SAFETY DATA SHEET

SIGMADUR 550H BASE L



Date of issue 21 October 2023

Version 4

1. Product and company identification

SIGMADUR 550H BASE L
00442760
Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Product use	Professional applications, Used by spraying.		
Use of the substance/ mixture	Coating.		
Uses advised against	Not applicable.		
Supplier's details	PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777		
Emergency telephone number	078 574 2777		

2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 2 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 2

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms



Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory organs) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (blood system, central nervous system (CNS), nervous system, respiratory organs) Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements		
Prevention	in special instructions before use. Do not handl been read and understood. Wear protective gl or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot su other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid relea the vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when usin bughly after handling.	oves, protective clothing and rfaces, sparks, open flames se to the environment. Do not
Response	ect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a PC SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contamir r. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If sk ce or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously wi ove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. C ists: Get medical advice or attention.	ated clothing. Rinse skin with in irritation occurs: Get medical th water for several minutes.
Storage	e locked up.	
Disposal	ose of contents and container in accordance wit international regulations.	h all local, regional, national
Other hazards which do not result in classification	onged or repeated contact may dry skin and cau	se irritation.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
CSCL number	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
Intanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	15 - <20	13463-67-7	1-558; 5-5225
Talc containing no asbestos or quartz	10 - <12.5	14807-96-6	Not available.
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	7 - <10	64742-95-6	Not available.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	5 - <7	64742-95-6	Not available.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3 - <5	95-63-6	3-3427; 3-7
Butyl acetate	3 - <5	123-86-4	2-731
Xylene	3 - <5	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
zinc phosphate	1 - <2	7779-90-0	1-1181; 1-526
3-ethyltoluene	1 - <2	620-14-4	3-15
Octadecanamide, N,N'-1,6-hexanediylbis	0.5 - <1	55349-01-4	2-3055
[12-hydroxy-			
Ethylbenzene	0.5 - <1	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
tert-Butanol	0.2 - <0.5	75-65-0	2-3049
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.2 - <0.5	41556-26-7	5-5501
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	0.1 - <0.2	7631-86-9	1-548

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures Eye contact : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures

U	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
·	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for co	entainment and cleaning up
Ownell and II	• Otan label: fourtheout vials. Many containers from an ill and a liter an add more fite also and

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6. Accidental release measures

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
ralc containing no asbestos or quartz	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). [Class 1 dusts (Activated charcoal, Alumina, Aluminium, Bentonite, Diatomite, Graphite, Kaolinite, Pagodite, Pyrites, Pyrite cinder, Talc)] OEL-M: 0.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust) OEL-M: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust (Class 1 Dust)	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022). OEL-M: 120 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL-M: 25 ppm 8 hours.	
Butyl acetate	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022).	
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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8. Exposure controls/personal protection			
		OEL-M: 475 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL-M: 100 ppm 8 hours.	
		Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan, 6/2020).	
		TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.	
Xylene		Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,	
		6/2020). [xylene]	
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
		Japan Society for Occupational Health	
		(Japan, 9/2022).	
		OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours. OEL-M: 217 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
Ethylbenzene		Japan Society for Occupational Health	
		(Japan, 9/2022). Absorbed through skin.	
		OEL-M: 87 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
		OEL-M: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
		Industrial Safety and Health Act (Japan,	
		6/2020).	
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
tert-Butanol		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 9/2022).	
		OEL-M: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
		OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
Decommonded monitoring	. Deference chevild be mede to environmi		
Recommended monitoring procedures Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.			
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.		
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection measu	<u>res</u>		
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.		
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.		

8. Exposure controls/personal protection		
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:	
	Recommended: Chloroprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® May be used: butyl rubber, nitrile rubber	
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.	
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. 	
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.	

