RN 18282- 10-5); titanium dioxide, other than those of heading 3206 11 00; C.I. 77891; E 171; titanium(IV) oxide, other than those of heading 3206	5 - 10*	13463-67-7
Benzene, 1-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl);         4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride; Toluene, p- chloro-alpha,alpha,alpha-trifluoro; p- chloro-α, α, α-trifluorotoluene; para- chlorobenzotrifluoride; PCBTF;         4-trifluoromethyl/blorobenzee; 1-chloro- 4-(trifluoromethyl/blorobenzee; p- chlorobenzotrifluoride; parachlorobenzotrifluoride       1 - 5*         n-butyl acetate       Acetic acid, butyl ester; Butyl Acetate; n- Butyl-acetate; Butyl ethanoate; n-Butyl ester of acetic acid; product composed of hydrocarbons (predominantly paraffinic and naphthenic) and n-butyl acetate; 1-butyl acetate; 1-Acetoxybutane; Butyl ester, Acetic acid; normal butyl acetate; Acetic acid, n-butyl ester       1 - 5*       123-86-4         bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate       0.1 - 1*       41556-26-7         (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ecanedioic acid, 1,10-bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; Decanedioic acid, bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) decanedioate; Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; DECANEDIOATE, BIS (1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL-4-       0.1 - 1*	methyl acetate	acetic acid; Methyl ethanoate; Acetic acid methyl ester; ACETATE, METHYL; Acetic	3 - 7*	79-20-9
Butyl-acetate; Butyl ethanoate; n-Butyl ester of acetic acid; product composed of hydrocarbons (predominantly paraffinic and naphthenic) and n-butyl acetate; 1-butyl acetate; 1-Acetoxybutane; Butyl ester, Acetic acid; normal butyl acetate; Acetic acid, n-butyl ester0.1 - 1*bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidiyl) sebacateDecanedioic acid, 1,10-bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; Decanedioic acid, bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) decanedioate; Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) decanedioate; Decanedioic acid bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) decanedioate; Decanedioic acid bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) decanedioate; Decanedioic acid bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; DECANEDIOATE, BIS (1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL-4-0.1 - 1*	4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	Benzene, 1-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl)-; 4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride; Toluene, p- chloro-alpha,alpha,alpha-trifluoro-; p- chloro- $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -trifluorotoluene; para- chlorobenzotrifluoride; PCBTF; 4-trifluoromethylchlorobenzene; 1-chloro- 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene; p- chlorobenzotrifluoride;	1 - 5*	98-56-6
sebacate (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; Decanedioic acid, bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl) decanedioate; Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidinyl) decanedioate; Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) decanedioate; Decanedioic acid bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; DECANEDIOATE, BIS (1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL-4-	n-butyl acetate	Butyl-acetate; Butyl ethanoate; n-Butyl ester of acetic acid; product composed of hydrocarbons (predominantly paraffinic and naphthenic) and n-butyl acetate; 1-butyl acetate; 1-Acetoxybutane; Butyl ester, Acetic acid; normal butyl acetate;	1 - 5*	123-86-4
Canada Page: 3/1	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; Decanedioic acid, bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl) decanedioate; Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidinyl) decanedioate; Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) decanedioate; Decanedioic acid bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; DECANEDIOATE, BIS	0.1 - 1*	41556-26-7
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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	PIPERIDINYL) (PICCS); Bis(N-methyl- 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate; Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) 1,8-octanedicarboxylate; Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate; DECANEDIOATE, BIS (1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL-4- PIPERIDINYL)		
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	alpha-quartz; Silica, crystalline (quartz); Silica, Crystalline Quartz; SILICA, CRYSTALLINE, QUARTZ; Silica- Crystalline, Quartz; Silica - Crystalline Quartz; Silica-Crystalline : Quartz; Silica, crystalline - quartz	0.1 - 1*	14808-60-7
naphthalene	White tar; Tar camphor; Naphthalin; naphthalene, pure; naphthalene, crude; MOTH FLAKES; Naphthalene (8CA & 9CA); naphthalene [PAH, POM]; NAPHTHALENE, REFINED; NAPHTHALENE, MOLTEN; naphtalene	0.1 - 1*	91-20-3
carbon black	Lampblack; Acetylene black; C.I. 77266; C.I. Pigment Black 6; C.I. Pigment Black 7; Charcoal	0.1 - 1*	1333-86-4
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate	Decanedioic acid, 1-methyl 10- (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester; Decanedioic acid, methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl ester; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl decanedioate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethylpiperidin-4-yl sebacate; Decanedioic acid methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl ester; Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidiyl sebacate; Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidinyl sebacate; DECANEDIOATE, METHYL, 1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL- 4-PIPERIDINYL; Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.1 - 1*	82919-37-7

\*Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.</li> <li>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
Notes to physician	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
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### Product name AMERSHIELD VOC BAS PEARL GRAY

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
:	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
:	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Mollastonite	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable particulate matter. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Wollastonite] TWAEV: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust. TWAEV: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total
tert-butyl acetate	dust. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Skin sensitizer.
	8 hrs OEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>7/2013).</b> STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b> <b>[butyl acetates, all isomers]</b> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>6/2022).</b> [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</b> [butyl acetates (all isomers)] STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
titanium dioxide	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Titanium dioxide] TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Skin sensitizer.
	8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b> TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: total dust <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>7/2013).</b> STEL: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
methyl acetate	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene n-butyl acetate	and Cristobalite Respirable] TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)] TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
	None. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Silica, Crystalline - alpha quartz
	IPEL (-). TWA: 0.57 ppm STEL: 1.71 ppm CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Skin sensitizer. 15 min OEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [butyl acetates, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [butyl acetates (all isomers)] STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	<ul> <li>15 min OEL: 757 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 606 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>STEV: 757 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWAEV: 606 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>