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	: Liquid.	
Odor	: Characteristic.	
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 36°C (96.8°F)
Relative density	: 1.47	
Solubility(ico)	Media	Result
Solubility(ies)	cold water	Not soluble

10. Stability and reactivity		
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides	

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
intanium dioxide (excluding	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
nanoparticle)			-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C9,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male,	>2000 mg/kg	-
aromatics < 0.1% cumene		Female		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
0	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
,	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
zinc phosphate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
tert-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	14100 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2733 mg/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
4-piperidyl) sebacate				
Silica silicon dioxide	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
containing crystalline and				
amorphous				
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
₩ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
✓alc containing no asbestos or quartz	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver,
	Catagory 2		respiratory organs Narcotic effects
Ethylhonzono	Category 3		
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
tert-Butanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
intanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
Talc containing no asbestos or quartz	Category 1	-	respiratory organs
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), respiratory organs
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory organs
zinc phosphate	Category 1	-	blood system
Ethylbenzene	Category 1	-	hearing organs, nervous system
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Category 1	-	immune system, kidneys, respiratory organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
3-ethyltoluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	

Potential acute health	effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

11. Toxicological information

Ingestion

: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
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Product code 00442760		Date of issue 21 October 2023 Version 4			ersion 4	
Product name SIGMADUR 550H BASE L						
11. Toxicological information						
GMADUR 550H BASE L	N/A	9612.1	N/A	88.7	N/A	
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	8400	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	N/A	
Butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A	
Ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A	
tert-Butanol	2733	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

12. Ecological information

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Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
inanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle)	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc phosphate	Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Fish	30 days
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
5	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous	Acute EC50 2.2 g/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 >10000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 12.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
√ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	-	78 % - 28 c	lays	-		-
Butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Rea	dily - 28 days	-		-
Ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	-		-		Readily	1
Butyl acetate	-		-		Readily	
Xylene Ethylbenzene	- -		- -		Readily Readily	

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12. Ecological information

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	3.7 to 4.5	10 to 2500	High
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
3-ethyltoluene	3.98	-	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
tert-Butanol	0.317	5.01	Low

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III		III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene)	Not applicable.
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14. Transport information

Additional information

UN IMDG IATA	 None identified. The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special precaution	ons for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums		Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
₽ rimethylbenzene	5.3	Class 1	691
Xylene	3.6	Class 1	80
Trizinc bis(phosphate)	2.0	Class 2	793

Industrial Safety and Health Act

Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

%	Status	Reference
		number

None of the components are listed.

Substance(s) requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
√ tanium(IV) oxide	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	191
Petroleum naphtha	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	330
Butyl acetate	≤10	Listed	181
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	404
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2

Chemicals requiring notification

15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
✓Itanium(IV) oxide	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	191
Petroleum naphtha	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	330
Butyl acetate	≤10	Listed	181
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	404
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Butanol	≤10	Listed	477
Crystalline silica	≤10	Listed	165-2

Carcinogen

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	-

<u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid	: Not listed
Occupational Safety and Health Law	: Inflammable, Combustible
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable, Combustible
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Class 2

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
7,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	4.364	Priority assessment	49
Xylene	3.63	Priority assessment	125
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.72733	Priority assessment	201
Ethylbenzene	0.65806	Priority assessment	50
Cumene	0.068907	Priority assessment	126
Toluene	0.019002	Priority assessment	46
Benzene	0.013575	Priority assessment	45
Naphthalene	0.0055197	Priority assessment	76
2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-Octamethyl-	0.0001782	Monitoring	40
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15. Regulatory information				
1,3,5,7,2,4,6,8-tetraoxatetrasi				
Acetaldehyde Formaldehyde		0.0000001881 0.0000001386	Priority assessment Priority assessment	26 25
Ethylene oxide		0.0000001386	Priority assessment	19
1,4-Dioxane		0.0000000792	Priority assessment	80
Chloromethane		0.000000792	Priority assessment	6
High Pressure Gas Control Law	: Not available.			
Explosives Control Law				
None of the components are	listed.			
Law concerning prevention	: Not available.			
of pollution of the ocean				
<u> Maritime Safety Law</u>				
Notification Regulating Tran	sportation of Dangerous	<u>s Materials by Sea</u>		
None of the components are				
Container class				
None of the components are	listed.			
JSOH Carcinogen	: Group 1			
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed			
Japan inventory	: 🕅 components are lis	sted or exempted.		
Road law	: Not available.			
16. Other informa	tion			
History				
Date of issue/Date of	: 21 October 2023			
	· 21 OCIDEI 2023			

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 21 October 2023
Date of previous issue	: 8/7/2023
Version	: 4
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
Indicates information that	at has changed from previously issued version.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Product name SIGMADUR 550H BASE L

16. Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.