Product name AMERSHIELD VOC BAS PEARL GRAY

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	[Silica Crystalline -Quartz] TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction
naphthalene	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 79 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 52 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 10 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>TWAEV: 10 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
carbon black	<ul> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable particulate matter.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>TWAEV: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 7 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> </ul>
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	None.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

procedures

**Recommended monitoring** : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### Product name AMERSHIELD VOC BAS PEARL GRAY

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

-	· ·
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	res
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: May be used: butyl rubber Not recommended: nitrile rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# **Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

### **Appearance**

- top our un oo			
Physical state	1	Liquid.	
Color	4	Gray.	
Odor	1	Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	1	Not available.	
рН	4	Not applicable.	
Melting point	4	Not available.	
Boiling point	4	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 45.56°C (114°	F)
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.	
Flammability	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	1	0.3 (butyl acetate = 1)	
Vapor pressure	1	1.5 kPa (10.9 mm Hg)	
Vapor density	1	Not available.	
Relative density	1	1.41	
Density(lbs / gal)	:	11.77	
Colubility/icc)		Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	1	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >	>21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	1	<mark>3</mark> 3% (v/v), 22.116% (w/w)	
% Solid. (w/w)	÷	77.884	

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	t		Species	Dose	Exposure
tert-butyl acetate	LD50			Rat	4100 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide			Dusts and mist	is Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
		Dermal		Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50			Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
methyl acetate		Dermal		Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50		. ,	Rat	3.705 g/kg	-
4-chloro-α,α,α-	LC50	Inhalation	Vapor	Rat	33080 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
trifluorotoluene				<b>D</b> 11 11		
		Dermal		Rabbit	>2.7 g/kg	-
	LD50			Rat	13 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate		Inhalation	•	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
		Inhalation	Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
		Dermal		Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50			Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50	Oral		Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
naphthalene	LD50	Dermal		Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50			Rat	490 mg/kg	-
carbon black	LD50			Rat	>10 g/kg	-
methyl	LD50			Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-					0.120 9/1.9	
4-piperidyl sebacate						
Conclusion/Summary	: The	re are no	data available o	on the mixture it	tself.	
Irritation/Corrosion						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	• Tho	re are no i	data available (	on the mixture it	colf	
				on the mixture it		
Eyes						
Respiratory	: Ine	re are no o	data avallable (	on the mixture it	ISEIT.	
Sensitization						
Skin	: The	re are no o	data available o	on the mixture if	tself.	
Respiratory	: The	re are no	data available o	on the mixture it	tself.	
<u>Mutagenicity</u>						
Conclusion/Summary	: The	re are no o	data available o	on the mixture it	tself.	
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>						
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: The	re are no o	data available o	on the mixture it	tself.	
<u>Classification</u>						
Product/ingredient name		OSHA	IARC N	ſP		
Wollastonite		-	3 -			
titanium dioxide		-	2B -			
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluen	е	-	2B -			
crystalline silica, respirable p		-		own to be a hur	nan carcinogen.	
(<10 microns)						
(<10 microns) naphthalene		-	2B Re	asonably anticin	pated to be a human	carcinogen.

Carcinogen Classification code:

### Product name AMERSHIELD VOC BAS PEARL GRAY

### Section 11. Toxicological information

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4
NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen
OSHA: +
Not listed/not regulated: -

### Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
methyl acetate 4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	Category 3 Category 3		Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) naphthalene	Category 1 Category 2	inhalation -	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, adrenal, eye, lens or cornea, optic nerve.

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Product name AMERSHIELD VOC BAS PEARL GRAY

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Delayed and immediate effe	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure	
Conclusion/Summary	There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalling silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harm depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropria personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, I and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solv apors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss the expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea a vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.	or ful ate liver vent nan
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential immediate effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health eff	There are no data available on the mixture itself. <u>s</u>	
General	– Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking a or dermatitis.	and/
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity		

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
AMERSHIELD VOC BAS PEARL GRAY	10232.9	22755.6	N/A	N/A	N/A
tert-butyl acetate	4100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
methyl acetate	3705	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	13000	2500	N/A	33.08	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
naphthalene	490	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish	48 hours 96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28	days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	5	Biodegradability
n-butyl acetate	-		-		Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
tert-butyl acetate	1.64	-	Low
methyl acetate	0.18	-	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
naphthalene	3.4	85.11	Low

Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Product name AMERSHIELD VOC BAS PEARL GRAY

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III		
Environmental hazards Marine pollutant substances	No. Not applicable.	No. Not applicable.	No. Not applicable.

### **Additional information**

- TDG: None identified.IMDG: None identified.IATA: None identified.
- Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Proof of classification<br/>statement: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous<br/>Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).

Product name AMERSHIELD VOC BAS PEARL GRAY

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **National Inventory List**

Canada inventory (DSL)

: All components are listed or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 \* Flammability : 2 Physical hazards : 0

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

# The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Asso	ociation (U.S.A.)
Health : 2 Flammat	pility : 2 Instability : 0
Date of issue/Date of revision	11 October 2023
Organization that prepared the SDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.